

Rules for integrands of the form $(a + b \sin[e + f x])^m (c + d \sin[e + f x])^n$

1: $\int (a + b \sin[e + f x]) (c + d \sin[e + f x]) dx$ when $b c - a d \neq 0$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis: $(a + b z) (c + d z) = \frac{1}{2} (2 a c + b d) + (b c + a d) z - \frac{1}{2} b d (1 - 2 z^2)$

Rule: If $b c - a d \neq 0$, then

$$\int (a + b \sin[e + f x]) (c + d \sin[e + f x]) dx \rightarrow \frac{(2 a c + b d) x}{2} - \frac{(b c + a d) \cos[e + f x]}{f} - \frac{b d \cos[e + f x] \sin[e + f x]}{2 f}$$

Program code:

```
Int[(a_+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])* (c_.+d_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_]),x_Symbol]:=  
  (2*a*c+b*d)*x/2 - (b*c+a*d)*Cos[e+f*x]/f - b*d*Cos[e+f*x]*Sin[e+f*x]/(2*f) /;  
 FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0]
```

2: $\int \frac{a + b \sin[e + fx]}{c + d \sin[e + fx]} dx$ when $b c - a d \neq 0$

Reference: G&R 2.551.2

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis: $\frac{a+bz}{c+dz} = \frac{b}{d} - \frac{bc-ad}{d(c+dz)}$

Rule: If $b c - a d \neq 0$, then

$$\int \frac{a + b \sin[e + fx]}{c + d \sin[e + fx]} dx \rightarrow \frac{bx}{d} - \frac{bc-ad}{d} \int \frac{1}{c + d \sin[e + fx]} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(a_..+b_..*sin[e_..+f_..*x_])/ (c_..+d_..*sin[e_..+f_..*x_]),x_Symbol]:=  
  b*x/d - (b*c-a*d)/d*Int[1/(c+d*Sin[e+f*x]),x] /;  
  FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0]
```

3. $\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx])^n dx$ when $b c + a d = 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0$

1: $\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx])^n dx$ when $b c + a d = 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Algebraic simplification

Basis: If $b c + a d = 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0$, then $(a + b \sin[z]) (c + d \sin[z]) = a c \cos[z]^2$

Rule: If $b c + a d = 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx])^n dx \rightarrow a^m c^m \int \cos[e + fx]^{2m} (c + d \sin[e + fx])^{n-m} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(a+b.*sin[e.+f.*x_])^m.* (c+d.*sin[e._+f._*x_])^n.,x_Symbol]:=  
a^m*c^m*Int[Cos[e+f*x]^(2*m)*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^(n-m),x]/;  
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,n},x] && EqQ[b*c+a*d,0] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && IntegerQ[m] && Not[IntegerQ[n] && (LtQ[m,0] && GtQ[n,0] || LtQ[0,n,m] || LtQ[n,0]]))
```

2. $\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx])^n dx$ when $b c + a d = 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge m \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge n \notin \mathbb{Z}$

1. $\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx])^n dx$ when $b c + a d = 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge m + \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^+$

1. $\int \sqrt{a + b \sin[e + fx]} (c + d \sin[e + fx])^n dx$ when $b c + a d = 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0$

1: $\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \sin[e + fx]}}{\sqrt{c + d \sin[e + fx]}} dx$ when $b c + a d = 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

Basis: If $b c + a d = 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0$, then $\partial_x \frac{\cos[e+fx]}{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]} \sqrt{c+d \sin[e+fx]}} = 0$

Rule: If $b c + a d = 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0$, then

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \sin[e + fx]}}{\sqrt{c + d \sin[e + fx]}} dx \rightarrow \frac{a c \cos[e + fx]}{\sqrt{a + b \sin[e + fx]} \sqrt{c + d \sin[e + fx]}} \int \frac{\cos[e + fx]}{c + d \sin[e + fx]} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[Sqrt[a_+b_.*sin[e_._+f_._*x_]]/Sqrt[c_+d_.*sin[e_._+f_._*x_]],x_Symbol]:=  
  a*c*Cos[e+f*x]/(Sqrt[a+b*Sin[e+f*x]]*Sqrt[c+d*Sin[e+f*x]])*Int[Cos[e+f*x]/(c+d*Sin[e+f*x]),x];  
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && EqQ[b*c+a*d,0] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0]
```

2: $\int \sqrt{a + b \sin[e + fx]} (c + d \sin[e + fx])^n dx$ when $b c + a d = 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge n \neq -\frac{1}{2}$

Derivation: Doubly degenerate sine recurrence 1a with $p \rightarrow 0$

Rule: If $b c + a d = 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge n \neq -\frac{1}{2}$, then

$$\int \sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]} (c+d \sin[e+fx])^n dx \rightarrow -\frac{2 b \cos[e+fx] (c+d \sin[e+fx])^n}{f (2n+1) \sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]}}$$

Program code:

```
Int[Sqrt[a+b.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_.]]*(c+d.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_.])^n_,x_Symbol]:=-
  -2*b*Cos[e+f*x]* (c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^n/(f*(2*n+1)*Sqrt[a+b*Sin[e+f*x]]) /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,n},x] && EqQ[b*c+a*d,0] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && NeQ[n,-1/2]
```

2. $\int (a+b \sin[e+fx])^m (c+d \sin[e+fx])^n dx$ when $b c + a d = 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge m - \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^+$

1: $\int (a+b \sin[e+fx])^m (c+d \sin[e+fx])^n dx$ when $b c + a d = 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge m - \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge n < -1$

Derivation: Doubly degenerate sine recurrence 1a with $p \rightarrow 0$

Rule: If $b c + a d = 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge m - \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge n < -1$, then

$$\int (a+b \sin[e+fx])^m (c+d \sin[e+fx])^n dx \rightarrow -\frac{2 b \cos[e+fx] (a+b \sin[e+fx])^{m-1} (c+d \sin[e+fx])^n}{f (2n+1)} - \frac{b (2m-1)}{d (2n+1)} \int (a+b \sin[e+fx])^{m-1} (c+d \sin[e+fx])^{n+1} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(a+b.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_.])^m*(c+d.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_.])^n_,x_Symbol]:=-
  -2*b*Cos[e+f*x]* (a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^(m-1)*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^n/(f*(2*n+1)) -
  b*(2*m-1)/(d*(2*n+1))*Int[(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^(m-1)*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^(n+1),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && EqQ[b*c+a*d,0] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && IGtQ[m-1/2,0] && LtQ[n,-1] && Not[ILtQ[m+n,0] && GtQ[2*m+n+1,0]]
```

2: $\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx])^n dx$ when $b c + a d = 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge m - \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge n \neq -1$

Derivation: Doubly degenerate sine recurrence 1b with $p \rightarrow 0$

Rule: If $b c + a d = 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge m - \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge n \neq -1$, then

$$\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx])^n dx \rightarrow -\frac{b \cos[e + fx] (a + b \sin[e + fx])^{m-1} (c + d \sin[e + fx])^n}{f(m+n)} + \frac{a(2m-1)}{m+n} \int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^{m-1} (c + d \sin[e + fx])^n dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(a+b.*sin[e.+f.*x.])^m*(c+d.*sin[e.+f.*x.])^n,x_Symbol]:=-
  -b*Cos[e+f*x]*(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^(m-1)*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^n/(f*(m+n)) +
  a*(2*m-1)/(m+n)*Int[(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^(m-1)*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^n,x];
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,n},x] && EqQ[b*c+a*d,0] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && IGtQ[m-1/2,0] && Not[LtQ[n,-1]] &&
  Not[IGtQ[n-1/2,0] && LtQ[n,m]] && Not[ILtQ[m+n,0] && GtQ[2*m+n+1,0]]
```

2. $\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx])^n dx$ when $b c + a d = 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge m + n \in \mathbb{Z}^-$

1. $\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx])^n dx$ when $b c + a d = 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge m + n + 1 = 0$

1: $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \sin[e + fx]} \sqrt{c + d \sin[e + fx]}} dx$ when $b c + a d = 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

Basis: If $b c + a d = 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0$, then $\partial_x \frac{\cos[e+fx]}{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]} \sqrt{c+d \sin[e+fx]}} = 0$

Rule: If $b c + a d = 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0$, then

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]} \sqrt{c+d \sin[e+fx]}} dx \rightarrow \frac{\cos[e+fx]}{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]} \sqrt{c+d \sin[e+fx]}} \int \frac{1}{\cos[e+fx]} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[1/(Sqrt[a+b.*sin[e.+f.*x_]]*Sqrt[c+d.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_]]),x_Symbol]:=  
Cos[e+f*x]/(Sqrt[a+b*Sin[e+f*x]]*Sqrt[c+d*Sin[e+f*x]])*Int[1/Cos[e+f*x],x];  
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && EqQ[b*c+a*d,0] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0]
```

2: $\int (a+b \sin[e+fx])^m (c+d \sin[e+fx])^n dx$ when $b c + a d = 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge m + n + 1 = 0 \wedge m \neq -\frac{1}{2}$

Derivation: Doubly degenerate sine recurrence 1c with $n \rightarrow -m - 1$, $p \rightarrow 0$

Rule: If $b c + a d = 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge m + n + 1 = 0 \wedge m \neq -\frac{1}{2}$, then

$$\int (a+b \sin[e+fx])^m (c+d \sin[e+fx])^n dx \rightarrow \frac{b \cos[e+fx] (a+b \sin[e+fx])^m (c+d \sin[e+fx])^n}{a f (2m+1)}$$

Program code:

```
Int[(a+b.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^m*(c+d.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^n,x_Symbol]:=  
b*Cos[e+f*x]*(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^m*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^n/(a*f*(2*m+1));  
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m,n},x] && EqQ[b*c+a*d,0] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && EqQ[m+n+1,0] && NeQ[m,-1/2]
```

2: $\int (a+b \sin[e+fx])^m (c+d \sin[e+fx])^n dx$ when $b c + a d = 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge m + n + 1 \in \mathbb{Z}^- \wedge m \neq -\frac{1}{2}$

Derivation: Doubly degenerate sine recurrence 1c with $p \rightarrow 0$

Rule: If $b c + a d = 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge m + n + 1 \in \mathbb{Z}^- \wedge m \neq -\frac{1}{2}$, then

$$\int (a+b \sin[e+fx])^m (c+d \sin[e+fx])^n dx \rightarrow$$

$$\frac{b \cos[e+fx] (a+b \sin[e+fx])^m (c+d \sin[e+fx])^n}{a f (2m+1)} + \frac{m+n+1}{a (2m+1)} \int (a+b \sin[e+fx])^{m+1} (c+d \sin[e+fx])^n dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(a+b.*sin[e.+f.*x.])^m*(c+d.*sin[e.+f.*x.])^n_,x_Symbol]:=  
b*Cos[e+f*x]*(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^m*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^n/(a*f*(2*m+1)) +  
(m+n+1)/(a*(2*m+1))*Int[(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^(m+1)*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^n,x]/;  
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m,n},x] && EqQ[b*c+a*d,0] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && ILtQ[Simplify[m+n+1],0] && NeQ[m,-1/2] &&  
(SumSimplerQ[m,1] || Not[SumSimplerQ[n,1]])
```

3: $\int (a+b \sin[e+fx])^m (c+d \sin[e+fx])^n dx$ when $b c + a d = 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge m < -1$

Derivation: Doubly degenerate sine recurrence 1c with $p \rightarrow 0$

Rule: If $b c + a d = 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge m < -1$, then

$$\int (a+b \sin[e+fx])^m (c+d \sin[e+fx])^n dx \rightarrow \\ \frac{b \cos[e+fx] (a+b \sin[e+fx])^m (c+d \sin[e+fx])^n}{a f (2m+1)} + \frac{m+n+1}{a (2m+1)} \int (a+b \sin[e+fx])^{m+1} (c+d \sin[e+fx])^n dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(a+b.*sin[e.+f.*x.])^m*(c+d.*sin[e.+f.*x.])^n_,x_Symbol]:=  
b*Cos[e+f*x]*(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^m*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^n/(a*f*(2*m+1)) +  
(m+n+1)/(a*(2*m+1))*Int[(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^(m+1)*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^n,x]/;  
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,n},x] && EqQ[b*c+a*d,0] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && LtQ[m,n,-1] && Not[LtQ[m,n,-1]] && IntegersQ[2*m,2*n]
```

4: $\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx])^n dx$ when $b c + a d = 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge m \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge n \notin \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

Basis: If $b c + a d = 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0$, then $\partial_x \frac{(a+b \sin[e+fx])^m (c+d \sin[e+fx])^n}{\cos[e+fx]^{2m}} = 0$

Rule: If $b c + a d = 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge m \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge n \notin \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\frac{\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx])^n dx}{\frac{a^{\text{IntPart}[m]} c^{\text{IntPart}[m]} (a + b \sin[e + fx])^{\text{FracPart}[m]} (c + d \sin[e + fx])^{\text{FracPart}[m]}}{\cos[e + fx]^{2 \text{FracPart}[m]}}} \rightarrow \int \cos[e + fx]^{2m} (c + d \sin[e + fx])^{n-m} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(a+b.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^m*(c+d.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol]:=  
a^IntPart[m]*c^IntPart[m]*(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^FracPart[m]*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^FracPart[m]/Cos[e+f*x]^(2*FracPart[m])*  
Int[Cos[e+f*x]^(2*m)*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^(n-m),x]/;  
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m,n},x] && EqQ[b*c+a*d,0] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && (FractionQ[m] || Not[FractionQ[n]])
```

4: $\int \frac{(a+b \sin[e+fx])^2}{c+d \sin[e+fx]} dx \text{ when } bc-ad \neq 0$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis: $\frac{(a+bz)^2}{c+dz} = \frac{b^2 z}{d} + \frac{a^2 d - b(b c - 2 a d) z}{d(c+dz)}$

Rule: If $bc-ad \neq 0$, then

$$\int \frac{(a+b \sin[e+fx])^2}{c+d \sin[e+fx]} dx \rightarrow -\frac{b^2 \cos[e+fx]}{df} + \frac{1}{d} \int \frac{a^2 d - b(b c - 2 a d) \sin[e+fx]}{c+d \sin[e+fx]} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(a_+b_.*sin[e_+f_.*x_])^2/(c_+d_.*sin[e_+f_.*x_]),x_Symbol]:=  
-b^2*Cos[e+f*x]/(d*f)+1/d*Int[Simp[a^2*d-b*(b*c-2*a*d)*Sin[e+f*x],x]/(c+d*Sin[e+f*x]),x];;  
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0]
```

5: $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \sin[e+fx]) (c+d \sin[e+fx])} dx$ when $b c - a d \neq 0$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis: $\frac{1}{(a+bz)(c+dz)} = \frac{b}{(bc-ad)(a+bz)} - \frac{d}{(bc-ad)(c+dz)}$

Rule: If $bc - ad \neq 0$, then

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \sin[e+fx]) (c+d \sin[e+fx])} dx \rightarrow \frac{b}{bc-ad} \int \frac{1}{a+b \sin[e+fx]} dx - \frac{d}{bc-ad} \int \frac{1}{c+d \sin[e+fx]} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[1/((a_+b_.*sin[e_+f_.*x_])*(c_+d_.*sin[e_+f_.*x_])),x_Symbol]:=  
  b/(b*c-a*d)*Int[1/(a+b*Sin[e+f*x]),x]-d/(b*c-a*d)*Int[1/(c+d*Sin[e+f*x]),x];;  
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0]
```

6. $\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx])^n dx$ when $b c - a d \neq 0$

1: $\int (b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx])^n dx$

- Derivation: Algebraic expansion

- Rule: If $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 \neq 0$, then

$$\int (b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx])^n dx \rightarrow c \int (b \sin[e + fx])^m dx + \frac{d}{b} \int (b \sin[e + fx])^{m+1} dx$$

- Program code:

```
Int[(b_.*sin[e_._+f_._*x_])^m_*(c_._+d_._*sin[e_._+f_._*x_]),x_Symbol] :=  
  c*Int[(b*Sin[e+f*x])^m,x] + d/b*Int[(b*Sin[e+f*x])^(m+1),x] /;  
FreeQ[{b,c,d,e,f,m},x]
```

2. $\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx]) dx$ when $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0$

1: $\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx]) dx$ when $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge a d m + b c (m + 1) = 0$

Derivation: Singly degenerate sine recurrence 2a with $A \rightarrow -\frac{ad}{b(m+1)}$, $B \rightarrow d$, $n \rightarrow 0$, $p \rightarrow 0$

Derivation: Singly degenerate sine recurrence 2c with $A \rightarrow -\frac{ad}{b(m+1)}$, $B \rightarrow d$, $n \rightarrow 0$, $p \rightarrow 0$

Note: If $a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge a d m + b c (m + 1) = 0$, then $m + 1 \neq 0$.

Rule: If $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge a d m + b c (m + 1) = 0$, then

$$\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx]) dx \rightarrow -\frac{d \cos[e + fx] (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m}{f (m + 1)}$$

Program code:

```
Int[ (a_+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^m*(c_+d_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
-d*Cos[e+f*x]*(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^m/(f*(m+1)) /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && EqQ[a*d*m+b*c*(m+1),0]
```

2: $\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx])^n dx$ when $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge m < -\frac{1}{2}$

Derivation: Singly degenerate sine recurrence 2a with $A \rightarrow c$, $B \rightarrow d$, $n \rightarrow 0$, $p \rightarrow 0$

Rule: If $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge m < -\frac{1}{2}$, then

$$\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx])^n dx \rightarrow$$

$$\frac{(b c - a d) \cos[e + fx] (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m}{a f (2m + 1)} + \frac{a d m + b c (m + 1)}{a b (2m + 1)} \int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^{m+1} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[ (a_+b_.*sin[e_+f_.*x_])^m*(c_+d_.*sin[e_+f_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
  (b*c-a*d)*Cos[e+f*x]*(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^m/(a*f*(2*m+1)) +
  (a*d*m+b*c*(m+1))/(a*b*(2*m+1))*Int[(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^(m+1),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && LtQ[m,-1/2]
```

3: $\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx]) dx$ when $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge m < -\frac{1}{2}$

Derivation: Singly degenerate sine recurrence 2c with $A \rightarrow c$, $B \rightarrow d$, $n \rightarrow 0$, $p \rightarrow 0$

Rule: If $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge m < -\frac{1}{2}$, then

$$\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx]) dx \rightarrow \\ -\frac{d \cos[e + fx] (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m}{f (m+1)} + \frac{a d m + b c (m+1)}{b (m+1)} \int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(a+b.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^m*(c_.+d_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_]),x_Symbol]:=  
-d*Cos[e+f*x]*(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^m/(f*(m+1))+  
(a*d*m+b*c*(m+1))/(b*(m+1))*Int[(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^m,x]/;  
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && Not[LtQ[m,-1/2]]
```

3. $\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx]) dx$ when $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 \neq 0$

1. $\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx]) dx$ when $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge 2m \in \mathbb{Z}$

1: $\int \frac{c + d \sin[e + fx]}{\sqrt{a + b \sin[e + fx]}} dx$ when $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 \neq 0$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis: $c + d z = \frac{b c - a d}{b} + \frac{d}{b} (a + b z)$

Rule: If $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 \neq 0$, then

$$\int \frac{c + d \sin[e + fx]}{\sqrt{a + b \sin[e + fx]}} dx \rightarrow \frac{bc - ad}{b} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \sin[e + fx]}} dx + \frac{d}{b} \int \sqrt{a + b \sin[e + fx]} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(c_.*d_.*sin[e_.*f_.*x_])/Sqrt[a_.*b_.*sin[e_.*f_.*x_]],x_Symbol] :=
  (b*c-a*d)/b*Int[1/Sqrt[a+b*Sin[e+f*x]],x] + d/b*Int[Sqrt[a+b*Sin[e+f*x]],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0]
```

$$2: \int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx]) dx \text{ when } bc - ad \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge m > 0 \wedge 2m \in \mathbb{Z}$$

Reference: G&R 2.551.1 inverted

Derivation: Nondegenerate sine recurrence 1b with $A \rightarrow a c$, $B \rightarrow b c + a d$, $C \rightarrow b d$, $m \rightarrow 0$, $n \rightarrow n - 1$, $p \rightarrow 0$

Rule: If $bc - ad \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge m > 0 \wedge 2m \in \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx]) dx \rightarrow -\frac{d \cos[e + fx] (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m}{f (m + 1)} + \frac{1}{m + 1} \int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^{m-1} (b dm + ac (m + 1) + ad m + bc (m + 1)) \sin[e + fx] dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(a_.*b_.*sin[e_.*f_.*x_])^m*(c_.*d_.*sin[e_.*f_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
  -d*Cos[e+f*x]*(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^m/(f*(m+1)) +
  1/(m+1)*Int[(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^(m-1)*Simp[b*d*m+a*c*(m+1)+(a*d*m+b*c*(m+1))*Sin[e+f*x],x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] && GtQ[m,0] && IntegerQ[2*m]
```

3: $\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx]) dx$ when $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge m < -1 \wedge 2m \in \mathbb{Z}$

Reference: G&R 2.551.1

Derivation: Nondegenerate sine recurrence 1a with $A \rightarrow c$, $B \rightarrow d$, $C \rightarrow 0$, $n \rightarrow 0$, $p \rightarrow 0$

Rule: If $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge m < -1 \wedge 2m \in \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx]) dx \rightarrow -\frac{(b c - a d) \cos[e + fx] (a + b \sin[e + fx])^{m+1}}{f (m+1) (a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{1}{(m+1) (a^2 - b^2)} \int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^{m+1} ((a c - b d) (m+1) - (b c - a d) (m+2) \sin[e + fx]) dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[ (a+b.*sin[e.+f.*x.])^m*(c.+d.*sin[e.+f.*x.]),x_Symbol] :=
  -(b*c-a*d)*Cos[e+f*x]*(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^(m+1)/(f*(m+1)*(a^2-b^2)) +
  1/((m+1)*(a^2-b^2))*Int[ (a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^(m+1)*Simp[ (a*c-b*d)*(m+1)-(b*c-a*d)*(m+2)*Sin[e+f*x],x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] && LtQ[m,-1] && IntegerQ[2*m]
```

2. $\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx]) dx$ when $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge 2m \notin \mathbb{Z}$

1: $\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx]) dx$ when $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge 2m \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge c^2 - d^2 = 0$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction and integration by substitution

Basis: $\partial_x \frac{\cos[e+fx]}{\sqrt{1+\sin[e+fx]}\sqrt{1-\sin[e+fx]}} = 0$

Basis: $\cos[e + fx] = \frac{1}{f} \partial_x \sin[e + fx]$

Rule: If $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge 2m \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge c^2 - d^2 = 0$, then

$$\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx]) dx \rightarrow$$

$$\frac{c \cos[e + fx]}{\sqrt{1 + \sin[e + fx]} \sqrt{1 - \sin[e + fx]}} \int \frac{\cos[e + fx] (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m \sqrt{1 + \frac{d}{c} \sin[e + fx]}}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{d}{c} \sin[e + fx]}} dx \rightarrow$$

$$\frac{c \cos[e + fx]}{f \sqrt{1 + \sin[e + fx]} \sqrt{1 - \sin[e + fx]}} \text{Subst} \left[\int \frac{(a + b x)^m \sqrt{1 + \frac{d}{c} x}}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{d}{c} x}} dx, x, \sin[e + fx] \right]$$

— Program code:

```

Int[(a_+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^m*(c_+d_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_]),x_Symbol]:=  

  c*Cos[e+f*x]/(f*Sqrt[1+Sin[e+f*x]]*Sqrt[1-Sin[e+f*x]])*Subst[Int[(a+b*x)^m*Sqrt[1+d/c*x]/Sqrt[1-d/c*x],x,x,Sin[e+f*x]]];  

FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] && Not[IntegerQ[2*m]] && EqQ[c^2-d^2,0]

```

2: $\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx])^n dx$ when $bc - ad \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge 2m \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis: $c + d z = \frac{bc-ad}{b} + \frac{d}{b} (a + bz)$

Rule: If $bc - ad \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 \neq 0$, then

$$\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx])^n dx \rightarrow \frac{bc - ad}{b} \int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m dx + \frac{d}{b} \int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^{m+1} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(a+b.*sin[e.+f.*x_])^m*(c.+d.*sin[e.+f.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
  (b*c-a*d)/b*Int[(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^m,x] + d/b*Int[(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^(m+1),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0]
```

7. $\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx])^n dx$ when $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0$

1: $\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (d \sin[e + fx])^n dx$ when $a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z}^+$

- Derivation: Algebraic expansion

- Rule: If $a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then

$$\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (d \sin[e + fx])^n dx \rightarrow \int \text{ExpandTrig}[(a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (d \sin[e + fx])^n, x] dx$$

- Program code:

```
Int[(a_+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_.* (d_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol]:=  
  Int[ExpandTrig[(a+b*sin[e+f*x])^m*(d*sin[e+f*x])^n,x],x]/;  
  FreeQ[{a,b,d,e,f,n},x] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && IGtQ[m,0] && RationalQ[n]
```

2. $\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx])^n dx$ when $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0$

1. $\int \sin[e + fx]^2 (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m dx$ when $a^2 - b^2 = 0$

1: $\int \sin[e + fx]^2 (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m dx$ when $a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge m < -\frac{1}{2}$

Derivation: ???

Rule: If $a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge m < -\frac{1}{2}$, then

$$\frac{\int \sin[e + fx]^2 (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m dx}{\frac{b \cos[e + fx] (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m}{a f (2m + 1)} - \frac{1}{a^2 (2m + 1)} \int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^{m+1} (a m - b (2m + 1) \sin[e + fx]) dx} \rightarrow$$

Program code:

```
Int[sin[e_+f_*x_]^2*(a_+b_.*sin[e_+f_*x_])^m_,x_Symbol]:=  
b*Cos[e+f*x]*(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^m/(a*f*(2*m+1))-  
1/(a^2*(2*m+1))*Int[(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^(m+1)*(a*m-b*(2*m+1)*Sin[e+f*x]),x]/;  
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f},x] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && LtQ[m,-1/2]
```

2: $\int \sin[e+fx]^2 (a+b \sin[e+fx])^m dx$ when $a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge m < -\frac{1}{2}$

Derivation: Nondegenerate sine recurrence 1b with $A \rightarrow a^2$, $B \rightarrow 2ab$, $C \rightarrow b^2$, $m \rightarrow 0$, $p \rightarrow 0$

Rule: If $a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge m < -\frac{1}{2}$, then

$$\int \sin[e+fx]^2 (a+b \sin[e+fx])^m dx \rightarrow -\frac{\cos[e+fx] (a+b \sin[e+fx])^{m+1}}{b f (m+2)} + \frac{1}{b (m+2)} \int (a+b \sin[e+fx])^m (b(m+1) - a \sin[e+fx]) dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[sin[e_.+f_.*x_]^2*(a_+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_,x_Symbol]:=  
-Cos[e+f*x]*(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^(m+1)/(b*f*(m+2)) +  
1/(b*(m+2))*Int[(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^m*(b*(m+1)-a*Sin[e+f*x]),x]/;  
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f,m},x] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && Not[LtQ[m,-1/2]]
```

2. $\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx])^2 dx$ when $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0$

1: $\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx])^2 dx$ when $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge m < -1$

Derivation: Singly degenerate sine recurrence 2a with $A \rightarrow c$, $B \rightarrow d$, $n \rightarrow 1$, $p \rightarrow 0$

Rule: If $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge m < -1$, then

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx])^2 dx \rightarrow \\ & \frac{(b c - a d) \cos[e + fx] (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx])}{a f (2 m + 1)} + \\ & \frac{1}{a b (2 m + 1)} \int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^{m+1} (a c d (m - 1) + b (d^2 + c^2 (m + 1)) + d (a d (m - 1) + b c (m + 2)) \sin[e + fx]) dx \end{aligned}$$

Program code:

```
Int[ (a+b.*sin[e.+f.*x_])^m*(c+d.*sin[e._+f._*x_])^2,x_Symbol] :=
(b*c-a*d)*Cos[e+f*x]*(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^m*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])/((a*f*(2*m+1)) +
1/(a*b*(2*m+1))*Int[(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^(m+1)*Simp[a*c*d*(m-1)+b*(d^2+c^2*(m+1))+d*(a*d*(m-1)+b*c*(m+2))*Sin[e+f*x],x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && LtQ[m,-1]
```

2: $\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx])^2 dx$ when $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge m < -1$

Derivation: Nondegenerate sine recurrence 1b with $A \rightarrow a^2$, $B \rightarrow 2 a b$, $C \rightarrow b^2$, $m \rightarrow 0$, $p \rightarrow 0$

Rule: If $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge m < -1$, then

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx])^2 dx \rightarrow \\ & -\frac{d^2 \cos[e + fx] (a + b \sin[e + fx])^{m+1}}{b f (m + 2)} + \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{b(m+2)} \int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (b (d^2 (m+1) + c^2 (m+2)) - d (a d - 2 b c (m+2)) \sin[e + fx]) dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(a+b.*sin[e.+f.*x_])^m*(c+d.*sin[e.+f.*x_])^2,x_Symbol] :=
-d^2*Cos[e+fx]* (a+b*Sin[e+fx])^(m+1)/(b*f*(m+2)) +
1/(b*(m+2))*Int[(a+b*Sin[e+fx])^m*Simp[b*(d^2*(m+1)+c^2*(m+2))-d*(a*d-2*b*c*(m+2))*Sin[e+fx],x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && Not[LtQ[m,-1]]
```

3. $\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx])^n dx$ when $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \wedge m > 1$

1: $\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx])^n dx$ when $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \wedge m > 1 \wedge n < -1$

Derivation: Singly degenerate sine recurrence 1a with $A \rightarrow a$, $B \rightarrow b$, $m \rightarrow m - 1$, $p \rightarrow 0$

Rule: If $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \wedge m > 1 \wedge n < -1$, then

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx])^n dx \rightarrow \\ & -\frac{b^2 (b c - a d) \cos[e + fx] (a + b \sin[e + fx])^{m-2} (c + d \sin[e + fx])^{n+1}}{d f (n+1) (b c + a d)} + \\ & \frac{b^2}{d (n+1) (b c + a d)} \int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^{m-2} (c + d \sin[e + fx])^{n+1} (a c (m-2) - b d (m-2 n-4) - (b c (m-1) - a d (m+2 n+1)) \sin[e + fx]) dx \end{aligned}$$

Program code:

```
Int[(a+b.*sin[e.+f.*x_])^m*(c+d.*sin[e.+f.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
-b^2*(b*c-a*d)*Cos[e+fx]* (a+b*Sin[e+fx])^(m-2)*(c+d*Sin[e+fx])^(n+1)/(d*f*(n+1)*(b*c+a*d)) +
b^2/(d*(n+1)*(b*c+a*d))*Int[(a+b*Sin[e+fx])^(m-2)*(c+d*Sin[e+fx])^(n+1)*
Simp[a*c*(m-2)-b*d*(m-2*n-4)-(b*c*(m-1)-a*d*(m+2*n+1))*Sin[e+fx],x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && NeQ[c^2-d^2,0] && GtQ[m,1] && LtQ[n,-1] &&
(IntegerQ[2*m,2*n] || IntegerQ[m+1/2] || IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c,0])
```

2: $\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx])^n dx$ when $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \wedge m > 1 \wedge n \neq -1$

Derivation: Singly degenerate sine recurrence 1b with $A \rightarrow a$, $B \rightarrow b$, $m \rightarrow m - 1$, $p \rightarrow 0$

Rule: If $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \wedge m > 1 \wedge n \neq -1$, then

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx])^n dx \rightarrow \\ & - \frac{b^2 \cos[e + fx] (a + b \sin[e + fx])^{m-2} (c + d \sin[e + fx])^{n+1}}{d f (m+n)} + \\ & \frac{1}{d (m+n)} \int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^{m-2} (c + d \sin[e + fx])^n . \\ & (a b c (m-2) + b^2 d (n+1) + a^2 d (m+n) - b (b c (m-1) - a d (3m+2n-2)) \sin[e + fx]) dx \end{aligned}$$

Program code:

```
Int[(a+b.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^m*(c_.+d.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol]:=  
-b^2*Cos[e+f*x]*(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^(m-2)*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^(n+1)/(d*f*(m+n))+  
1/(d*(m+n))*Int[(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^(m-2)*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^n*  
Simp[a*b*c*(m-2)+b^2*d*(n+1)+a^2*d*(m+n)-b*(b*c*(m-1)-a*d*(3*m+2*n-2))*Sin[e+f*x],x]/;  
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,n},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && NeQ[c^2-d^2,0] && GtQ[m,1] && Not[LtQ[n,-1]] &&  
(IntegersQ[2*m,2*n] || IntegerQ[m+1/2] || IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c,0])
```

4. $\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx])^n dx$ when $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \wedge m < -1$

1. $\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx])^n dx$ when $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \wedge m < -1 \wedge n > 0$

1: $\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx])^n dx$ when $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \wedge m < -1 \wedge 0 < n < 1$

Derivation: Singly degenerate sine recurrence 2a with $A \rightarrow 1$, $B \rightarrow 0$, $p \rightarrow 0$

Rule: If $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \wedge m < -1 \wedge 0 < n < 1$, then

$$\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx])^n dx \rightarrow$$

$$\frac{b \cos[e + fx] (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx])^n}{a f (2m + 1)} -$$

$$\frac{1}{a b (2m + 1)} \int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^{m+1} (c + d \sin[e + fx])^{n-1} (a d n - b c (m + 1) - b d (m + n + 1) \sin[e + fx]) dx$$

— Program code:

```

Int[(a+b.*sin[e.+f.*x.])^m*(c.+d.*sin[e.+f.*x.])^n,x_Symbol]:=

b*Cos[e+f*x]*(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^m*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^n/(a*f*(2*m+1))-

1/(a*b*(2*m+1))*Int[(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^(m+1)*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^(n-1)*Simp[a*d*n-b*c*(m+1)-b*d*(m+n+1)*Sin[e+f*x],x],x]/;

FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && NeQ[c^2-d^2,0] && LtQ[m,-1] && LtQ[0,n,1] &&

(IntegerQ[2*m,2*n] || IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c,0])

```

2: $\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx])^n dx$ when $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \wedge m < -1 \wedge n > 1$

Derivation: Singly degenerate sine recurrence 2a with $A \rightarrow c$, $B \rightarrow d$, $n \rightarrow n - 1$, $p \rightarrow 0$

Rule: If $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \wedge m < -1 \wedge n > 1$, then

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx])^n dx \rightarrow \\ & \frac{(b c - a d) \cos[e + fx] (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx])^{n-1}}{a f (2m + 1)} + \\ & \frac{1}{a b (2m + 1)} \int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^{m+1} (c + d \sin[e + fx])^{n-2} (b (c^2 (m + 1) + d^2 (n - 1)) + a c d (m - n + 1) + d (a d (m - n + 1) + b c (m + n)) \sin[e + fx]) dx \end{aligned}$$

Program code:

```
Int[ (a_+b_.*sin[e_+f_.*x_])^m*(c_+d_.*sin[e_+f_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol]:=  
  (b*c-a*d)*Cos[e+f*x]*(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^m*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^(n-1)/(a*f*(2*m+1))+  
  1/(a*b*(2*m+1))*Int[(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^(m+1)*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^(n-2)*  
    Simp[b*(c^2*(m+1)+d^2*(n-1))+a*c*d*(m-n+1)+d*(a*d*(m-n+1)+b*c*(m+n))*Sin[e+f*x],x],x];;  
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && NeQ[c^2-d^2,0] && LtQ[m,-1] && GtQ[n,1] &&  
  (IntegersQ[2*m,2*n] || IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c,0])
```

2: $\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx])^n dx$ when $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \wedge m < -1 \wedge n \geq 0$

Derivation: Singly degenerate sine recurrence 2b with $A \rightarrow 1$, $B \rightarrow 0$, $p \rightarrow 0$

Rule: If $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \wedge m < -1 \wedge n \geq 0$, then

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx])^n dx \rightarrow \\ & \frac{b^2 \cos[e + fx] (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx])^{n+1}}{a f (2m + 1) (b c - a d)} + \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{a(2m+1)(bc-ad)} \int (a+b \sin[e+fx])^{m+1} (c+d \sin[e+fx])^n (bc(m+1) - ad(2m+n+2) + bd(m+n+2) \sin[e+fx]) dx$$

Program code:

```

Int[(a_+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^m*(c_.+d_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol]:=

b^2*Cos[e+f*x]*(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^m*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^(n+1)/(a*f*(2*m+1)*(b*c-a*d)) +
1/(a*(2*m+1)*(b*c-a*d))*Int[(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^(m+1)*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^n*
Simp[b*c*(m+1)-a*d*(2*m+n+2)+b*d*(m+n+2)*Sin[e+f*x],x],x]/;

FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,n},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && NeQ[c^2-d^2,0] && LtQ[m,-1] && Not[GtQ[n,0]] &&
(IntegerQ[2*m,2*n] || IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c,0])

```

5. $\int \frac{(c+d \sin[e+fx])^n}{a+b \sin[e+fx]} dx$ when $bc-ad \neq 0 \wedge a^2-b^2=0 \wedge c^2-d^2 \neq 0$

1: $\int \frac{(c+d \sin[e+fx])^n}{a+b \sin[e+fx]} dx$ when $bc-ad \neq 0 \wedge a^2-b^2=0 \wedge c^2-d^2 \neq 0 \wedge n > 1$

Derivation: Singly degenerate sine recurrence 2a with $A \rightarrow c$, $B \rightarrow d$, $m \rightarrow -1$, $n \rightarrow n-1$, $p \rightarrow 0$

Rule: If $bc-ad \neq 0 \wedge a^2-b^2=0 \wedge c^2-d^2 \neq 0 \wedge n > 1$, then

$$\int \frac{(c+d \sin[e+fx])^n}{a+b \sin[e+fx]} dx \rightarrow$$

$$-\frac{(bc-ad) \cos[e+fx] (c+d \sin[e+fx])^{n-1}}{a f (a+b \sin[e+fx])} - \frac{d}{a b} \int (c+d \sin[e+fx])^{n-2} (bd(n-1) - acn + (bc(n-1) - adn) \sin[e+fx]) dx$$

Program code:

```

Int[(c_+d_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_/(a_+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_]),x_Symbol]:=

-(b*c-a*d)*Cos[e+f*x]*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^(n-1)/(a*f*(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])) -
d/(a*b)*Int[(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^(n-2)*Simp[b*d*(n-1)-a*c*n+(b*c*(n-1)-a*d*n)*Sin[e+f*x],x],x]/;

FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && NeQ[c^2-d^2,0] && GtQ[n,1] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c,0])

```

$$2: \int \frac{(c + d \sin[e + fx])^n}{a + b \sin[e + fx]} dx \text{ when } bc - ad \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \wedge n < 0$$

Derivation: Singly degenerate sine recurrence 2b with $A \rightarrow 1$, $B \rightarrow 0$, $m \rightarrow -1$, $p \rightarrow 0$

Rule: If $bc - ad \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \wedge n < 0$, then

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(c + d \sin[e + fx])^n}{a + b \sin[e + fx]} dx \rightarrow \\ & -\frac{b^2 \cos[e + fx] (c + d \sin[e + fx])^{n+1}}{a f (b c - a d) (a + b \sin[e + fx])} + \frac{d}{a (b c - a d)} \int (c + d \sin[e + fx])^n (a n - b (n + 1) \sin[e + fx]) dx \end{aligned}$$

Program code:

```
Int[(c_..+d_..*sin[e_..+f_..*x_])^n/(a_+b_..*sin[e_..+f_..*x_]),x_Symbol]:=  
-b^2*Cos[e+f*x]*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^(n+1)/(a*f*(b*c-a*d)*(a+b*Sin[e+f*x]))+  
d/(a*(b*c-a*d))*Int[(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^n*(a*n-b*(n+1)*Sin[e+f*x]),x]/;  
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && NeQ[c^2-d^2,0] && LtQ[n,0] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c,0])
```

$$3: \int \frac{(c + d \sin[e + fx])^n}{a + b \sin[e + fx]} dx \text{ when } bc - ad \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0$$

Derivation: Singly degenerate sine recurrence 2a with $A \rightarrow 1$, $B \rightarrow 0$, $m \rightarrow -1$, $p \rightarrow 0$

Rule: If $bc - ad \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0$, then

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(c + d \sin[e + fx])^n}{a + b \sin[e + fx]} dx \rightarrow \\ & -\frac{b \cos[e + fx] (c + d \sin[e + fx])^n}{a f (a + b \sin[e + fx])} + \frac{d n}{a b} \int (c + d \sin[e + fx])^{n-1} (a - b \sin[e + fx]) dx \end{aligned}$$

Program code:

```
Int[(c_..+d_..*sin[e_..+f_..*x_])^n/(a_+b_..*sin[e_..+f_..*x_]),x_Symbol]:=  
-b*Cos[e+f*x]*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^n/(a*f*(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])) +  
d*n/(a*b)*Int[(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^(n-1)*(a-b*Sin[e+f*x]),x]/;  
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,n},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && NeQ[c^2-d^2,0] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c,0])
```

$$6. \int \sqrt{a + b \sin[e + fx]} (c + d \sin[e + fx])^n dx \text{ when } bc - ad \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0$$

$$1. \int \sqrt{a + b \sin[e + fx]} (c + d \sin[e + fx])^n dx \text{ when } bc - ad \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \wedge 2n \in \mathbb{Z}$$

$$1: \int \sqrt{a + b \sin[e + fx]} (c + d \sin[e + fx])^n dx \text{ when } bc - ad \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \wedge n > 0$$

Derivation: Singly degenerate sine recurrence 1b with $A \rightarrow c$, $B \rightarrow d$, $m \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}$, $n \rightarrow n - 1$, $p \rightarrow 0$ and algebraic simplification

Rule: If $bc - ad \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \wedge n > 0$, then

$$\int \sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]} (c+d \sin[e+fx])^n dx \rightarrow$$

$$-\frac{2 b \cos[e+fx] (c+d \sin[e+fx])^n}{f (2 n+1) \sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]}} + \frac{2 n (b c+a d)}{b (2 n+1)} \int \sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]} (c+d \sin[e+fx])^{n-1} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[Sqrt[a+b.*sin[e.+f.*x_.]]*(c._+d._.*sin[e._+f._.*x_.])^n_,x_Symbol]:=  
-2*b*Cos[e+f*x]* (c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^n/(f*(2*n+1)*Sqrt[a+b*Sin[e+f*x]]) +  
2*n*(b*c+a*d)/(b*(2*n+1))*Int[Sqrt[a+b*Sin[e+f*x]]*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^(n-1),x];  
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && NeQ[c^2-d^2,0] && GtQ[n,0] && IntegerQ[2*n]
```

2. $\int \sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]} (c+d \sin[e+fx])^n dx$ when $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \wedge n < -1$

1: $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]}}{(c+d \sin[e+fx])^{3/2}} dx$ when $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0$

Derivation: Singly degenerate sine recurrence 1a with $A \rightarrow 1$, $B \rightarrow 0$, $m \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}$, $n \rightarrow -\frac{3}{2}$ $p \rightarrow 0$

Derivation: Singly degenerate sine recurrence 1c with $A \rightarrow a$, $B \rightarrow b$, $m \rightarrow -\frac{1}{2}$, $n \rightarrow -\frac{3}{2}$, $p \rightarrow 0$

Rule: If $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0$, then

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]}}{(c+d \sin[e+fx])^{3/2}} dx \rightarrow -\frac{2 b^2 \cos[e+fx]}{f (b c+a d) \sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]} \sqrt{c+d \sin[e+fx]}}$$

Program code:

```
Int[Sqrt[a+b.*sin[e.+f.*x_.]]/(c._+d._.*sin[e._+f._.*x_.])^(3/2),x_Symbol]:=  
-2*b^2*Cos[e+f*x]/(f*(b*c+a*d)*Sqrt[a+b*Sin[e+f*x]]*Sqrt[c+d*Sin[e+f*x]]) /;  
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && NeQ[c^2-d^2,0]
```

2: $\int \sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]} (c+d \sin[e+fx])^n dx$ when $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \wedge n < -1$

Derivation: Singly degenerate sine recurrence 1c with $A \rightarrow a$, $B \rightarrow b$, $m \rightarrow -\frac{1}{2}$, $p \rightarrow 0$ and algebraic simplification

Rule: If $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \wedge n < -1$, then

$$\int \sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]} (c+d \sin[e+fx])^n dx \rightarrow$$

$$\frac{(b c - a d) \cos[e+fx] (c+d \sin[e+fx])^{n+1}}{f (n+1) (c^2 - d^2) \sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]}} + \frac{(2n+3) (b c - a d)}{2 b (n+1) (c^2 - d^2)} \int \sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]} (c+d \sin[e+fx])^{n+1} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[Sqrt[a+b.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_]]*(c_+d_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol]:=  
  (b*c-a*d)*Cos[e+f*x]*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^(n+1)/(f*(n+1)*(c^2-d^2)*Sqrt[a+b*Sin[e+f*x]]) +  
  (2*n+3)*(b*c-a*d)/(2*b*(n+1)*(c^2-d^2))*Int[Sqrt[a+b*Sin[e+f*x]]*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^(n+1),x] /;  
 FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && NeQ[c^2-d^2,0] && LtQ[n,-1] && NeQ[2*n+3,0] && IntegerQ[2*n]
```

3: $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]}}{c+d \sin[e+fx]} dx$ when $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0$

Author: Martin Welz on 24 June 2011; generalized by Albert Rich 14 April 2014

Derivation: Integration by substitution

Basis: If $a^2 - b^2 = 0$, then $\frac{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]}}{c+d \sin[e+fx]} = -\frac{2b}{f} \text{Subst}\left[\frac{1}{b c + a d - d x^2}, x, \frac{b \cos[e+fx]}{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]}}\right] \partial_x \frac{b \cos[e+fx]}{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]}}$

Rule: If $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0$, then

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]}}{c+d \sin[e+fx]} dx \rightarrow -\frac{2b}{f} \text{Subst}\left[\int \frac{1}{bc+ad-dx^2} dx, x, \frac{b \cos[e+fx]}{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]}}\right]$$

Program code:

```
Int[Sqrt[a+b.*sin[e.+f.*x_]]/(c.+d.*sin[e.+f.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
-2b/f*Subst[Int[1/(b*c+a*d-d*x^2),x],x,b*Cos[e+f*x]/Sqrt[a+b*Sin[e+f*x]]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && NeQ[c^2-d^2,0]
```

4. $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]}}{\sqrt{c+d \sin[e+fx]}} dx$ when $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0$

1: $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]}}{\sqrt{d \sin[e+fx]}} dx$ when $a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge d = \frac{a}{b}$

Author: Martin Welz on 24 June 2011

Derivation: Integration by substitution

Basis: If $a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge d = \frac{a}{b}$, then $\frac{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]}}{\sqrt{d \sin[e+fx]}} = -\frac{2}{f} \text{Subst}\left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{x^2}{a}}}, x, \frac{b \cos[e+fx]}{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]}}\right] \partial_x \frac{b \cos[e+fx]}{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]}}$

Rule: If $a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge d = \frac{a}{b}$, then

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]}}{\sqrt{d \sin[e+fx]}} dx \rightarrow -\frac{2}{f} \text{Subst}\left[\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{x^2}{a}}} dx, x, \frac{b \cos[e+fx]}{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]}}\right]$$

Program code:

```
Int[Sqrt[a+b.*sin[e.+f.*x_]]/Sqrt[d.*sin[e.+f.*x_]],x_Symbol] :=
-2/f*Subst[Int[1/Sqrt[1-x^2/a],x],x,b*Cos[e+f*x]/Sqrt[a+b*Sin[e+f*x]]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,d,e,f},x] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && EqQ[d,a/b]
```

2: $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+f x]}}{\sqrt{c+d \sin[e+f x]}} dx$ when $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0$

Author: Martin Welz on 10 March 2011

- Derivation: Integration by substitution

Basis: If $a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0$, then $\frac{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+f x]}}{\sqrt{c+d \sin[e+f x]}} = -\frac{2b}{f} \text{Subst}\left[\frac{1}{b+d x^2}, x, \frac{b \cos[e+f x]}{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+f x]} \sqrt{c+d \sin[e+f x]}}\right] \partial_x \frac{b \cos[e+f x]}{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+f x]} \sqrt{c+d \sin[e+f x]}}$

Note: The above identity is not valid if $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 = 0$, since the derivative vanishes!

- Rule: If $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0$, then

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+f x]}}{\sqrt{c+d \sin[e+f x]}} dx \rightarrow -\frac{2b}{f} \text{Subst}\left[\int \frac{1}{b+d x^2} dx, x, \frac{b \cos[e+f x]}{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+f x]} \sqrt{c+d \sin[e+f x]}}\right]$$

Program code:

```
Int[Sqrt[a+b.*sin[e.+f.*x_]]/Sqrt[c_.+d._*sin[e_.+f._*x_]],x_Symbol] :=
-2*b/f*Subst[Int[1/(b+d*x^2),x],x,b*Cos[e+f*x]/(Sqrt[a+b*Sin[e+f*x]]*Sqrt[c+d*Sin[e+f*x]])] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && NeQ[c^2-d^2,0]
```

2: $\int \sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]} (c+d \sin[e+fx])^n dx$ when $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \wedge 2 n \notin \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction and integration by substitution

Basis: If $a^2 - b^2 = 0$, then $\partial_x \frac{\cos[e+fx]}{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]}} = 0$

Basis: $\cos[e+fx] = \frac{1}{f} \partial_x \sin[e+fx]$

Rule: If $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \wedge 2 n \notin \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]} (c+d \sin[e+fx])^n dx \rightarrow \\ & \frac{a^2 \cos[e+fx]}{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]} \sqrt{a-b \sin[e+fx]}} \int \frac{\cos[e+fx] (c+d \sin[e+fx])^n}{\sqrt{a-b \sin[e+fx]}} dx \rightarrow \\ & \frac{a^2 \cos[e+fx]}{f \sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]} \sqrt{a-b \sin[e+fx]}} \text{Subst} \left[\int \frac{(c+d x)^n}{\sqrt{a-b x}} dx, x, \sin[e+fx] \right] \end{aligned}$$

Program code:

```
Int[Sqrt[a+b.*sin[e.+f.*x_.]]*(c.+d.*sin[e.+f.*x_.])^n_,x_Symbol]:=  
  a^2*Cos[e+f*x]/(f*Sqrt[a+b*Sin[e+f*x]]*Sqrt[a-b*Sin[e+f*x]])*Subst[Int[(c+d*x)^n/Sqrt[a-b*x],x],x,Sin[e+f*x]] /;  
 FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,n},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && NeQ[c^2-d^2,0] && Not[IntegerQ[2*n]]
```

7. $\int \frac{(c+d \sin[e+fx])^n}{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]}} dx$ when $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0$

1. $\int \frac{(c+d \sin[e+fx])^n}{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]}} dx$ when $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \wedge n > 0$

1: $\int \frac{\sqrt{c+d \sin[e+fx]}}{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]}} dx$ when $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis: $\frac{\sqrt{c+d z}}{\sqrt{a+b z}} = \frac{b c - a d}{b \sqrt{a+b z} \sqrt{c+d z}} + \frac{d \sqrt{a+b z}}{b \sqrt{c+d z}}$

Rule: If $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0$, then

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c+d \sin[e+fx]}}{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]}} dx \rightarrow \frac{d}{b} \int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]}}{\sqrt{c+d \sin[e+fx]}} dx + \frac{b c - a d}{b} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]} \sqrt{c+d \sin[e+fx]}} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[Sqrt[c.+d.*sin[e._+f._*x_]]/Sqrt[a.+b._*sin[e._+f._*x_]],x_Symbol] :=  
  d/b*Int[Sqrt[a+b*Sin[e+f*x]]/Sqrt[c+d*Sin[e+f*x]],x] +  
  (b*c-a*d)/b*Int[1/(Sqrt[a+b*Sin[e+f*x]]*Sqrt[c+d*Sin[e+f*x]]),x] /;  
 FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && NeQ[c^2-d^2,0]
```

2: $\int \frac{(c+d \sin[e+fx])^n}{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]}} dx$ when $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \wedge n > 1$

Derivation: Singly degenerate sine recurrence 2c with $A \rightarrow c$, $B \rightarrow d$, $m \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}$, $n \rightarrow n - 1$, $p \rightarrow 0$

Rule: If $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \wedge n > 1$, then

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(c+d \sin[e+fx])^n}{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]}} dx &\rightarrow \\ -\frac{2 d \cos[e+fx] (c+d \sin[e+fx])^{n-1}}{f (2n-1) \sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]}} - \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{b(2n-1)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]}} (c+d \sin[e+fx])^{n-2} (acd - b(2d^2(n-1) + c^2(2n-1)) + d(ad-bc(4n-3)) \sin[e+fx]) dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(c_.+d_.*sin[e_._+f_._*x_])^n/_Sqrt[a_._+b_._*sin[e_._+f_._*x_]],x_Symbol]:=-
-2*d*Cos[e+f*x]*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^(n-1)/(f*(2*n-1)*Sqrt[a+b*Sin[e+f*x]])-
1/(b*(2*n-1))*Int[(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^(n-2)/Sqrt[a+b*Sin[e+f*x]]*-
Simp[a*c*d-b*(2*d^2*(n-1)+c^2*(2*n-1))+d*(a*d-b*c*(4*n-3))*Sin[e+f*x],x],x];
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && NeQ[c^2-d^2,0] && GtQ[n,1] && IntegerQ[2*n]
```

2: $\int \frac{(c+d \sin[e+fx])^n}{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]}} dx$ when $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \wedge n < -1$

Derivation: Singly degenerate sine recurrence 1c with $A \rightarrow 1$, $B \rightarrow 0$, $p \rightarrow 0$

Rule: If $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \wedge n < -1$, then

$$\int \frac{(c+d \sin[e+fx])^n}{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]}} dx \rightarrow$$

$$-\frac{d \cos[e+fx] (c+d \sin[e+fx])^{n+1}}{f (n+1) (c^2-d^2) \sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]}} - \frac{1}{2 b (n+1) (c^2-d^2)} \int \frac{(c+d \sin[e+fx])^{n+1} (ad-2bc(n+1)+bd(2n+3)\sin[e+fx])}{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]}} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(c_.+d_.*sin[e_._+f_._*x_])^n/_Sqrt[a_._+b_._*sin[e_._+f_._*x_]],x_Symbol]:=-
-d*Cos[e+f*x]*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^(n+1)/(f*(n+1)*(c^2-d^2)*Sqrt[a+b*Sin[e+f*x]])-
1/(2*b*(n+1)*(c^2-d^2))*Int[(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^(n+1)*Simp[a*d-2*b*c*(n+1)+b*d*(2*n+3)*Sin[e+f*x],x]/Sqrt[a+b*Sin[e+f*x]],x];
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && NeQ[c^2-d^2,0] && LtQ[n,-1] && IntegerQ[2*n]
```

3: $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]} (c+d \sin[e+fx])} dx$ when $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis: $\frac{1}{\sqrt{a+bz} (c+dz)} = \frac{b}{(bc-ad) \sqrt{a+bz}} - \frac{d \sqrt{a+bz}}{(bc-ad) (c+dz)}$

Rule: If $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0$, then

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]} (c+d \sin[e+fx])} dx \rightarrow \frac{b}{b c - a d} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]}} dx - \frac{d}{b c - a d} \int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]}}{c+d \sin[e+fx]} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[1/(Sqrt[a_+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_]]*(c_.+d_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])),x_Symbol]:=  
b/(b*c-a*d)*Int[1/Sqrt[a+b*Sin[e+f*x]],x]-d/(b*c-a*d)*Int[Sqrt[a+b*Sin[e+f*x]]/(c+d*Sin[e+f*x]),x];;  
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && NeQ[c^2-d^2,0]
```

4. $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]} \sqrt{c+d \sin[e+fx]}} dx$ when $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0$

1: $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]} \sqrt{d \sin[e+fx]}} dx$ when $a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge d = \frac{a}{b} \wedge a > 0$

Author: Martin Welz on 24 June 2011

- Derivation: Integration by substitution

Basis: If $a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge d = \frac{a}{b} \wedge a > 0$, then $\frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]} \sqrt{d \sin[e+fx]}} = -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{a} f} \text{Subst} \left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}, x, \frac{b \cos[e+fx]}{a+b \sin[e+fx]} \right] \partial_x \frac{b \cos[e+fx]}{a+b \sin[e+fx]}$

Basis: $F(z | 0) = z$

- Note: This is a special case of the rule for $a^2 \neq b^2$.

Rule: If $a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge d = \frac{a}{b} \wedge a > 0$, then

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]} \sqrt{d \sin[e+fx]}} dx \rightarrow -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{a} f} \text{Subst} \left[\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx, x, \frac{b \cos[e+fx]}{a+b \sin[e+fx]} \right]$$

- Program code:

```
Int[1/(Sqrt[a+b.*sin[e.+f.*x_]]*Sqrt[d.*sin[e.+f.*x_]]),x_Symbol] :=
-Sqrt[2]/(Sqrt[a]*f)*Subst[Int[1/Sqrt[1-x^2],x],x,b*Cos[e+f*x]/(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])];
FreeQ[{a,b,d,e,f},x] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && EqQ[d,a/b] && GtQ[a,0]
```

2: $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]} \sqrt{c+d \sin[e+fx]}} dx$ when $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0$

Author: Martin Welz on 10 March 2011

Derivation: Integration by substitution

- Basis: If $a^2 - b^2 = 0$, then $\frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]} \sqrt{c+d \sin[e+fx]}} = -\frac{2a}{f} \text{Subst}\left[\frac{1}{2b^2 - (ac-bd)x^2}, x, \frac{b \cos[e+fx]}{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]} \sqrt{c+d \sin[e+fx]}}\right] \partial_x \frac{b \cos[e+fx]}{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]} \sqrt{c+d \sin[e+fx]}}$
- Note: The above identity is not valid if $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 = 0$, since the derivative vanishes!
- Rule: If $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0$, then

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]} \sqrt{c+d \sin[e+fx]}} dx \rightarrow -\frac{2a}{f} \text{Subst}\left[\int \frac{1}{2b^2 - (ac-bd)x^2} dx, x, \frac{b \cos[e+fx]}{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]} \sqrt{c+d \sin[e+fx]}}\right]$$

Program code:

```
Int[1/(Sqrt[a_+b_.*sin[e_+f_.*x_]]*Sqrt[c_+d_.*sin[e_+f_.*x_]]),x_Symbol]:=  
-2*a/f*Subst[Int[1/(2*b^2-(a*c-b*d)*x^2),x],x,b*Cos[e+f*x]/(Sqrt[a+b*Sin[e+f*x]]*Sqrt[c+d*Sin[e+f*x]])];  
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && NeQ[c^2-d^2,0]
```

8: $\int (a+b \sin[e+fx])^m (c+d \sin[e+fx])^n dx$ when $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \wedge n > 1$

Derivation: Singly degenerate sine recurrence 2c with $A \rightarrow c$, $B \rightarrow d$, $n \rightarrow n - 1$, $p \rightarrow 0$

Rule: If $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \wedge n > 1$, then

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a+b \sin[e+fx])^m (c+d \sin[e+fx])^n dx \rightarrow \\ & -\frac{d \cos[e+fx] (a+b \sin[e+fx])^m (c+d \sin[e+fx])^{n-1}}{f (m+n)} + \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{b(m+n)} \int (a + b \sin[e+fx])^m (c + d \sin[e+fx])^{n-2} (d(a cm + bd(n-1)) + bc^2(m+n) + (d(adm + bc(m+2n-1))) \sin[e+fx]) dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(a_+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^m*(c_.+d_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol]:=  
-d*Cos[e+f*x]* (a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^m*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^(n-1)/(f*(m+n)) +  
1/(b*(m+n))*Int[(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^m*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^(n-2)*  
Simp[d*(a*c*m+b*d*(n-1))+b*c^2*(m+n)+d*(a*d*m+b*c*(m+2*n-1))*Sin[e+f*x],x],x]; /;  
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && NeQ[c^2-d^2,0] && GtQ[n,1] && IntegerQ[n]
```

9. $\int (a + b \sin[e+fx])^m (c + d \sin[e+fx])^n dx$ when $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0$

1: $\int (a + b \sin[e+fx])^m (c + d \sin[e+fx])^n dx$ when $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction and integration by substitution

Basis: $\partial_x \frac{\cos[e+fx]}{\sqrt{1+\sin[e+fx]}\sqrt{1-\sin[e+fx]}} = 0$

Basis: $\cos[e+fx] = \frac{1}{f} \partial_x \sin[e+fx]$

Rule: If $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int (a + b \sin[e+fx])^m (c + d \sin[e+fx])^n dx \rightarrow$$

$$\frac{a^m \cos[e+fx]}{\sqrt{1+\sin[e+fx]}\sqrt{1-\sin[e+fx]}} \int \frac{\cos[e+fx] \left(1 + \frac{b}{a} \sin[e+fx]\right)^{\frac{m-1}{2}} (c + d \sin[e+fx])^n}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{b}{a} \sin[e+fx]}} dx \rightarrow$$

$$\frac{a^m \cos[e + fx]}{f \sqrt{1 + \sin[e + fx]} \sqrt{1 - \sin[e + fx]}} \text{Subst} \left[\int \frac{\left(1 + \frac{b}{a}x\right)^{\frac{m-1}{2}} (c + d \sin[e + fx])^n}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{b}{a}x}} dx, x, \sin[e + fx] \right]$$

Program code:

```

Int[(a_+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_*(c_.+d_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol]:= 
  a^m*Cos[e+f*x]/(f*Sqrt[1+Sin[e+f*x]]*Sqrt[1-Sin[e+f*x]])*Subst[Int[(1+b/a*x)^(m-1/2)*(c+d*x)^n/Sqrt[1-b/a*x],x],x,Sin[e+f*x]] /; 
  FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,n},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && NeQ[c^2-d^2,0] && IntegerQ[m]

```

2. $\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx])^n dx$ when $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \wedge m \notin \mathbb{Z}$

1. $\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (d \sin[e + fx])^n dx$ when $a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge m \notin \mathbb{Z}$

1. $\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (d \sin[e + fx])^n dx$ when $a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge m \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge a > 0$

1: $\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (d \sin[e + fx])^n dx$ when $a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge m \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge a > 0 \wedge \frac{d}{b} > 0$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction and integration by substitution

Basis: If $a^2 - b^2 = 0$, then $\partial_x \frac{\cos[e+fx]}{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]} \sqrt{a-b \sin[e+fx]}} = 0$

Basis: If $a^2 - b^2 = 0$, then $\frac{b^2 \cos[e+fx]}{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]} \sqrt{a-b \sin[e+fx]}} - \frac{\cos[e+fx]}{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]} \sqrt{a-b \sin[e+fx]}} = 1$

Basis: $\frac{\cos[e+fx] (a+b \sin[e+fx])^{\frac{m-1}{2}} (b \sin[e+fx])^n}{\sqrt{a-b \sin[e+fx]}} =$
 $- \frac{1}{b f} \text{Subst} \left[\frac{(a-x)^n (2a-x)^{\frac{m-1}{2}}}{\sqrt{x}}, x, a - b \sin[e + fx] \right] \partial_x (a - b \sin[e + fx])$

Note: If $a > 0$, then $\frac{(a-x)^n (2a-x)^{\frac{m-1}{2}}}{\sqrt{x}}$ is integrable in terms of the Appell function without the need for additional piecewise constant extraction.

Rule: If $a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge m \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge a > 0 \wedge \frac{d}{b} > 0$, then

$$\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (d \sin[e + fx])^n dx \rightarrow$$

$$\frac{b^2 \left(\frac{d}{b}\right)^n \cos[e+fx]}{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]} \sqrt{a-b \sin[e+fx]}} \int \frac{\cos[e+fx] (a+b \sin[e+fx])^{\frac{m-1}{2}} (b \sin[e+fx])^n}{\sqrt{a-b \sin[e+fx]}} dx \rightarrow$$

$$-\frac{b \left(\frac{d}{b}\right)^n \cos[e+fx]}{f \sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]} \sqrt{a-b \sin[e+fx]}} \text{Subst}\left[\int \frac{(a-x)^n (2a-x)^{\frac{m-1}{2}}}{\sqrt{x}} dx, x, a-b \sin[e+fx]\right]$$

Program code:

```
Int[(a+b.*sin[e.+f.*x_])^m*(d.*sin[e.+f.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol]:=  
-b*(d/b)^n*Cos[e+f*x]/(f*Sqrt[a+b*Sin[e+f*x]]*Sqrt[a-b*Sin[e+f*x]])*  
Subst[Int[(a-x)^n*(2*a-x)^(m-1/2)/Sqrt[x],x],x,a-b*Sin[e+f*x]]/;  
FreeQ[{a,b,d,e,f,m,n},x] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && Not[IntegerQ[m]] && GtQ[a,0] && GtQ[d/b,0]
```

2: $\int (a+b \sin[e+fx])^m (d \sin[e+fx])^n dx$ when $a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge m \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge a > 0 \wedge \frac{d}{b} \neq 0$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

Basis: $\partial_x \frac{(d \sin[e+fx])^n}{(b \sin[e+fx])^n} = 0$

Rule: If $a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge m \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge a > 0 \wedge \frac{d}{b} \neq 0$, then

$$\int (a+b \sin[e+fx])^m (d \sin[e+fx])^n dx \rightarrow \frac{\left(\frac{d}{b}\right)^{\text{IntPart}[n]} (d \sin[e+fx])^{\text{FracPart}[n]}}{(b \sin[e+fx])^{\text{FracPart}[n]}} \int (a+b \sin[e+fx])^m (b \sin[e+fx])^n dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(a+b.*sin[e.+f.*x_])^m*(d.*sin[e.+f.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol]:=  
(d/b)^IntPart[n]*(d*Sin[e+f*x])^FracPart[n]/(b*Sin[e+f*x])^FracPart[n]*Int[(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^m*(b*Sin[e+f*x])^n,x]/;  
FreeQ[{a,b,d,e,f,m,n},x] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && Not[IntegerQ[m]] && GtQ[a,0] && Not[GtQ[d/b,0]]
```

2: $\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (d \sin[e + fx])^n dx$ when $a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge m \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge a \neq 0$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

Basis: $\partial_x \frac{(a+b \sin[e+fx])^m}{(1+\frac{b}{a} \sin[e+fx])^m} = 0$

Rule: If $a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge m \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge a \neq 0$, then

$$\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (d \sin[e + fx])^n dx \rightarrow \frac{a^{\text{IntPart}[m]} (a + b \sin[e + fx])^{\text{FracPart}[m]}}{\left(1 + \frac{b}{a} \sin[e + fx]\right)^{\text{FracPart}[m]}} \int \left(1 + \frac{b}{a} \sin[e + fx]\right)^m (d \sin[e + fx])^n dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(a+b.*sin[e.+f.*x.])^m*(d.*sin[e.+f.*x.])^n.,x_Symbol]:=  
  a^IntPart[m]*(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^FracPart[m]/(1+b/a*Sin[e+f*x])^FracPart[m]*  
  Int[(1+b/a*Sin[e+f*x])^m*(d*Sin[e+f*x])^n,x] /;  
 FreeQ[{a,b,d,e,f,m,n},x] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && Not[IntegerQ[m]] && Not[GtQ[a,0]]
```

