

Rules for integrands involving exponentials of inverse tangents

$$1. \int u e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[ax]} dx$$

$$1. \int x^m e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[ax]} dx$$

1: $\int x^m e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[ax]} dx$ when $\frac{i n - 1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Algebraic simplification

Basis: $e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[z]} = \frac{(1 - iz)^{\frac{i n + 1}{2}}}{(1 + iz)^{\frac{i n - 1}{2}} \sqrt{1 + z^2}}$

Rule: If $\frac{i n - 1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int x^m e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[ax]} dx \rightarrow \int x^m \frac{(1 - ia x)^{\frac{i n + 1}{2}}}{(1 + ia x)^{\frac{i n - 1}{2}} \sqrt{1 + a^2 x^2}} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[E^(n_*ArcTan[a_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
  Int[((1-I*a*x)^( (I*n+1)/2)/((1+I*a*x)^( (I*n-1)/2)*Sqrt[1+a^2*x^2])),x] /;
FreeQ[a,x] && IntegerQ[(I*n-1)/2]
```

```
Int[x_^m_.*E^(n_*ArcTan[a_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
  Int[x^m*((1-I*a*x)^( (I*n+1)/2)/((1+I*a*x)^( (I*n-1)/2)*Sqrt[1+a^2*x^2])),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,m},x] && IntegerQ[(I*n-1)/2]
```

2: $\int x^m e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[ax]} dx$ when $\frac{i n - 1}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Algebraic simplification

Basis: $e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[z]} = \frac{(1 - iz)^{\frac{i n}{2}}}{(1 + iz)^{\frac{i n}{2}}}$

Rule: If $\frac{i n - 1}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int x^m e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[ax]} dx \rightarrow \int x^m \frac{(1 - \frac{i}{2} ax)^{\frac{i n}{2}}}{(1 + \frac{i}{2} ax)^{\frac{i n}{2}}} dx$$

— Program code:

```
Int[E^(n.*ArcTan[a.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
  Int[(1-I*a*x)^(I*n/2)/(1+I*a*x)^(I*n/2),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,n},x] && Not[IntegerQ[(I*n-1)/2]]
```

```
Int[x_^m_.*E^(n.*ArcTan[a._*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
  Int[x^m*(1-I*a*x)^(I*n/2)/(1+I*a*x)^(I*n/2),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,m,n},x] && Not[IntegerQ[(I*n-1)/2]]
```

2. $\int u (c + d x)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[a x]} dx$ when $a^2 c^2 + d^2 = 0$

1: $\int u (c + d x)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[a x]} dx$ when $a^2 c^2 + d^2 = 0 \wedge (p \in \mathbb{Z} \vee c > 0)$

Derivation: Algebraic simplification

Basis: $\operatorname{ArcTan}[z] = -\frac{i}{2} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{i}{2} z\right]$

Basis: $e^{n \operatorname{ArcTanh}[z]} = \frac{(1+z)^{n/2}}{(1-z)^{n/2}}$

Note: Since $a^2 c^2 + d^2 = 0$, the factor $(1 + \frac{d x}{c})^p$ will combine with one of the factors $(1 - \frac{i}{2} a x)^{\frac{i n}{2}}$ or $(1 + \frac{i}{2} a x)^{-\frac{i n}{2}}$.

Rule: If $a^2 c^2 + d^2 = 0 \wedge (p \in \mathbb{Z} \vee c > 0)$, then

$$\int u (c + d x)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[a x]} dx \rightarrow c^p \int u \left(1 + \frac{d x}{c}\right)^p \frac{(1 - \frac{i}{2} a x)^{\frac{i n}{2}}}{(1 + \frac{i}{2} a x)^{\frac{i n}{2}}} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[u_.*(c_+d_.*x_)^p_.*E^(n_.*ArcTan[a_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
  c^p*Int[u*(1+d*x/c)^(p*(1-I*a*x)^(I*n/2)/(1+I*a*x)^(I*n/2),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,n,p},x] && EqQ[a^2*c^2+d^2,0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[c,0])
```

2: $\int u (c + d x)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[a x]} dx$ when $a^2 c^2 + d^2 = 0 \wedge (p \in \mathbb{Z} \vee c > 0)$

Derivation: Algebraic simplification

Basis: $\operatorname{ArcTan}[z] = -\frac{i}{2} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{i}{2} z\right]$

Basis: $e^{n \operatorname{ArcTanh}[z]} = \frac{(1+z)^{n/2}}{(1-z)^{n/2}}$

Note: Since $a^2 c^2 + d^2 = 0$, the factor $(c + d x)^p$ will combine with one of the factors $(1 - \frac{i}{2} a x)^{\frac{i n}{2}}$ or $(1 + \frac{i}{2} a x)^{-\frac{i n}{2}}$ after piecewise

constant extraction.

- Rule: If $a^2 c^2 + d^2 = 0 \wedge \neg (p \in \mathbb{Z} \vee c > 0)$, then

$$\int u (c + dx)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[ax]} dx \rightarrow \int \frac{u (c + dx)^p (1 - \frac{i}{2} ax)^{\frac{i n}{2}}}{(1 + \frac{i}{2} ax)^{\frac{i n}{2}}} dx$$

- Program code:

```
Int[u_.*(c_+d_.*x_)^p_.*E^(n_.*ArcTan[a_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
  Int[u*(c+d*x)^p*(1-I*a*x)^(I*n/2)/(1+I*a*x)^(I*n/2),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,n,p},x] && EqQ[a^2*c^2+d^2,0] && Not[IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[c,0]]
```

3. $\int u \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[ax]} dx$ when $c^2 + a^2 d^2 = 0$

1: $\int u \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[ax]} dx$ when $c^2 + a^2 d^2 = 0 \wedge p \in \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Algebraic simplification

Basis: If $p \in \mathbb{Z}$, then $\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^p = \frac{d^p}{x^p} \left(1 + \frac{cx}{d}\right)^p$

Rule: If $c^2 + a^2 d^2 = 0 \wedge p \in \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int u \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[ax]} dx \rightarrow d^p \int \frac{u}{x^p} \left(1 + \frac{cx}{d}\right)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[ax]} dx$$

- Program code:

```
Int[u_.*(c_+d_./x_)^p_.*E^(n_.*ArcTan[a_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
  d^p*Int[u/x^p*(1+c*x/d)^p*E^(n*ArcTan[a*x]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,n},x] && EqQ[c^2+a^2*d^2,0] && IntegerQ[p]
```

2. $\int u \left(c + \frac{d}{x} \right)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[ax]} dx$ when $c^2 + a^2 d^2 = 0 \wedge p \notin \mathbb{Z}$

1. $\int u \left(c + \frac{d}{x} \right)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[ax]} dx$ when $c^2 + a^2 d^2 = 0 \wedge p \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge \frac{\frac{i}{2}n}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$

1: $\int u \left(c + \frac{d}{x} \right)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[ax]} dx$ when $c^2 + a^2 d^2 = 0 \wedge p \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge \frac{\frac{i}{2}n}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge c > 0$

Derivation: Algebraic simplification

Basis: $\operatorname{ArcTan}[z] = -\frac{i}{2} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{1}{iz}\right]$

Basis: If $\frac{n}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$, then $e^{n \operatorname{ArcTanh}[z]} = \frac{(1+z)^{n/2}}{(1-z)^{n/2}} = (-1)^{n/2} \frac{\left(1+\frac{1}{z}\right)^{n/2}}{\left(1-\frac{1}{z}\right)^{n/2}}$

Note: Since $c^2 + a^2 d^2 = 0$, the factor $\left(1 + \frac{d}{cx}\right)^p$ will combine with the factor $(1 - \frac{1}{iax})^{\frac{i}{2}n}$ or $(1 + \frac{1}{iax})^{-\frac{i}{2}n}$.