2: $\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx])^n dx$ when $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \wedge m \notin \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction and integration by substitution

Basis: If $a^2 - b^2 = 0$, then $\partial_x \frac{\cos[e+fx]}{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]} \sqrt{a-b \sin[e+fx]}} = 0$

Basis: If $a^2 - b^2 = 0$, then $\frac{a^2 \cos[e+fx]}{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]} \sqrt{a-b \sin[e+fx]}} \frac{\cos[e+fx]}{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]} \sqrt{a-b \sin[e+fx]}} = 1$

Basis: $\cos[e + fx] = \frac{1}{f} \partial_x \sin[e + fx]$

Rule: If $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \wedge m \notin \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int (a + b \sin[e + f x])^m (c + d \sin[e + f x])^n dx \rightarrow$$

$$\frac{a^2 \cos[e + f x]}{\sqrt{a + b \sin[e + f x]} \sqrt{a - b \sin[e + f x]}} \int \frac{\cos[e + f x] (a + b \sin[e + f x])^{m-\frac{1}{2}} (c + d \sin[e + f x])^n}{\sqrt{a - b \sin[e + f x]}} dx \rightarrow$$

$$\frac{a^2 \cos[e + f x]}{f \sqrt{a + b \sin[e + f x]} \sqrt{a - b \sin[e + f x]}} \text{Subst} \left[\int \frac{(a + b x)^{m-\frac{1}{2}} (c + d x)^n}{\sqrt{a - b x}} dx, x, \sin[e + f x] \right]$$

Program code:

```

Int[(a+b.*sin[e.+f.*x_])^m*(c+d.*sin[e.+f.*x_])^n.,x_Symbol]:= 
  a^2*Cos[e+f*x]/(f*Sqrt[a+b*Sin[e+f*x]]*Sqrt[a-b*Sin[e+f*x]])*Subst[Int[(a+b*x)^(m-1/2)*(c+d*x)^n/Sqrt[a-b*x],x,x,Sin[e+f*x]]]; 
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m,n},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && NeQ[c^2-d^2,0] && Not[IntegerQ[m]]

```

8. $\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx])^n dx$ when $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0$

1. $\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx])^2 dx$ when $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 \neq 0$

1: $\int (b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx])^2 dx$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis: $(c + d z)^2 = \frac{2 c d}{b} (b z) + (c^2 + d^2 z^2)$

Rule:

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx])^2 dx \rightarrow \\ & \frac{2 c d}{b} \int (b \sin[e + fx])^{m+1} dx + \int (b \sin[e + fx])^m (c^2 + d^2 \sin[e + fx]^2) dx \end{aligned}$$

Program code:

```
Int[(b_.*sin[e_._+f_._*x_])^m*(c_._+d_._*sin[e_._+f_._*x_])^2,x_Symbol] :=  
 2*c*d/b*Int[(b*Sin[e+f*x])^(m+1),x] + Int[(b*Sin[e+f*x])^m*(c^2+d^2*Sin[e+f*x]^2),x] /;  
FreeQ[{b,c,d,e,f,m},x]
```

2: $\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx])^2 dx$ when $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge m < -1$

Derivation: Nondegenerate sine recurrence 1a with $A \rightarrow c^2$, $B \rightarrow 2 c d$, $C \rightarrow d^2$, $n \rightarrow 0$, $p \rightarrow 0$

Rule: If $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge m < -1$, then

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx])^2 dx \rightarrow \\ & -\frac{(b^2 c^2 - 2 a b c d + a^2 d^2) \cos[e + fx] (a + b \sin[e + fx])^{m+1}}{b f (m + 1) (a^2 - b^2)} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{b(m+1)(a^2-b^2)} \int (a+b \sin[e+fx])^{m+1} (b(m+1) (2bc d - a(c^2+d^2)) + (a^2 d^2 - 2ab c d (m+2) + b^2 (d^2 (m+1) + c^2 (m+2))) \sin[e+fx]) dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(a+b.*sin[e.+f.*x_])^m*(c.+d.*sin[e.+f.*x_])^2,x_Symbol] :=
-(b^2*c^2-2*a*b*c*d+a^2*d^2)*Cos[e+f*x]*(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^(m+1)/(b*f*(m+1)*(a^2-b^2)) -
1/(b*(m+1)*(a^2-b^2))*Int[(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^(m+1)*
Simp[b*(m+1)*(2*b*c*d-a*(c^2+d^2))+(a^2*d^2-2*a*b*c*d*(m+2)+b^2*(d^2*(m+1)+c^2*(m+2)))*Sin[e+f*x],x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] && LtQ[m,-1]
```

3: $\int (a+b \sin[e+fx])^m (c+d \sin[e+fx])^2 dx$ when $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge m \neq -1$

Derivation: Nondegenerate sine recurrence 1b with $A \rightarrow a^2$, $B \rightarrow 2 a b$, $C \rightarrow b^2$, $m \rightarrow 0$, $p \rightarrow 0$

Rule: If $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge m \neq -1$, then

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a+b \sin[e+fx])^m (c+d \sin[e+fx])^2 dx \rightarrow \\ & -\frac{d^2 \cos[e+fx] (a+b \sin[e+fx])^{m+1}}{b f (m+2)} + \\ & \frac{1}{b (m+2)} \int (a+b \sin[e+fx])^m (b(d^2(m+1) + c^2(m+2)) - d(a d - 2 b c (m+2)) \sin[e+fx]) dx \end{aligned}$$

Program code:

```
Int[(a+b.*sin[e.+f.*x_])^m*(c.+d.*sin[e.+f.*x_])^2,x_Symbol] :=
-d^2*Cos[e+f*x]*(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^(m+1)/(b*f*(m+2)) +
1/(b*(m+2))*Int[(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^m*Simp[b*(d^2*(m+1)+c^2*(m+2))-d*(a*d-2*b*c*(m+2))*Sin[e+f*x],x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] && Not[LtQ[m,-1]]
```

x: $\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (d \sin[e + fx])^n dx$ when $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z}^+$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Note: If terms having the same powers of $\sin[e + fx]$ are collected, this rule results in more compact antiderivatives; however, the number of steps required grows exponentially with m .

Rule: If $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then

$$\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (d \sin[e + fx])^n dx \rightarrow \int \text{ExpandTrig}[(a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (d \sin[e + fx])^n, x] dx$$

Program code:

```
(* Int[(a+b.*sin[e.+f.*x_])^m.* (d.*sin[e._+f._*x_])^n.,x_Symbol] :=  
  Int[ExpandTrig[(a+b*sin[e+f*x])^m*(d*sin[e+f*x])^n,x],x] /;  
  FreeQ[{a,b,d,e,f,n},x] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] && IGtQ[m,0] *)
```

2. $\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx])^n dx$ when $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \wedge m > 2$

1: $\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx])^n dx$ when $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \wedge m > 2 \wedge n < -1$

Derivation: Nondegenerate sine recurrence 1a with $A \rightarrow c^2$, $B \rightarrow 2 c d$, $C \rightarrow d^2$, $n \rightarrow n - 2$, $p \rightarrow 0$

Rule: If $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \wedge m > 2 \wedge n < -1$, then

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx])^n dx \rightarrow \\ & - \left(\left((b^2 c^2 - 2 a b c d + a^2 d^2) \cos[e + fx] (a + b \sin[e + fx])^{m-2} (c + d \sin[e + fx])^{n+1} \right) / (d f (n+1) (c^2 - d^2)) \right) + \\ & \frac{1}{d (n+1) (c^2 - d^2)} \int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^{m-3} (c + d \sin[e + fx])^{n+1}. \\ & \quad (b (m-2) (b c - a d)^2 + a d (n+1) (c (a^2 + b^2) - 2 a b d) + \\ & \quad (b (n+1) (a b c^2 + c d (a^2 + b^2) - 3 a b d^2) - a (n+2) (b c - a d)^2) \sin[e + fx] + \end{aligned}$$

$$b \left(b^2 (c^2 - d^2) - m (b c - a d)^2 + d n (2 a b c - d (a^2 + b^2)) \right) \sin[e + f x]^2 dx$$

Program code:

```

Int[ (a_..+b_..*sin[e_..+f_..*x_])^m_* (c_..+d_..*sin[e_..+f_..*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
-(b^2*c^2-2*a*b*c*d+a^2*d^2)*Cos[e+f*x]*(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^(m-2)*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^(n+1)/(d*f*(n+1)*(c^2-d^2)) +
1/(d*(n+1)*(c^2-d^2))*Int[(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^(m-3)*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^(n+1)*
Simp[b*(m-2)*(b*c-a*d)^2+a*d*(n+1)*(c*(a^2+b^2)-2*a*b*d)+
(b*(n+1)*(a*b*c^2+c*d*(a^2+b^2)-3*a*b*d^2)-a*(n+2)*(b*c-a*d)^2)*Sin[e+f*x]+
b*(b^2*(c^2-d^2)-m*(b*c-a*d)^2+d*n*(2*a*b*c-d*(a^2+b^2)))*Sin[e+f*x]^2,x]/;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] && NeQ[c^2-d^2,0] && GtQ[m,2] && LtQ[n,-1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegersQ[2*m,2*n])

```

2: $\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx])^n dx$ when $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \wedge m > 2 \wedge n \neq -1$

Derivation: Nondegenerate sine recurrence 1b with $A \rightarrow a^2$, $B \rightarrow 2ab$, $C \rightarrow b^2$, $m \rightarrow m-2$, $p \rightarrow 0$

Rule: If $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \wedge m > 2 \wedge n \neq -1$, then

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx])^n dx \rightarrow \\ & - \frac{b^2 \cos[e + fx] (a + b \sin[e + fx])^{m-2} (c + d \sin[e + fx])^{n+1}}{d f (m+n)} + \\ & \frac{1}{d (m+n)} \int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^{m-3} (c + d \sin[e + fx])^n . \\ & (a^3 d (m+n) + b^2 (b c (m-2) + a d (n+1)) - b (a b c - b^2 d (m+n-1) - 3 a^2 d (m+n)) \sin[e + fx] - b^2 (b c (m-1) - a d (3m+2n-2)) \sin[e + fx]^2) dx \end{aligned}$$

Program code:

```
Int[(a_.+b_.*sin[e_.*f_*x_])^m_*(c_.+d_.*sin[e_.*f_*x_])^n_,x_Symbol]:=  
-b^2*Cos[e+f*x]* (a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^(m-2)*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^(n+1)/(d*f*(m+n))+  
1/(d*(m+n))*Int[(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^(m-3)*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^n*  
Simp[a^3*d*(m+n)+b^2*(b*c*(m-2)+a*d*(n+1))-  
b*(a*b*c-b^2*d*(m+n-1)-3*a^2*d*(m+n))*Sin[e+f*x]-  
b^2*(b*c*(m-1)-a*d*(3*m+2*n-2))*Sin[e+f*x]^2,x]/;  
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,n},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] && NeQ[c^2-d^2,0] && GtQ[m,2] &&  
(IntegerQ[m] || IntegersQ[2*m,2*n]) && Not[IGtQ[n,2] && (Not[IntegerQ[m]] || EqQ[a,0] && NeQ[c,0])]
```

3. $\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx])^n dx$ when $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \wedge m < -1$

1. $\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx])^n dx$ when $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \wedge m < -1 \wedge 0 < n < 2$

1. $\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx])^n dx$ when $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \wedge m < -1 \wedge 0 < n < 1$

1. $\int \frac{\sqrt{c + d \sin[e + fx]}}{(a + b \sin[e + fx])^{3/2}} dx$ when $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0$

1: $\int \frac{\sqrt{d \sin[e + fx]}}{(a + b \sin[e + fx])^{3/2}} dx \text{ when } a^2 - b^2 \neq 0$

Derivation: Nondegenerate sine recurrence 1a with $A \rightarrow 0$, $B \rightarrow d$, $C \rightarrow 0$, $m \rightarrow -\frac{3}{2}$, $n \rightarrow -\frac{1}{2}$, $p \rightarrow 0$

Rule: If $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0$, then

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d \sin[e + fx]}}{(a + b \sin[e + fx])^{3/2}} dx \rightarrow -\frac{2ad \cos[e + fx]}{f(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a + b \sin[e + fx]} \sqrt{d \sin[e + fx]}} - \frac{d^2}{a^2 - b^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \sin[e + fx]}}{(d \sin[e + fx])^{3/2}} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[Sqrt[d..*sin[e..+f..*x_]]/(a..+b..*sin[e..+f..*x_])^(3/2),x_Symbol]:=  
-2*a*d*Cos[e+f*x]/(f*(a^2-b^2)*Sqrt[a+b*Sin[e+f*x]]*Sqrt[d*Sin[e+f*x]]) -  
d^2/(a^2-b^2)*Int[Sqrt[a+b*Sin[e+f*x]]/(d*Sin[e+f*x])^(3/2),x] /;  
FreeQ[{a,b,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0]
```

2: $\int \frac{\sqrt{c+d \sin[e+fx]}}{(a+b \sin[e+fx])^{3/2}} dx$ when $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis: $\frac{\sqrt{c+d z}}{(a+b z)^{3/2}} = \frac{c-d}{a-b} \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b z} \sqrt{c+d z}} - \frac{b c - a d}{a-b} \frac{1+z}{(a+b z)^{3/2} \sqrt{c+d z}}$

Rule: If $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0$, then

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sqrt{c+d \sin[e+fx]}}{(a+b \sin[e+fx])^{3/2}} dx \rightarrow \\ & \frac{c-d}{a-b} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]} \sqrt{c+d \sin[e+fx]}} dx - \frac{b c - a d}{a-b} \int \frac{1 + \sin[e+fx]}{(a+b \sin[e+fx])^{3/2} \sqrt{c+d \sin[e+fx]}} dx \end{aligned}$$

Program code:

```
Int[Sqrt[c+d.*sin[e.+f.*x_]]/(a.+b._.*sin[e._+f._.*x_])^(3/2),x_Symbol]:=  
  (c-d)/(a-b)*Int[1/(Sqrt[a+b*Sin[e+f*x]]*Sqrt[c+d*Sin[e+f*x]]),x]-  
  (b*c-a*d)/(a-b)*Int[(1+Sin[e+f*x])/((a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c+d*Sin[e+f*x]]),x]/;  
 FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] && NeQ[c^2-d^2,0]
```

2: $\int (a+b \sin[e+fx])^m (c+d \sin[e+fx])^n dx$ when $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \wedge m < -1 \wedge 0 < n < 1$

Derivation: Nondegenerate sine recurrence 1a with $A \rightarrow 1$, $B \rightarrow 0$, $C \rightarrow 0$, $p \rightarrow 0$

Derivation: Nondegenerate sine recurrence 1c with $A \rightarrow c$, $B \rightarrow d$, $C \rightarrow 0$, $n \rightarrow n - 1$, $p \rightarrow 0$

Rule: If $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \wedge m < -1 \wedge 0 < n < 1$, then

$$\int (a+b \sin[e+fx])^m (c+d \sin[e+fx])^n dx \rightarrow$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{b \cos[e+fx] (a+b \sin[e+fx])^{m+1} (c+d \sin[e+fx])^n}{f (m+1) (a^2 - b^2)} + \\
& \frac{1}{(m+1) (a^2 - b^2)} \int (a+b \sin[e+fx])^{m+1} (c+d \sin[e+fx])^{n-1} \cdot \\
& (a c (m+1) + b d n + (a d (m+1) - b c (m+2)) \sin[e+fx] - b d (m+n+2) \sin[e+fx]^2) dx
\end{aligned}$$