Rule: If $c^2 + a^2 d^2 = 0 \wedge p \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge \frac{\frac{i}{2}n}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge c > 0$, then

$$\int u \left(c + \frac{d}{x} \right)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTanh}[ax]} dx \rightarrow \int u \left(c + \frac{d}{x} \right)^p e^{-\frac{i}{2}n \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{1}{iax}\right]} dx \rightarrow (-1)^{n/2} c^p \int u \left(1 + \frac{d}{cx} \right)^p \frac{\left(1 - \frac{1}{iax}\right)^{\frac{i}{2}n}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{iax}\right)^{\frac{i}{2}n}} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[u_.*(c_+d_./x_)^p_*E^(n_*ArcTanh[a_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
  (-1)^(n/2)*c^p*Int[u*(1+d/(c*x))^p*(1-1/(I*a*x))^(I*n/2)/(1+1/(I*a*x))^(I*n/2),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,p},x] && EqQ[c^2+a^2*d^2,0] && Not[IntegerQ[p]] && IntegerQ[I*n/2] && GtQ[c,0]
```

$$2: \int u \left(c + \frac{d}{x} \right)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[ax]} dx \text{ when } c^2 + a^2 d^2 = 0 \wedge p \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge \frac{\frac{i}{2}n}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge \neg(c > 0)$$

Derivation: Algebraic simplification

Basis: $\operatorname{ArcTan}[z] = -\frac{i}{2} \operatorname{Arctanh}\left[\frac{i}{2}z\right]$

Basis: $e^{n \operatorname{ArcTanh}[z]} = \frac{(1+z)^{n/2}}{(1-z)^{n/2}}$

Rule: If $c^2 + a^2 d^2 = 0 \wedge p \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge \frac{\frac{i}{2}n}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge \neg(c > 0)$, then

$$\int u \left(c + \frac{d}{x} \right)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[ax]} dx \rightarrow \int u \left(c + \frac{d}{x} \right)^p e^{-\frac{i}{2}n \operatorname{Arctanh}\left[\frac{i}{2}ax\right]} dx \rightarrow \int u \left(c + \frac{d}{x} \right)^p \frac{(1 - \frac{i}{2}ax)^{\frac{i}{2}n}}{(1 + \frac{i}{2}ax)^{\frac{i}{2}n}} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[u_.*(c_+d_./x_)^p_*E^(n_*ArcTan[a_.*x_]),x_Symbol]:=  
  Int[u*(c+d/x)^p*(1-I*a*x)^(I*n/2)/(1+I*a*x)^(I*n/2),x]/;  
FreeQ[{a,c,d,p},x] && EqQ[c^2+a^2*d^2,0] && Not[IntegerQ[p]] && IntegerQ[I*n/2] && Not[GtQ[c,0]]
```

$$2: \int u \left(c + \frac{d}{x} \right)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[ax]} dx \text{ when } c^2 + a^2 d^2 = 0 \wedge p \notin \mathbb{Z}$$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

$$\text{Basis: } \partial_x \frac{x^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x} \right)^p}{\left(1 + \frac{c x}{d} \right)^p} = 0$$

Rule: If $c^2 + a^2 d^2 = 0 \wedge p \notin \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int u \left(c + \frac{d}{x} \right)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[ax]} dx \rightarrow \frac{x^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x} \right)^p}{\left(1 + \frac{c x}{d} \right)^p} \int \frac{u}{x^p} \left(1 + \frac{c x}{d} \right)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[ax]} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[u_.*(c_+d_./x_)^p_*E^(n_.*ArcTan[a_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
  x^p*(c+d/x)^p/(1+c*x/d)^p*Int[u/x^p*(1+c*x/d)^p*E^(n*ArcTan[a*x]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,n,p},x] && EqQ[c^2+a^2*d^2,0] && Not[IntegerQ[p]]
```

4. $\int u (c + d x^2)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[a x]} dx$ when $d == a^2 c$

1. $\int (c + d x^2)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[a x]} dx$ when $d == a^2 c$

1. $\int (c + d x^2)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[a x]} dx$ when $d == a^2 c \wedge p < -1 \wedge n \notin \mathbb{Z}$

1: $\int \frac{e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[a x]}}{(c + d x^2)^{3/2}} dx$ when $d == a^2 c \wedge n \notin \mathbb{Z}$

Rule: If $d == a^2 c \wedge n \notin \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int \frac{e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[a x]}}{(c + d x^2)^{3/2}} dx \rightarrow \frac{(n + a x) e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[a x]}}{a c (n^2 + 1) \sqrt{c + d x^2}}$$

Program code:

```
Int[E^(n.*ArcTan[a.*x_])/(c_+d_.*x_^2)^(3/2),x_Symbol]:=  
  (n+a*x)*E^(n*ArcTan[a*x])/((a*c*(n^2+1)*Sqrt[c+d*x^2]) /;  
  FreeQ[{a,c,d,n},x] && EqQ[d,a^2*c] && Not[IntegerQ[I*n]]
```

2: $\int (c + d x^2)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[a x]} dx$ when $d = a^2 c \wedge p < -1 \wedge n \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge n^2 + 4 (p + 1)^2 \neq 0$

Rule: If $d = a^2 c \wedge p < -1 \wedge n \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge n^2 + 4 (p + 1)^2 \neq 0$, then

$$\int (c + d x^2)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[a x]} dx \rightarrow \frac{(n - 2 a (p + 1) x) (c + d x^2)^{p+1} e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[a x]}}{a c (n^2 + 4 (p + 1)^2)} + \frac{2 (p + 1) (2 p + 3)}{c (n^2 + 4 (p + 1)^2)} \int (c + d x^2)^{p+1} e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[a x]} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(c_+d_.*x_^2)^p_*E^(n_.*ArcTan[a_.*x_]),x_Symbol]:=  
  (n-2*a*(p+1)*x)*(c+d*x^2)^(p+1)*E^(n*ArcTan[a*x])/ (a*c*(n^2+4*(p+1)^2)) +  
  2*(p+1)*(2*p+3)/(c*(n^2+4*(p+1)^2))*Int[(c+d*x^2)^(p+1)*E^(n*ArcTan[a*x]),x];;  
FreeQ[{a,c,d,n},x] && EqQ[d,a^2*c] && LtQ[p,-1] && Not[IntegerQ[I*n]] && NeQ[n^2+4*(p+1)^2,0] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

2. $\int (c + d x^2)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[a x]} dx$ when $d = a^2 c \wedge (p \in \mathbb{Z} \vee c > 0)$

1: $\int \frac{e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[a x]}}{c + d x^2} dx$ when $d = a^2 c$

Rule: If $d = a^2 c$, then

$$\int \frac{e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[a x]}}{c + d x^2} dx \rightarrow \frac{e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[a x]}}{a c n}$$

Program code:

```
Int[E^(n_.*ArcTan[a_.*x_])/(c_+d_.*x_^2),x_Symbol]:=  
  E^(n*ArcTan[a*x])/(a*c*n);;  
FreeQ[{a,c,d,n},x] && EqQ[d,a^2*c]
```

$$2: \int (c + d x^2)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[a x]} dx \text{ when } d == a^2 c \wedge p \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge \frac{i n + 1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$$

Derivation: Algebraic simplification

$$\text{Basis: } e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[z]} == \frac{(1 - i z)^{\frac{i n}{2}}}{(1 + z^2)^{\frac{i n}{2}}}$$

Rule: If $d == a^2 c \wedge p \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge \frac{i n + 1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int (c + d x^2)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[a x]} dx \rightarrow c^p \int (1 + a^2 x^2)^p \frac{(1 - i a x)^{\frac{i n}{2}}}{(1 + a^2 x^2)^{\frac{i n}{2}}} dx \rightarrow c^p \int (1 + a^2 x^2)^{p - \frac{i n}{2}} (1 - i a x)^{\frac{i n}{2}} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(c_+d_.*x_^2)^p_*E^(n_*ArcTan[a_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
  c^p*Int[(1+a^2*x^2)^(p-I*n/2)*(1-I*a*x)^(I*n),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,p},x] && EqQ[d,a^2*c] && IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[(I*n+1)/2] && Not[IntegerQ[p-I*n/2]]
```

$$3: \int (c + d x^2)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[a x]} dx \text{ when } d == a^2 c \wedge (p \in \mathbb{Z} \vee c > 0)$$

Derivation: Algebraic simplification

Basis: If $d == a^2 c \wedge p \in \mathbb{Z}$, then $(c + d x^2)^p == c^p (1 - \frac{i}{a} a x)^p (1 + \frac{i}{a} a x)^p$

$$\text{Basis: } e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[z]} == \frac{(1 - \frac{i}{z})^{\frac{i n}{2}}}{(1 + \frac{i}{z})^{\frac{i n}{2}}}$$

Rule: If $d == a^2 c \wedge (p \in \mathbb{Z} \vee c > 0)$, then

$$\int (c + d x^2)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[a x]} dx \rightarrow c^p \int (1 - \frac{i}{a} a x)^p (1 + \frac{i}{a} a x)^p \frac{(1 - \frac{i}{a} a x)^{\frac{i n}{2}}}{(1 + \frac{i}{a} a x)^{\frac{i n}{2}}} dx \rightarrow c^p \int (1 - \frac{i}{a} a x)^{p+\frac{i n}{2}} (1 + \frac{i}{a} a x)^{p-\frac{i n}{2}} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(c+d.*x.^2)^p.*E^(n.*ArcTan[a.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
  c^p*Int[(1-I*a*x)^(p+I*n/2)*(1+I*a*x)^(p-I*n/2),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,n,p},x] && EqQ[d,a^2*c] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[c,0])
```

3. $\int (c + d x^2)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[a x]} dx$ when $d = a^2 c \wedge \neg(p \in \mathbb{Z} \vee c > 0)$

1. $\int (c + d x^2)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[a x]} dx$ when $d = a^2 c \wedge \neg(p \in \mathbb{Z} \vee c > 0) \wedge \frac{\frac{1}{2}n}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$

1: $\int (c + d x^2)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[a x]} dx$ when $d = a^2 c \wedge \neg(p \in \mathbb{Z} \vee c > 0) \wedge \frac{\frac{1}{2}n}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^+$

Derivation: Algebraic simplification

Basis: $e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[z]} = \frac{(1 - i z)^{\frac{i}{2}n}}{(1 + z^2)^{\frac{i}{2}n}}$

Basis: If $d = a^2 c \wedge \frac{\frac{1}{2}n}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$, then $(1 + a^2 x^2)^{-\frac{\frac{1}{2}n}{2}} = c^{\frac{i}{2}n} (c + d x^2)^{-\frac{\frac{1}{2}n}{2}}$

Rule: If $d = a^2 c \wedge \neg(p \in \mathbb{Z} \vee c > 0) \wedge \frac{\frac{1}{2}n}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then

$$\int (c + d x^2)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[a x]} dx \rightarrow \int (c + d x^2)^p \frac{(1 - i a x)^{\frac{i}{2}n}}{(1 + a^2 x^2)^{\frac{i}{2}n}} dx \rightarrow c^{\frac{i}{2}n} \int (c + d x^2)^{p - \frac{\frac{1}{2}n}{2}} (1 - i a x)^{\frac{i}{2}n} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(c+d.*x^2)^p_*E^(n_*ArcTan[a_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
  c^(I*n/2)*Int[(c+d*x^2)^(p-I*n/2)*(1-I*a*x)^(I*n),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,p},x] && EqQ[d,a^2*c] && Not[IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[c,0]] && IgtrQ[I*n/2,0]
```

2: $\int (c + d x^2)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[a x]} dx$ when $d = a^2 c \wedge \neg(p \in \mathbb{Z} \vee c > 0) \wedge \frac{\frac{1}{2}n}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^-$

Derivation: Algebraic simplification

Basis: $e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[z]} = \frac{(1 + z^2)^{\frac{i}{2}n}}{(1 - i z)^{\frac{i}{2}n}}$

Basis: If $d = a^2 c \wedge \frac{\frac{1}{2}n}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$, then $(1 + a^2 x^2)^{\frac{i}{2}n} = \frac{1}{c^{\frac{i}{2}n}} (c + d x^2)^{\frac{i}{2}n}$

Rule: If $d = a^2 c \wedge \neg (p \in \mathbb{Z} \vee c > 0) \wedge \frac{\frac{1}{2}n}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^-$, then