Program code:

```

Int[(a_.+b_.*sin[e_._+f_._*x_])^m_*(c_.+d_.*sin[e_._+f_._*x_])^n_,x_Symbol]:= 
-b*Cos[e+f*x]*(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^(m+1)*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^n/(f*(m+1)*(a^2-b^2)) +
1/((m+1)*(a^2-b^2))*Int[(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^(m+1)*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^(n-1)*
Simp[a*c*(m+1)+b*d*n+(a*d*(m+1)-b*c*(m+2))*Sin[e+f*x]-b*d*(m+n+2)*Sin[e+f*x]^2,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] && NeQ[c^2-d^2,0] && LtQ[m,-1] && LtQ[0,n,1] && IntegersQ[2*m,2*n]

```

2. $\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx])^n dx$ when $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \wedge m < -1 \wedge 1 < n < 2$

1. $\int \frac{(c + d \sin[e + fx])^{3/2}}{(a + b \sin[e + fx])^{3/2}} dx$ when $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0$

1: $\int \frac{(d \sin[e + fx])^{3/2}}{(a + b \sin[e + fx])^{3/2}} dx$ when $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis: $\frac{(d z)^{3/2}}{(a+b z)^{3/2}} = \frac{d \sqrt{d z}}{b \sqrt{a+b z}} - \frac{a d \sqrt{d z}}{b (a+b z)^{3/2}}$

Rule: If $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0$, then

$$\int \frac{(d \sin[e + fx])^{3/2}}{(a + b \sin[e + fx])^{3/2}} dx \rightarrow \frac{d}{b} \int \frac{\sqrt{d \sin[e + fx]}}{\sqrt{a + b \sin[e + fx]}} dx - \frac{a d}{b} \int \frac{\sqrt{d \sin[e + fx]}}{(a + b \sin[e + fx])^{3/2}} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(d_.*sin[e_+f_*x_])^(3/2)/(a_+b_.*sin[e_+f_*x_])^(3/2),x_Symbol] :=
  d/b*Int[Sqrt[d*Sin[e+f*x]]/Sqrt[a+b*Sin[e+f*x]],x] -
  a*d/b*Int[Sqrt[d*Sin[e+f*x]]/(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^(3/2),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0]
```

2: $\int \frac{(c+d \sin[e+fx])^{3/2}}{(a+b \sin[e+fx])^{3/2}} dx$ when $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis: $\frac{(c+d z)^{3/2}}{(a+b z)^{3/2}} = \frac{d^2 \sqrt{a+b z}}{b^2 \sqrt{c+d z}} + \frac{(b c - a d) (b c + a d + 2 b d z)}{b^2 (a+b z)^{3/2} \sqrt{c+d z}}$

Rule: If $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0$, then

$$\int \frac{(c+d \sin[e+fx])^{3/2}}{(a+b \sin[e+fx])^{3/2}} dx \rightarrow \frac{d^2}{b^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]}}{\sqrt{c+d \sin[e+fx]}} dx + \frac{(b c - a d)}{b^2} \int \frac{b c + a d + 2 b d \sin[e+fx]}{(a+b \sin[e+fx])^{3/2} \sqrt{c+d \sin[e+fx]}} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(c+d.*sin[e.+f.*x.])^(3/2)/(a.+b.*sin[e.+f.*x.])^(3/2),x_Symbol]:=  
d^2/b^2*Int[Sqrt[a+b*Sin[e+f*x]]/Sqrt[c+d*Sin[e+f*x]],x]+  
(b*c-a*d)/b^2*Int[Simp[b*c+a*d+2*b*d*Sin[e+f*x],x]/((a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c+d*Sin[e+f*x]]),x];  
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] && NeQ[c^2-d^2,0]
```

2: $\int (a+b \sin[e+fx])^m (c+d \sin[e+fx])^n dx$ when $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \wedge m < -1 \wedge 1 < n < 2$

Derivation: Nondegenerate sine recurrence 1a with $A \rightarrow c$, $B \rightarrow d$, $C \rightarrow 0$, $n \rightarrow n - 1$, $p \rightarrow 0$

Rule: If $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \wedge m < -1 \wedge 1 < n < 2$, then

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a+b \sin[e+fx])^m (c+d \sin[e+fx])^n dx \rightarrow \\ & -\frac{(b c - a d) \cos[e+fx] (a+b \sin[e+fx])^{m+1} (c+d \sin[e+fx])^{n-1}}{f (m+1) (a^2 - b^2)} + \\ & \frac{1}{(m+1) (a^2 - b^2)} \int (a+b \sin[e+fx])^{m+1} (c+d \sin[e+fx])^{n-2}. \end{aligned}$$

$$(c (a c - b d) (m + 1) + d (b c - a d) (n - 1) + (d (a c - b d) (m + 1) - c (b c - a d) (m + 2)) \sin[e + f x] - d (b c - a d) (m + n + 1) \sin[e + f x]^2) dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(a_+b_.*sin[e_+f_*x_])^m*(c_+d_.*sin[e_+f_*x_])^n,x_Symbol]:=  
-(b*c-a*d)*Cos[e+f*x]*(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^(m+1)*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^(n-1)/(f*(m+1)*(a^2-b^2))+  
1/((m+1)*(a^2-b^2))*Int[(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^(m+1)*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^(n-2)*  
Simp[c*(a*c-b*d)*(m+1)+d*(b*c-a*d)*(n-1)+(d*(a*c-b*d)*(m+1)-c*(b*c-a*d)*(m+2))*Sin[e+f*x]-d*(b*c-a*d)*(m+n+1)*Sin[e+f*x]^2,x]/;  
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] && NeQ[c^2-d^2,0] && LtQ[m,-1] && LtQ[1,n,2] && IntegersQ[2*m,2*n]
```

2. $\int (a + b \sin[e + f x])^m (c + d \sin[e + f x])^n dx$ when $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \wedge m < -1 \wedge n \geq 0$

1. $\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sin[e + f x])^{3/2} \sqrt{c + d \sin[e + f x]}} dx$ when $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0$

1: $\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sin[e + f x])^{3/2} \sqrt{d \sin[e + f x]}} dx$ when $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0$

Derivation: Nondegenerate sine recurrence 1a with $c \rightarrow 0$, $A \rightarrow 1$, $B \rightarrow 0$, $C \rightarrow 0$, $p \rightarrow 0$, $m \rightarrow -\frac{3}{2}$, $n \rightarrow -\frac{1}{2}$

Rule: If $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0$, then

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sin[e + f x])^{3/2} \sqrt{d \sin[e + f x]}} dx \rightarrow \frac{2 b \cos[e + f x]}{f (a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a + b \sin[e + f x]} \sqrt{d \sin[e + f x]}} + \frac{d}{a^2 - b^2} \int \frac{b + a \sin[e + f x]}{\sqrt{a + b \sin[e + f x]} (d \sin[e + f x])^{3/2}} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[1/((a_+b_.*sin[e_+f_*x_])^(3/2)*Sqrt[d_.*sin[e_+f_*x_]]),x_Symbol]:=  
2*b*Cos[e+f*x]/(f*(a^2-b^2)*Sqrt[a+b*Sin[e+f*x]]*Sqrt[d*Sin[e+f*x]])+  
d/(a^2-b^2)*Int[(b+a*Sin[e+f*x])/((Sqrt[a+b*Sin[e+f*x]]*(d*Sin[e+f*x]))^(3/2)),x]/;  
FreeQ[{a,b,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0]
```

2: $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \sin[e+fx])^{3/2} \sqrt{c+d \sin[e+fx]}} dx$ when $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis: $\frac{1}{(a+bz)^{3/2}} = \frac{1}{(a-b) \sqrt{a+bz}} - \frac{b(1+z)}{(a-b)(a+bz)^{3/2}}$

Rule: If $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0$, then

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{(a+b \sin[e+fx])^{3/2} \sqrt{c+d \sin[e+fx]}} dx \rightarrow \\ & \frac{1}{a-b} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]} \sqrt{c+d \sin[e+fx]}} dx - \frac{b}{a-b} \int \frac{1 + \sin[e+fx]}{(a+b \sin[e+fx])^{3/2} \sqrt{c+d \sin[e+fx]}} dx \end{aligned}$$

Program code:

```
Int[1/((a._+b._*sin[e._+f._*x_])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c._+d._*sin[e._+f._*x_]]),x_Symbol]:=  
1/(a-b)*Int[1/(Sqrt[a+b*Sin[e+f*x]]*Sqrt[c+d*Sin[e+f*x]]),x]-  
b/(a-b)*Int[(1+Sin[e+f*x])/((a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c+d*Sin[e+f*x]]),x]/;  
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] && NeQ[c^2-d^2,0]
```

2: $\int (a+b \sin[e+fx])^m (c+d \sin[e+fx])^n dx$ when $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \wedge m < -1 \wedge n \geq 0$

Derivation: Nondegenerate sine recurrence 1c with $A \rightarrow 1$, $B \rightarrow 0$, $C \rightarrow 0$, $P \rightarrow 0$

Rule: If $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \wedge m < -1 \wedge n \geq 0$, then

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a+b \sin[e+fx])^m (c+d \sin[e+fx])^n dx \rightarrow \\ & -\frac{b^2 \cos[e+fx] (a+b \sin[e+fx])^{m+1} (c+d \sin[e+fx])^{n+1}}{f(m+1) (b c - a d) (a^2 - b^2)} + \\ & \frac{1}{(m+1) (b c - a d) (a^2 - b^2)} \int (a+b \sin[e+fx])^{m+1} (c+d \sin[e+fx])^n . \end{aligned}$$

$$\left(a(b c - a d) (m + 1) + b^2 d (m + n + 2) - (b^2 c + b (b c - a d) (m + 1)) \sin[e + f x] - b^2 d (m + n + 3) \sin[e + f x]^2 \right) dx$$

Program code:

```

Int[(a_+b_.*sin[e_+f_.*x_])^m_*(c_+d_.*sin[e_+f_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol]:=

-b^2*Cos[e+f*x]*(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^(m+1)*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^(n+1)/(f*(m+1)*(b*c-a*d)*(a^2-b^2)) +
1/((m+1)*(b*c-a*d)*(a^2-b^2))*Int[(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^(m+1)*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^n_*
Simp[a*(b*c-a*d)*(m+1)+b^2*d*(m+n+2)-(b^2*c+b*(b*c-a*d)*(m+1))*Sin[e+f*x]-b^2*d*(m+n+3)*Sin[e+f*x]^2,x]/;

FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,n},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] && NeQ[c^2-d^2,0] && LtQ[m,-1] && IntegerQ[2*m,2*n] &&
(EqQ[a,0] && IntegerQ[m] && Not[IntegerQ[n]] || Not[IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n,-1] && (IntegerQ[n] && Not[IntegerQ[m]] || EqQ[a,0])))

```

4: $\int \frac{\sqrt{c + d \sin[e + f x]}}{a + b \sin[e + f x]} dx$ when $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis: $\frac{\sqrt{c+d z}}{a+b z} = \frac{d}{b \sqrt{c+d z}} + \frac{b c - a d}{b (a+b z) \sqrt{c+d z}}$

Rule: If $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0$, then

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c + d \sin[e + f x]}}{a + b \sin[e + f x]} dx \rightarrow \frac{d}{b} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c + d \sin[e + f x]}} dx + \frac{b c - a d}{b} \int \frac{1}{(a + b \sin[e + f x]) \sqrt{c + d \sin[e + f x]}} dx$$

Program code:

```

Int[Sqrt[c_+d_.*sin[e_+f_.*x_]]/(a_+b_.*sin[e_+f_.*x_]),x_Symbol]:=

d/b*Int[1/Sqrt[c+d*Sin[e+f*x]],x] +
(b*c-a*d)/b*Int[1/((a+b*Sin[e+f*x])*Sqrt[c+d*Sin[e+f*x]]),x]/;

FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] && NeQ[c^2-d^2,0]

```

5: $\int \frac{(a+b \sin[e+fx])^{3/2}}{c+d \sin[e+fx]} dx$ when $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis: $\frac{a+bz}{c+dz} = \frac{b}{d} + \frac{bc-ad}{d(c+dz)}$

Rule: If $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0$, then

$$\int \frac{(a+b \sin[e+fx])^{3/2}}{c+d \sin[e+fx]} dx \rightarrow \frac{b}{d} \int \sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]} dx - \frac{bc-ad}{d} \int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]}}{c+d \sin[e+fx]} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(a_+b_.*sin[e_+f_.*x_])^(3/2)/(c_+d_.*sin[e_+f_.*x_]),x_Symbol]:=  
  b/d*Int[Sqrt[a+b*Sin[e+f*x]],x] - (b*c-a*d)/d*Int[Sqrt[a+b*Sin[e+f*x]]/(c+d*Sin[e+f*x]),x] /;  
 FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] && NeQ[c^2-d^2,0]
```

6. $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \sin[e+fx]) \sqrt{c+d \sin[e+fx]}} dx$ when $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0$

1: $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \sin[e+fx]) \sqrt{c+d \sin[e+fx]}} dx$ when $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \wedge c + d > 0$

Derivation: Primitive rule

Basis: If $c + d > 0$, then $\partial_x \text{EllipticPi} \left[\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2} \left(x - \frac{\pi}{2} \right), \frac{2d}{c+d} \right] = \frac{(a+b) \sqrt{c+d}}{2 (a+b \sin[x]) \sqrt{c+d \sin[x]}}$

Rule: If $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \wedge c + d > 0$, then

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \sin[e+fx]) \sqrt{c+d \sin[e+fx]}} dx \rightarrow \frac{2}{f(a+b) \sqrt{c+d}} \text{EllipticPi} \left[\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2} \left(e - \frac{\pi}{2} + fx \right), \frac{2d}{c+d} \right]$$

Program code:

```
Int[1/((a_+b_.*sin[e_+f_.*x_])*Sqrt[c_+d_.*sin[e_+f_.*x_]]),x_Symbol]:=  
2/(f*(a+b)*Sqrt[c+d])*EllipticPi[2*b/(a+b),1/2*(e-Pi/2+f*x),2*d/(c+d)]/;  
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] && NeQ[c^2-d^2,0] && GtQ[c+d,0]
```

2: $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \sin[e+fx]) \sqrt{c+d \sin[e+fx]}} dx$ when $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \wedge c - d > 0$

Derivation: Primitive rule

Basis: If $c - d > 0$, then $\partial_x \text{EllipticPi} \left[-\frac{2b}{a-b}, \frac{1}{2} \left(x + \frac{\pi}{2} \right), -\frac{2d}{c-d} \right] = \frac{(a-b) \sqrt{c-d}}{2 (a+b \sin[x]) \sqrt{c+d \sin[x]}}$

Rule: If $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \wedge c - d > 0$, then

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \sin[e+f x]) \sqrt{c+d \sin[e+f x]}} dx \rightarrow \frac{2}{f(a-b) \sqrt{c-d}} \text{EllipticPi}\left[-\frac{2b}{a-b}, \frac{1}{2} \left(e + \frac{\pi}{2} + fx\right), -\frac{2d}{c-d}\right]$$

Program code:

```
Int[1/((a_+b_.*sin[e_+f_.*x_])*Sqrt[c_+d_.*sin[e_+f_.*x_]]),x_Symbol]:=  
2/(f*(a-b)*Sqrt[c-d])*EllipticPi[-2*b/(a-b),1/2*(e+Pi/2+f*x),-2*d/(c-d)] /;  
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] && NeQ[c^2-d^2,0] && GtQ[c-d,0]
```

3: $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \sin[e+f x]) \sqrt{c+d \sin[e+f x]}} dx$ when $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \wedge c + d \neq 0$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

Basis: $\partial_x \frac{\sqrt{\frac{c+d F[x]}{c+d}}}{\sqrt{c+d F[x]}} = 0$

Rule: If $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \wedge c + d \neq 0$, then

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \sin[e+f x]) \sqrt{c+d \sin[e+f x]}} dx \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{\frac{c+d \sin[e+f x]}{c+d}}}{\sqrt{c+d \sin[e+f x]}} \int \frac{1}{(a+b \sin[e+f x]) \sqrt{\frac{c}{c+d} + \frac{d}{c+d} \sin[e+f x]}} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[1/((a_+b_.*sin[e_+f_.*x_])*Sqrt[c_+d_.*sin[e_+f_.*x_]]),x_Symbol]:=  
Sqrt[(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])/(c+d)]/Sqrt[c+d*Sin[e+f*x]]*Int[1/((a+b*Sin[e+f*x])*Sqrt[c/(c+d)+d/(c+d)*Sin[e+f*x]]),x] /;  
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] && NeQ[c^2-d^2,0] && Not[GtQ[c+d,0]]
```

$$7. \int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \sin[e + fx]}}{\sqrt{c + d \sin[e + fx]}} dx \text{ when } bc - ad \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0$$

$$1. \int \frac{\sqrt{b \sin[e + fx]}}{\sqrt{c + d \sin[e + fx]}} dx \text{ when } c^2 - d^2 \neq 0$$

$$1. \int \frac{\sqrt{b \sin[e + fx]}}{\sqrt{c + d \sin[e + fx]}} dx \text{ when } c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \wedge \frac{c+d}{b} > 0$$

$$1: \int \frac{\sqrt{b \sin[e + fx]}}{\sqrt{c + d \sin[e + fx]}} dx \text{ when } c^2 - d^2 > 0 \wedge \frac{c+d}{b} > 0 \wedge c^2 > 0$$