$$\int (c + d x^2)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[a x]} dx \rightarrow \int (c + d x^2)^p \frac{(1 + a^2 x^2)^{\frac{1}{2}n}}{(1 + a x)^{\frac{1}{2}n}} dx \rightarrow \frac{1}{c^{\frac{1}{2}}} \int \frac{(c + d x^2)^{p+\frac{1}{2}n}}{(1 + a x)^{\frac{1}{2}n}} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(c_+d_.*x_^2)^p_*E^(n_*ArcTan[a_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
  1/c^(I*n/2)*Int[(c+d*x^2)^(p+I*n/2)/(1+I*a*x)^(I*n),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,p},x] && EqQ[d,a^2*c] && Not[IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[c,0]] && ILtQ[I*n/2,0]
```

2: $\int (c + d x^2)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[a x]} dx$ when $d = a^2 c \wedge \neg (p \in \mathbb{Z} \vee c > 0) \wedge \frac{\frac{1}{2}n}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

Basis: If $d = a^2 c$, then $\partial_x \frac{(c+d x^2)^p}{(1+a^2 x^2)^p} = 0$

Rule: If $d = a^2 c \wedge \neg (p \in \mathbb{Z} \vee c > 0) \wedge \frac{\frac{1}{2}n}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int (c + d x^2)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[a x]} dx \rightarrow \frac{c^{\operatorname{IntPart}[p]} (c + d x^2)^{\operatorname{FracPart}[p]}}{(1 + a^2 x^2)^{\operatorname{FracPart}[p]}} \int (1 + a^2 x^2)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[a x]} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(c_+d_.*x_^2)^p_*E^(n_*ArcTan[a_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
  c^IntPart[p]*(c+d*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1+a^2*x^2)^FracPart[p]*Int[(1+a^2*x^2)^p*E^(n*ArcTan[a*x]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,n,p},x] && EqQ[d,a^2*c] && Not[IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[c,0]]
```

2. $\int x^m (c + d x^2)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[a x]} dx$ when $d = a^2 c$

1. $\int x (c + d x^2)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[a x]} dx$ when $d = a^2 c \wedge p < -1 \wedge \frac{1}{2}n \notin \mathbb{Z}$

1: $\int \frac{x e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[ax]}}{(c + d x^2)^{3/2}} dx$ when $d = a^2 c \wedge n \notin \mathbb{Z}$

Rule: If $d = a^2 c \wedge n \notin \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int \frac{x e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[ax]}}{(c + d x^2)^{3/2}} dx \rightarrow -\frac{(1 - a n x) e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[ax]}}{d (n^2 + 1) \sqrt{c + d x^2}}$$

Program code:

```
Int[x_*E^(n_.*ArcTan[a_.*x_])/((c_+d_.*x_)^2)^(3/2),x_Symbol] :=
  -(1-a*n*x)*E^(n*ArcTan[a*x])/(d*(n^2+1)*Sqrt[c+d*x^2]) /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,n},x] && EqQ[d,a^2*c] && Not[IntegerQ[I*n]]
```

2: $\int x (c + d x^2)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[ax]} dx$ when $d = a^2 c \wedge p < -1 \wedge n \notin \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Integration by parts

Basis: $\alpha_x \frac{(c+d x^2)^{p+1}}{2 d (p+1)} = x (c + d x^2)^p$

Rule: If $d = a^2 c \wedge p < -1 \wedge n \notin \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\begin{aligned} \int x (c + d x^2)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[ax]} dx &\rightarrow \frac{(c + d x^2)^{p+1} e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[ax]}}{2 d (p + 1)} - \frac{a c n}{2 d (p + 1)} \int (c + d x^2)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[ax]} dx \\ &\rightarrow \frac{(2 (p + 1) + a n x) (c + d x^2)^{p+1} e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[ax]}}{a^2 c (n^2 + 4 (p + 1)^2)} - \frac{n (2 p + 3)}{a c (n^2 + 4 (p + 1)^2)} \int (c + d x^2)^{p+1} e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[ax]} dx \end{aligned}$$

Program code:

```
Int[x_*(c_+d_.*x_)^p_*E^(n_.*ArcTan[a_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
  (c+d*x^2)^(p+1)*E^(n*ArcTan[a*x])/(2*d*(p+1)) - a*c*n/(2*d*(p+1))*Int[(c+d*x^2)^p*E^(n*ArcTan[a*x]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,n},x] && EqQ[d,a^2*c] && LtQ[p,-1] && Not[IntegerQ[I*n]] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

```
(* Int[x_*(c_+d_.*x_^2)^p_*E^(n_.*ArcTan[a_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
  (2*(p+1)+a*n*x)*(c+d*x^2)^(p+1)*E^(n*ArcTan[a*x])/(a^2*c*(n^2+4*(p+1)^2)) -
  n*(2*p+3)/(a*c*(n^2+4*(p+1)^2))*Int[(c+d*x^2)^(p+1)*E^(n*ArcTan[a*x]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,n},x] && EqQ[d,a^2*c] && LtQ[p,-1] && NeQ[n^2+4*(p+1)^2,0] && Not[IntegerQ[I*n]] *)
```

2. $\int x^2 (c + d x^2)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTanh}[a x]} dx$ when $a^2 c + d = 0 \wedge p < -1 \wedge n \notin \mathbb{Z}$

1: $\int x^2 (c + d x^2)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTanh}[a x]} dx$ when $d = a^2 c \wedge n^2 - 2(p+1) = 0 \wedge \exists n \notin \mathbb{Z}$

Rule: If $d = a^2 c \wedge n^2 - 2(p+1) = 0 \wedge \exists n \notin \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int x^2 (c + d x^2)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTanh}[a x]} dx \rightarrow -\frac{(1 - a n x) (c + d x^2)^{p+1} e^{n \operatorname{ArcTanh}[a x]}}{a d n (n^2 + 1)}$$

Program code:

```
Int[x_^2*(c_+d_.*x_^2)^p_*E^(n_.*ArcTan[a_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
  -(1-a*n*x)*(c+d*x^2)^(p+1)*E^(n*ArcTan[a*x])/(a*d*n*(n^2+1)) /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,n},x] && EqQ[d,a^2*c] && EqQ[n^2-2*(p+1),0] && Not[IntegerQ[I*n]]
```

2: $\int x^2 (c + d x^2)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[a x]} dx$ when $d = a^2 c \wedge p < -1 \wedge \exists n \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge n^2 + 4(p+1)^2 \neq 0$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion and ???

Basis: $x^2 (c + d x^2)^p = -\frac{c (c + d x^2)^p}{d} + \frac{(c + d x^2)^{p+1}}{d}$

Rule: If $d = a^2 c \wedge p < -1 \wedge \exists n \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge n^2 + 4(p+1)^2 \neq 0$, then

$$\int x^2 (c + d x^2)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[a x]} dx \rightarrow -\frac{c}{d} \int (c + d x^2)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[a x]} dx + \frac{1}{d} \int (c + d x^2)^{p+1} e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[a x]} dx$$

$$\rightarrow -\frac{(n-2(p+1)a)x \left(c+dx^2\right)^{p+1} e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[ax]}}{a d \left(n^2+4(p+1)^2\right)} + \frac{n^2-2(p+1)}{d \left(n^2+4(p+1)^2\right)} \int \left(c+dx^2\right)^{p+1} e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[ax]} dx$$

— Program code:

```
Int[x^m*(c+d*x^2)^p * E^(n*ArcTan[a*x]),x_Symbol] :=
  -(n-2*(p+1)*a*x)*(c+d*x^2)^(p+1)*E^(n*ArcTan[a*x])/(a*d*(n^2+4*(p+1)^2)) +
  (n^2-2*(p+1))/(d*(n^2+4*(p+1)^2))*Int[(c+d*x^2)^(p+1)*E^(n*ArcTan[a*x]),x] ;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,n},x] && EqQ[d,a^2*c] && LtQ[p,-1] && Not[IntegerQ[I*n]] && NeQ[n^2+4*(p+1)^2,0] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

3. $\int x^m (c+dx^2)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[ax]} dx$ when $d = a^2 c \wedge (p \in \mathbb{Z} \vee c > 0)$

1: $\int x^m (c+dx^2)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[ax]} dx$ when $d = a^2 c \wedge (p \in \mathbb{Z} \vee c > 0) \wedge \frac{\frac{1}{2}n+1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Algebraic simplification

Basis: $e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[z]} = \frac{(1-i z)^{\frac{i}{2} n}}{(1+z^2)^{\frac{i}{2} n}}$