Rule: If $c^2 - d^2 > 0 \wedge \frac{c+d}{b} > 0 \wedge c^2 > 0$, then

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \sin[e + fx]}}{\sqrt{c + d \sin[e + fx]}} dx \rightarrow$$

$$\frac{2c\sqrt{b(c+d)} \tan[e+fx] \sqrt{1+\csc[e+fx]} \sqrt{1-\csc[e+fx]}}{d f \sqrt{c^2-d^2}} \text{EllipticPi}\left[\frac{c+d}{d}, \text{ArcSin}\left[\frac{\sqrt{c+d \sin[e+fx]}}{\sqrt{b \sin[e+fx]}}\right] / \sqrt{\frac{c+d}{b}}, -\frac{c+d}{c-d}\right]$$

Program code:

```
Int[Sqrt[b_.*sin[e_..+f_..*x_]]/Sqrt[c_+d_.*sin[e_..+f_..*x_]],x_Symbol]:=  
2*c*Rt[b*(c+d),2]*Tan[e+f*x]*Sqrt[1+Csc[e+f*x]]*Sqrt[1-Csc[e+f*x]]/(d*f*Sqrt[c^2-d^2])*  
EllipticPi[(c+d)/d,ArcSin[Sqrt[c+d*Sin[e+f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e+f*x]]/Rt[(c+d)/b,2]],-(c+d)/(c-d)] /;  
FreeQ[{b,c,d,e,f},x] && GtQ[c^2-d^2,0] && PosQ[(c+d)/b] && GtQ[c^2,0]
```

$$2: \int \frac{\sqrt{b \sin[e + fx]}}{\sqrt{c + d \sin[e + fx]}} dx \text{ when } c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \wedge \frac{c+d}{b} > 0$$

Rule: If $c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \wedge \frac{c+d}{b} > 0$, then

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \sin[e+fx]}}{\sqrt{c+d \sin[e+fx]}} dx \rightarrow$$

$$\frac{2 b \tan[e+fx]}{d f} \sqrt{\frac{c+d}{b}} \sqrt{\frac{c(1+\csc[e+fx])}{c-d}} \sqrt{\frac{c(1-\csc[e+fx])}{c+d}} \text{EllipticPi}\left[\frac{c+d}{d}, \text{ArcSin}\left[\frac{\sqrt{c+d \sin[e+fx]}}{\sqrt{b \sin[e+fx]}}\right] / \sqrt{\frac{c+d}{b}}, -\frac{c+d}{c-d}\right]$$

Program code:

```
Int[Sqrt[b_.*sin[e_._+f_._*x_]]/Sqrt[c_._+d_._*sin[e_._+f_._*x_]],x_Symbol] :=
  2*b*Tan[e+f*x]/(d*f)*Rt[(c+d)/b,2]*Sqrt[c*(1+Csc[e+f*x])/(c-d)]*Sqrt[c*(1-Csc[e+f*x])/(c+d)]*
  EllipticPi[(c+d)/d,ArcSin[Sqrt[c+d*Sin[e+f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e+f*x]]/Rt[(c+d)/b,2]],-(c+d)/(c-d)] /;
FreeQ[{b,c,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[c^2-d^2,0] && PosQ[(c+d)/b]
```

2: $\int \frac{\sqrt{b \sin[e+fx]}}{\sqrt{c+d \sin[e+fx]}} dx$ when $c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \wedge \frac{c+d}{b} \geq 0$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

Basis: $\partial_x \frac{\sqrt{F[x]}}{\sqrt{-F[x]}} = 0$

Rule: If $c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \wedge \frac{c+d}{b} \geq 0$, then

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \sin[e+fx]}}{\sqrt{c+d \sin[e+fx]}} dx \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{b \sin[e+fx]}}{\sqrt{-b \sin[e+fx]}} \int \frac{\sqrt{-b \sin[e+fx]}}{\sqrt{c+d \sin[e+fx]}} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[Sqrt[b_.*sin[e_._+f_._*x_]]/Sqrt[c_._+d_._*sin[e_._+f_._*x_]],x_Symbol] :=
  Sqrt[b*Sin[e+f*x]]/Sqrt[-b*Sin[e+f*x]]*Int[Sqrt[-b*Sin[e+f*x]]/Sqrt[c+d*Sin[e+f*x]],x] /;
FreeQ[{b,c,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[c^2-d^2,0] && NegQ[(c+d)/b]
```

2. $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]}}{\sqrt{c+d \sin[e+fx]}} dx$ when $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0$

x: $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]}}{\sqrt{d \sin[e+fx]}} dx$ when $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis: $\frac{\sqrt{a+bz}}{\sqrt{dz}} = \frac{a}{\sqrt{a+bz} \sqrt{dz}} + \frac{b \sqrt{dz}}{d \sqrt{a+bz}}$

Rule: If $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0$, then

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]}}{\sqrt{d \sin[e+fx]}} dx \rightarrow a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]} \sqrt{d \sin[e+fx]}} dx + \frac{b}{d} \int \frac{\sqrt{d \sin[e+fx]}}{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]}} dx$$

Program code:

```
(* Int[Sqrt[a_+b_.*sin[e_..+f_.*x_]]/Sqrt[d_.*sin[e_..+f_.*x_]],x_Symbol] :=
  a*Int[1/(Sqrt[a+b*Sin[e+f*x]]*Sqrt[d*Sin[e+f*x]]),x] +
  b/d*Int[Sqrt[d*Sin[e+f*x]]/Sqrt[a+b*Sin[e+f*x]],x] /;
  FreeQ[{a,b,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] *)
```

x: $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]}}{\sqrt{d \sin[e+fx]}} dx$ when $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge \frac{a+b}{d} > 0$

Rule: If $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge \frac{a+b}{d} > 0$, then

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]}}{\sqrt{d \sin[e+fx]}} dx \rightarrow$$

$$\frac{2 (a + b \sin[e + fx])}{d f \sqrt{\frac{a+b}{d}} \cos[e + fx]} \sqrt{\frac{a (1 - \sin[e + fx])}{a + b \sin[e + fx]}} \sqrt{\frac{a (1 + \sin[e + fx])}{a + b \sin[e + fx]}} \text{EllipticPi}\left[\frac{b}{a+b}, \text{ArcSin}\left[\sqrt{\frac{a+b}{d}} \frac{\sqrt{d \sin[e + fx]}}{\sqrt{a + b \sin[e + fx]}}\right], -\frac{a-b}{a+b}\right]$$

Program code:

```
(* Int[Sqrt[a+b.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_]]/Sqrt[d_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_]],x_Symbol] :=
  2*(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])/((d*f*Rt[(a+b)/d,2]*Cos[e+f*x])*Sqrt[a*(1-Sin[e+f*x])/((a+b*Sin[e+f*x])]*Sqrt[a*(1+Sin[e+f*x])/((a+b*Sin[e+f*x])]*
  EllipticPi[b/(a+b),ArcSin[Rt[(a+b)/d,2]*(Sqrt[d*Sin[e+f*x]]/Sqrt[a+b*Sin[e+f*x]]))],-(a-b)/(a+b)] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] && PosQ[(a+b)/d] *)
```

1: $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]}}{\sqrt{c+d \sin[e+fx]}} dx$ when $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \wedge \frac{a+b}{c+d} > 0$

Rule: If $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \wedge \frac{a+b}{c+d} > 0$, then

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]}}{\sqrt{c+d \sin[e+fx]}} dx \rightarrow$$

$$\frac{2 (a+b \sin[e+fx])}{d f \sqrt{\frac{a+b}{c+d}} \cos[e+fx]} \sqrt{\frac{(b c - a d) (1 + \sin[e+fx])}{(c - d) (a + b \sin[e+fx])}}$$

$$\sqrt{-\frac{(b c - a d) (1 - \sin[e+fx])}{(c + d) (a + b \sin[e+fx])}} \text{EllipticPi}\left[\frac{b (c + d)}{d (a + b)}, \text{ArcSin}\left[\sqrt{\frac{a + b}{c + d}} \frac{\sqrt{c + d \sin[e+fx]}}{\sqrt{a + b \sin[e+fx]}}\right], \frac{(a - b) (c + d)}{(a + b) (c - d)}\right]$$

Program code:

```
Int[Sqrt[a_+b_.*sin[e_+f_.*x_]]/Sqrt[c_.+d_.*sin[e_+f_.*x_]],x_Symbol]:=  
2*(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])/((d+f*Rt[(a+b)/(c+d),2]*Cos[e+f*x])*  
Sqrt[(b*c-a*d)*(1+Sin[e+f*x])/((c-d)*(a+b*Sin[e+f*x]))])*  
Sqrt[-(b*c-a*d)*(1-Sin[e+f*x])/((c+d)*(a+b*Sin[e+f*x]))]*  
EllipticPi[b*(c+d)/(d*(a+b)),ArcSin[Rt[(a+b)/(c+d),2]*Sqrt[c+d*Sin[e+f*x]]]/Sqrt[a+b*Sin[e+f*x]]],(a-b)*(c+d)/((a+b)*(c-d))];  
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] && NeQ[c^2-d^2,0] && PosQ[(a+b)/(c+d)]
```

2: $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]}}{\sqrt{c+d \sin[e+fx]}} dx$ when $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \wedge \frac{a+b}{c+d} \neq 0$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

Basis: $\partial_x \frac{\sqrt{F[x]}}{\sqrt{-F[x]}} = 0$

Rule: If $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \wedge \frac{a+b}{c+d} \geq 0$, then

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]}}{\sqrt{c+d \sin[e+fx]}} dx \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{-c-d \sin[e+fx]}}{\sqrt{c+d \sin[e+fx]}} \int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]}}{\sqrt{-c-d \sin[e+fx]}} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[Sqrt[a_+b_.*sin[e_._+f_._*x_]]/Sqrt[c_._+d_.*sin[e_._+f_._*x_]],x_Symbol] :=
  Sqrt[-c-d*Sin[e+f*x]]/Sqrt[c+d*Sin[e+f*x]]*Int[Sqrt[a+b*Sin[e+f*x]]/Sqrt[-c-d*Sin[e+f*x]],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] && NeQ[c^2-d^2,0] && NegQ[(a+b)/(c+d)]
```

8. $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]} \sqrt{c+d \sin[e+fx]}} dx$ when $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0$

1. $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]} \sqrt{d \sin[e+fx]}} dx$ when $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0$

1. $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]} \sqrt{d \sin[e+fx]}} dx$ when $a^2 - b^2 < 0 \wedge b^2 > 0$

1: $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]} \sqrt{d \sin[e+fx]}} dx$ when $a^2 - b^2 < 0 \wedge d^2 = 1 \wedge b d > 0$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

Basis: If $a^2 - b^2 < 0 \wedge d^2 = 1 \wedge b d > 0$, then

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]} \sqrt{d \sin[e+fx]}} = -\frac{2d}{f \sqrt{a+b d}} \text{Subst} \left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} \sqrt{\frac{(a-b d)x^2}{a+b d}}}}, x, \frac{\cos[e+fx]}{1+d \sin[e+fx]} \right] \partial_x \frac{\cos[e+fx]}{1+d \sin[e+fx]}$$

Rule: If $a^2 - b^2 < 0 \wedge d^2 = 1 \wedge b d > 0$, then

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]} \sqrt{d \sin[e+fx]}} dx \rightarrow -\frac{2d}{f \sqrt{a+b d}} \text{Subst} \left[\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{1+\frac{(a-b d)x^2}{a+b d}}} dx, x, \frac{\cos[e+fx]}{1+d \sin[e+fx]} \right]$$

$$\rightarrow -\frac{2d}{f \sqrt{a+b d}} \text{EllipticF} \left[\text{ArcSin} \left[\frac{\cos[e+fx]}{1+d \sin[e+fx]} \right], -\frac{a-b d}{a+b d} \right]$$

Program code:

```
Int[1/(Sqrt[a+b.*sin[e.+f.*x_]]*Sqrt[d.*sin[e.+f.*x_]]),x_Symbol]:=  
-2*d/(f*Sqrt[a+b*d])*EllipticF[ArcSin[Cos[e+f*x]/(1+d*Sin[e+f*x])],-(a-b*d)/(a+b*d)] /;  
FreeQ[{a,b,d,e,f},x] && LtQ[a^2-b^2,0] && EqQ[d^2,1] && GtQ[b*d,0]
```

2: $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]} \sqrt{d \sin[e+fx]}} dx$ when $a^2 - b^2 < 0 \wedge b^2 > 0 \wedge \neg(d^2 == 1 \wedge b d > 0)$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

Basis: $\partial_x \frac{\sqrt{b F[x]}}{\sqrt{d F[x]}} = 0$

Rule: If $a^2 - b^2 < 0 \wedge b^2 > 0 \wedge \neg(d^2 == 1 \wedge b d > 0)$, then

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]} \sqrt{d \sin[e+fx]}} dx \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{\text{Sign}[b] \sin[e+fx]}}{\sqrt{d \sin[e+fx]}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]} \sqrt{\text{Sign}[b] \sin[e+fx]}} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[1/(Sqrt[a+b.*sin[e.+f.*x_]]*Sqrt[d.*sin[e.+f.*x_]]),x_Symbol]:=  
Sqrt[Sign[b]*Sin[e+f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Sin[e+f*x]]*Int[1/(Sqrt[a+b*Sin[e+f*x]]*Sqrt[Sign[b]*Sin[e+f*x]]),x] /;  
FreeQ[{a,b,d,e,f},x] && LtQ[a^2-b^2,0] && GtQ[b^2,0] && Not[EqQ[d^2,1] && GtQ[b*d,0]]
```

2. $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]} \sqrt{d \sin[e+fx]}} dx$ when $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge \frac{a+b}{d} > 0$

1: $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]} \sqrt{d \sin[e+fx]}} dx$ when $a^2 - b^2 > 0 \wedge \frac{a+b}{d} > 0 \wedge a^2 > 0$

Rule: If $a^2 - b^2 > 0 \wedge \frac{a+b}{d} > 0 \wedge a^2 > 0$, then

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]} \sqrt{d \sin[e+fx]}} dx \rightarrow -\frac{2 \sqrt{a^2} \sqrt{-\cot[e+fx]^2}}{a f \sqrt{a^2 - b^2} \cot[e+fx]} \sqrt{\frac{a+b}{d}} \text{EllipticF}\left[\text{ArcSin}\left[\frac{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]}}{\sqrt{d \sin[e+fx]}}\right] / \sqrt{\frac{a+b}{d}}, -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right]$$

Program code:

```
Int[1/(Sqrt[a+b.*sin[e.+f.*x_]]*Sqrt[d.*sin[e.+f.*x_]]),x_Symbol] :=
-2*Sqrt[a^2]*Sqrt[-Cot[e+f*x]^2]/(a*f*Sqrt[a^2-b^2]*Cot[e+f*x])*Rt[(a+b)/d,2]*
EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a+b*Sin[e+f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Sin[e+f*x]]/Rt[(a+b)/d,2]],-(a+b)/(a-b)] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,d,e,f},x] && GtQ[a^2-b^2,0] && PosQ[(a+b)/d] && GtQ[a^2,0]
```

2: $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]} \sqrt{d \sin[e+fx]}} dx$ when $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge \frac{a+b}{d} > 0$

Rule: If $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge \frac{a+b}{d} > 0$, then

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]} \sqrt{d \sin[e+fx]}} dx \rightarrow$$

$$-\frac{2 \tan[e+fx]}{af} \sqrt{\frac{a+b}{d}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\csc[e+fx])}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\csc[e+fx])}{a-b}} \text{EllipticF}\left[\text{ArcSin}\left[\frac{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]}}{\sqrt{d \sin[e+fx]}}\right] / \sqrt{\frac{a+b}{d}}, -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right]$$

Program code:

```
Int[1/(Sqrt[a+b.*sin[e.+f.*x_]]*Sqrt[d_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_]]),x_Symbol]:=  
-2*Tan[e+f*x]/(a*f)*Rt[(a+b)/d,2]*Sqrt[a*(1-Csc[e+f*x])/(a+b)]*Sqrt[a*(1+Csc[e+f*x])/(a-b)]*  
EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a+b*Sin[e+f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Sin[e+f*x]]/Rt[(a+b)/d,2]],-(a+b)/(a-b)]/;  
FreeQ[{a,b,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] && PosQ[(a+b)/d]
```

3: $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]} \sqrt{d \sin[e+fx]}} dx$ when $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge \frac{a+b}{d} \neq 0$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

Basis: $\partial_x \frac{\sqrt{-F[x]}}{\sqrt{F[x]}} = 0$

Rule: If $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge \frac{a+b}{d} \neq 0$, then

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]} \sqrt{d \sin[e+fx]}} dx \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{-d \sin[e+fx]}}{\sqrt{d \sin[e+fx]}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]} \sqrt{-d \sin[e+fx]}} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[1/(Sqrt[a+b.*sin[e.+f.*x_]]*Sqrt[d.*sin[e.+f.*x_]]),x_Symbol]:=  
  Sqrt[-d*Sin[e+f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Sin[e+f*x]]*Int[1/(Sqrt[a+b*Sin[e+f*x]]*Sqrt[-d*Sin[e+f*x]]),x] /;  
FreeQ[{a,b,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] && NegQ[(a+b)/d]
```

2. $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]} \sqrt{c+d \sin[e+fx]}} dx$ when $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0$

1: $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]} \sqrt{c+d \sin[e+fx]}} dx$ when $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \wedge \frac{c+d}{a+b} > 0$

Note: Alternative antiderivative contributed via email by Martin Welz on 12 April 2014.

Rule: If $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \wedge \frac{c+d}{a+b} > 0$, then

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]} \sqrt{c+d \sin[e+fx]}} dx \rightarrow$$

$$\frac{2 (c + d \sin[e + fx])}{f (b c - a d) \sqrt{\frac{c+d}{a+b}} \cos[e + fx]} \sqrt{\frac{(b c - a d) (1 - \sin[e + fx])}{(a + b) (c + d \sin[e + fx])}}$$

$$\sqrt{-\frac{(b c - a d) (1 + \sin[e + fx])}{(a - b) (c + d \sin[e + fx])}} \text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}\left[\sqrt{\frac{c+d}{a+b}} \frac{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]}}{\sqrt{c+d \sin[e+fx]}}\right], \frac{(a+b) (c-d)}{(a-b) (c+d)}]$$

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]} \sqrt{c+d \sin[e+fx]}} dx \rightarrow$$

$$\frac{2 (1 - \sin[e + fx])}{f \sqrt{-\frac{a+b}{a-b}} \sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]} \sqrt{c+d \sin[e+fx]}} \sqrt{\frac{a+b \sin[e+fx]}{(a-b) (1 - \sin[e+fx])}}$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{c+d \sin[e+fx]}{(c-d) (1 - \sin[e+fx])}} \text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}\left[\sqrt{-\frac{a+b}{a-b}} \frac{1 + \sin[e+fx]}{\cos[e+fx]}\right], \frac{(a-b) (c+d)}{(a+b) (c-d)}]$$

Program code:

```

Int[1/(Sqrt[a_+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_]]*Sqrt[c_+d_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_]]),x_Symbol]:= 
2*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])/({f*(b*c-a*d)*Rt[(c+d)/(a+b),2]*Cos[e+f*x])* 
Sqrt[(b*c-a*d)*(1-Sin[e+f*x])/((a+b)*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x]))]* 
Sqrt[-(b*c-a*d)*(1+Sin[e+f*x])/((a-b)*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x]))]* 
EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[(c+d)/(a+b),2]*(Sqrt[a+b*Sin[e+f*x]]/Sqrt[c+d*Sin[e+f*x]])],(a+b)*(c-d)/((a-b)*(c+d))]; 
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] && NeQ[c^2-d^2,0] && PosQ[(c+d)/(a+b)]

```

2: $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]} \sqrt{c+d \sin[e+fx]}} dx$ when $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \wedge \frac{c+d}{a+b} \neq 0$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

Basis: $\partial_x \frac{\sqrt{-F[x]}}{\sqrt{F[x]}} = 0$

Rule: If $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \wedge \frac{c+d}{a+b} \geq 0$, then

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+f x]} \sqrt{c+d \sin[e+f x]}} dx \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{-a-b \sin[e+f x]}}{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+f x]}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-a-b \sin[e+f x]} \sqrt{c+d \sin[e+f x]}} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[1/(Sqrt[a_+b_.*sin[e_+f_.*x_]]*Sqrt[c_+d_.*sin[e_+f_.*x_]]),x_Symbol]:=  
  Sqrt[-a-b*Sin[e+f*x]]/Sqrt[a+b*Sin[e+f*x]]*Int[1/(Sqrt[-a-b*Sin[e+f*x]]*Sqrt[c+d*Sin[e+f*x]]),x] /;  
  FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] && NeQ[c^2-d^2,0] && NegQ[(c+d)/(a+b)]
```

9: $\int \frac{(d \sin[e+f x])^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+f x]}} dx$ when $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis: $(d z)^{3/2} = -\frac{a d \sqrt{d z}}{2 b} + \frac{d \sqrt{d z} (a+2 b z)}{2 b}$

Rule: If $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0$, then

$$\int \frac{(d \sin[e+f x])^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+f x]}} dx \rightarrow -\frac{a d}{2 b} \int \frac{\sqrt{d \sin[e+f x]}}{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+f x]}} dx + \frac{d}{2 b} \int \frac{\sqrt{d \sin[e+f x]} (a+2 b \sin[e+f x])}{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+f x]}} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(d_.*sin[e_+f_.*x_])^(3/2)/Sqrt[a_+b_.*sin[e_+f_.*x_]],x_Symbol]:=  
  -a*d/(2*b)*Int[Sqrt[d*Sin[e+f*x]]/Sqrt[a+b*Sin[e+f*x]],x] +  
  d/(2*b)*Int[Sqrt[d*Sin[e+f*x]]*(a+2*b*Sin[e+f*x])/Sqrt[a+b*Sin[e+f*x]],x] /;  
  FreeQ[{a,b,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0]
```

10: $\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx])^n dx$ when $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \wedge 0 < m < 2 \wedge -1 < n < 2$

Derivation: Nondegenerate sine recurrence 1b with $A \rightarrow a c$, $B \rightarrow b c + a d$, $C \rightarrow b d$, $m \rightarrow m - 1$, $n \rightarrow n - 1$, $p \rightarrow 0$

Rule: If $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \wedge 0 < m < 2 \wedge -1 < n < 2$, then

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx])^n dx \rightarrow \\ & - \frac{b \cos[e + fx] (a + b \sin[e + fx])^{m-1} (c + d \sin[e + fx])^n}{f(m+n)} + \\ & \frac{1}{d(m+n)} \int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^{m-2} (c + d \sin[e + fx])^{n-1}. \end{aligned}$$

$$(a^2 c d (m+n) + b d (b c (m-1) + a d n) + (a d (2 b c + a d) (m+n) - b d (a c - b d (m+n-1))) \sin[e+fx] + b d (b c n + a d (2 m+n-1)) \sin[e+fx]^2) dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(a_.+b_.*sin[e_._+f_._*x_])^m_*(c_.+d_.*sin[e_._+f_._*x_])^n_,x_Symbol]:=  
-b*Cos[e+f*x]*(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^(m-1)*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^n/(f*(m+n))+  
1/(d*(m+n))*Int[(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^(m-2)*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^(n-1)*  
Simp[a^2*c*d*(m+n)+b*d*(b*c*(m-1)+a*d*n)+  
(a*d*(2*b*c+a*d)*(m+n)-b*d*(a*c-b*d*(m+n-1)))*Sin[e+f*x]+  
b*d*(b*c*n+a*d*(2*m+n-1))*Sin[e+f*x]^2,x]/;  
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] && NeQ[c^2-d^2,0] && LtQ[0,m,2] && LtQ[-1,n,2] && NeQ[m+n,0] &&  
(IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[2*m,2*n])
```

11: $\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx])^n dx$ when $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z}^+$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis: $a + b z = \frac{b(c+dz)}{d} - \frac{bc-ad}{d}$

Rule: If $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then

$$\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx])^n dx \rightarrow \\ \frac{b}{d} \int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^{m-1} (c + d \sin[e + fx])^{n+1} dx - \frac{b c - a d}{d} \int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^{m-1} (c + d \sin[e + fx])^n dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(a_..+b_..*sin[e_..+f_..*x_])^m_*(c_..+d_..*sin[e_..+f_..*x_])^n_,x_Symbol]:=\\
b/d*Int[(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^(m-1)*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^(n+1),x]-
(b*c-a*d)/d*Int[(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^(m-1)*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^n,x]/;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,n},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && IGtQ[m,0]
```

12. $\int (d \sin[e + fx])^n (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m dx$ when $a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z}^-$

1: $\int \frac{(d \sin[e + fx])^n}{a + b \sin[e + fx]} dx$ when $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis: $\frac{1}{a+bz} = \frac{a}{a^2-b^2 z^2} - \frac{b z}{a^2-b^2 z^2}$

Rule: If $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0$, then

$$\int \frac{(d \sin[e + fx])^n}{a + b \sin[e + fx]} dx \rightarrow a \int \frac{(d \sin[e + fx])^n}{a^2 - b^2 \sin[e + fx]^2} dx - \frac{b}{d} \int \frac{(d \sin[e + fx])^{n+1}}{a^2 - b^2 \sin[e + fx]^2} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(d_..*sin[e_..+f_..*x_])^n_/(a_..+b_..*sin[e_..+f_..*x_]),x_Symbol]:=\\
a*Int[(d*Sin[e+f*x])^n/(a^2-b^2*Sin[e+f*x]^2),x]-
b/d*Int[(d*Sin[e+f*x])^(n+1)/(a^2-b^2*Sin[e+f*x]^2),x]/;
FreeQ[{a,b,d,e,f,n},x] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0]
```

2: $\int (d \sin[e + fx])^n (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m dx$ when $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge m + 1 \in \mathbb{Z}^-$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis: $\frac{1}{a+bz} = \frac{a-bz}{a^2-b^2z^2}$

Rule: If $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge m + 1 \in \mathbb{Z}^-$, then

$$\int (d \sin[e + fx])^n (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m dx \rightarrow \int \text{ExpandTrig}\left[\frac{(d \sin[e + fx])^n (a - b \sin[e + fx])^{-m}}{(a^2 - b^2 \sin[e + fx]^2)^{-m}}, x\right] dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(a+b.*sin[e.+f.*x_])^m.* (d.*sin[e.+f.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol]:=  
  Int[ExpandTrig[(d*sin[e+f*x])^n*(a-b*sin[e+f*x])^(-m)/(a^2-b^2*sin[e+f*x]^2)^(-m),x],x]/;  
  FreeQ[{a,b,d,e,f,n},x] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] && ILtQ[m,-1]
```

x: $\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx])^n dx$ when $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0$

Rule: If $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge c^2 - d^2 \neq 0$, then

$$\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx])^n dx \rightarrow \int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx])^n dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(a.+b.*sin[e.+f.*x_])^m.* (c.+d.*sin[e.+f.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol]:=  
  Unintegrable[(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^m*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^n,x]/;  
  FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m,n},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] && NeQ[c^2-d^2,0]
```

Rules for integrands of the form $(a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c (d \sin[e + fx])^p)^n$

x: $\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (d \csc[e + fx])^n dx$ when $n \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Algebraic normalization

Basis: If $m \in \mathbb{Z}$, then $(a + b \sin[z])^m = \frac{d^m (b+a \csc[z])^m}{(d \csc[z])^m}$

Note: Although this rule does not introduce a piecewise constant factor, it is better to stay in the sine/cosine world than the secant/cosecant world.

- Rule: If $n \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (d \csc[e + fx])^n dx \rightarrow d^m \int (d \csc[e + fx])^{n-m} (b + a \csc[e + fx])^m dx$$

Program code:

```
(* Int[ (a_.+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_.* (d_./sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=  
  d^m*Int[ (d*Csc[e+f*x])^(n-m) * (b+a*Csc[e+f*x])^m,x] /;  
  FreeQ[{a,b,d,e,f,n},x] && Not[IntegerQ[n]] && IntegerQ[m] *)
```

```
(* Int[ (a_.+b_.*cos[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_.* (d_./cos[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=  
  d^m*Int[ (d*Sec[e+f*x])^(n-m) * (b+a*Sec[e+f*x])^m,x] /;  
  FreeQ[{a,b,d,e,f,n},x] && Not[IntegerQ[n]] && IntegerQ[m] *)
```

1: $\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c (d \sin[e + fx])^p)^n dx$ when $n \notin \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

Basis: $\partial_x \frac{(c (d \sin[e+fx])^p)^n}{(d \sin[e+fx])^{np}} = 0$

Rule: If $n \notin \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c (d \sin[e + fx])^p)^n dx \rightarrow \frac{c^{\text{IntPart}[n]} (c (d \sin[e + fx])^p)^{\text{FracPart}[n]}}{(d \sin[e + fx])^{p \text{FracPart}[n]}} \int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (d \sin[e + fx])^{np} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(a_.*b_.*sin[e_.*f_.*x_])^m_.* (c_.*(d_.*sin[e_.*f_.*x_])^p_.)^n_,x_Symbol]:=  
c^IntPart[n]* (c*(d*Sin[e+f*x])^p)^FracPart[n]/(d*Sin[e+f*x])^(p*FracPart[n])*  
Int[(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^m*(d*Sin[e+f*x])^(n*p),x] /;  
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m,n,p},x] && Not[IntegerQ[n]]
```

```
Int[(a_.*b_.*cos[e_.*f_.*x_])^m_.* (c_.*(d_.*cos[e_.*f_.*x_])^p_.)^n_,x_Symbol]:=  
c^IntPart[n]* (c*(d*Cos[e+f*x])^p)^FracPart[n]/(d*Cos[e+f*x])^(p*FracPart[n])*  
Int[(a+b*Cos[e+f*x])^m*(d*Cos[e+f*x])^(n*p),x] /;  
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m,n,p},x] && Not[IntegerQ[n]]
```

Rules for integrands of the form $(a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \csc[e + fx])^n$

1: $\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \csc[e + fx])^n dx$ when $n \in \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Algebraic normalization

Basis: $c + d \csc[z] = \frac{d + c \sin[z]}{\sin[z]}$

- Rule: If $n \in \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \csc[e + fx])^n dx \rightarrow \int \frac{(a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (d + c \sin[e + fx])^n}{\sin[e + fx]^n} dx$$

- Program code:

```
Int[(a_+b_.*sin[e_._+f_._*x_])^m_.* (c_+d_.*csc[e_._+f_._*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol]:=  
  Int[(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^m*(d+c*Sin[e+f*x])^n/Sin[e+f*x]^n,x]/;  
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m},x] && IntegerQ[n]
```

2. $\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \csc[e + fx])^n dx$ when $n \notin \mathbb{Z}$

1: $\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \csc[e + fx])^n dx$ when $n \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Algebraic normalization

Basis: $a + b \sin[z] = \frac{b + a \csc[z]}{\csc[z]}$

- Rule: If $n \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \csc[e + fx])^n dx \rightarrow \int \frac{(b + a \csc[e + fx])^m (c + d \csc[e + fx])^n}{\csc[e + fx]^m} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(a+b.*sin[e.+f.*x_])^m.* (c+d.*csc[e.+f.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
  Int[(b+a*Csc[e+f*x])^m*(c+d*Csc[e+f*x])^n/Csc[e+f*x]^m,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,n},x] && Not[IntegerQ[n]] && IntegerQ[m]
```

```
Int[(a+b.*cos[e.+f.*x_])^m.* (c+d.*sec[e.+f.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
  Int[(b+a*Sec[e+f*x])^m*(c+d*Sec[e+f*x])^n/Sec[e+f*x]^m,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,n},x] && Not[IntegerQ[n]] && IntegerQ[m]
```

2: $\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \csc[e + fx])^n dx$ when $n \notin \mathbb{Z}$ \wedge $m \notin \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

Basis: $\partial_x \frac{(c+d \csc[e+fx])^n \sin[e+fx]^n}{(d+c \sin[e+fx])^n} = 0$

Rule: If $n \notin \mathbb{Z}$ \wedge $m \notin \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \csc[e + fx])^n dx \rightarrow \frac{(c + d \csc[e + fx])^n \sin[e + fx]^n}{(d + c \sin[e + fx])^n} \int \frac{(a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (d + c \sin[e + fx])^n}{\sin[e + fx]^n} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(a+b.*sin[e.+f.*x_])^m.* (c+d.*csc[e.+f.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
  Sin[e+f*x]^n*(c+d*Csc[e+f*x])^n/(d+c*Sin[e+f*x])^n*Int[(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^m*(d+c*Sin[e+f*x])^n/Sin[e+f*x]^n,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m,n},x] && Not[IntegerQ[n]] && Not[IntegerQ[m]]
```

```
Int[(a+b.*cos[e.+f.*x_])^m.* (c+d.*sec[e.+f.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
  Cos[e+f*x]^n*(c+d*Sec[e+f*x])^n/(d+c*Cos[e+f*x])^n*Int[(a+b*Cos[e+f*x])^m*(d+c*Cos[e+f*x])^n/Cos[e+f*x]^n,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m,n},x] && Not[IntegerQ[n]] && Not[IntegerQ[m]]
```