Rule: If $d = a^2 c \wedge (p \in \mathbb{Z} \vee c > 0) \wedge \frac{\frac{1}{2}n+1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int x^m (c+dx^2)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[ax]} dx \rightarrow c^p \int x^m (1+a^2 x^2)^p \frac{(1-i a x)^{\frac{i}{2} n}}{(1+a^2 x^2)^{\frac{i}{2} n}} dx \rightarrow c^p \int x^m (1+a^2 x^2)^{p-\frac{i}{2} n} (1-i a x)^{\frac{i}{2} n} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[x^m*(c+d*x^2)^p * E^(n*ArcTan[a*x]),x_Symbol] :=
  c^p*Int[x^m*(1+a^2*x^2)^(p-I*n/2)*(1-I*a*x)^(I*n),x] ;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,m,p},x] && EqQ[d,a^2*c] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[c,0]) && IntegerQ[(I*n+1)/2] && Not[IntegerQ[p-I*n/2]]
```

2: $\int x^m (c + d x^2)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[a x]} dx$ when $d = a^2 c \wedge (p \in \mathbb{Z} \vee c > 0)$

Derivation: Algebraic simplification

Basis: If $d = a^2 c \wedge p \in \mathbb{Z}$, then $(c + d x^2)^p = c^p (1 - \frac{i}{a} a x)^p (1 + \frac{i}{a} a x)^p$

Basis: $e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[z]} = \frac{(1 - \frac{i}{z} z)^{\frac{i n}{2}}}{(1 + \frac{i}{z} z)^{\frac{i n}{2}}}$

Rule: If $d = a^2 c \wedge (p \in \mathbb{Z} \vee c > 0)$, then

$$\int x^m (c + d x^2)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[a x]} dx \rightarrow c^p \int x^m (1 - \frac{i}{a} a x)^p (1 + \frac{i}{a} a x)^p \frac{(1 - \frac{i}{a} a x)^{\frac{i n}{2}}}{(1 + \frac{i}{a} a x)^{\frac{i n}{2}}} dx \rightarrow c^p \int x^m (1 - \frac{i}{a} a x)^{p+\frac{i n}{2}} (1 + \frac{i}{a} a x)^{p-\frac{i n}{2}} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[x^m.*(c+d.*x^2)^p.*E^(n.*ArcTan[a.*x_]),x_Symbol]:=  
  c^p*Int[x^m*(1-I*a*x)^(p+I*n/2)*(1+I*a*x)^(p-I*n/2),x] /;  
 FreeQ[{a,c,d,m,n,p},x] && EqQ[d,a^2*c] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[c,0])
```

4. $\int x^m (c + d x^2)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[a x]} dx$ when $d = a^2 c \wedge \neg (p \in \mathbb{Z} \vee c > 0)$

1. $\int x^m (c + d x^2)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[a x]} dx$ when $d = a^2 c \wedge \neg (p \in \mathbb{Z} \vee c > 0) \wedge \frac{\frac{1}{2}n}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$

1: $\int x^m (c + d x^2)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[a x]} dx$ when $d = a^2 c \wedge \neg (p \in \mathbb{Z} \vee c > 0) \wedge \frac{\frac{1}{2}n}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^+$

Derivation: Algebraic simplification

Basis: $e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[z]} = \frac{(1 - i z)^{\frac{1}{2}n}}{(1 + z^2)^{\frac{1}{2}}}$

Basis: If $d = a^2 c \wedge \frac{\frac{1}{2}n}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$, then $(1 + a^2 x^2)^{-\frac{\frac{1}{2}n}{2}} = c^{\frac{1}{2}} (c + d x^2)^{-\frac{\frac{1}{2}n}{2}}$

Rule: If $d = a^2 c \wedge \neg (p \in \mathbb{Z} \vee c > 0) \wedge \frac{\frac{1}{2}n}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then

$$\int x^m (c + d x^2)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[a x]} dx \rightarrow \int x^m (c + d x^2)^p \frac{(1 - i a x)^{\frac{1}{2}n}}{(1 + a^2 x^2)^{\frac{1}{2}}} dx \rightarrow c^{\frac{1}{2}} \int x^m (c + d x^2)^{p - \frac{\frac{1}{2}n}{2}} (1 - i a x)^{\frac{1}{2}n} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[x^m_.*(c_+d_.*x^2)^p_*E^(n_*ArcTan[a_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
  c^(I*n/2)*Int[x^m*(c+d*x^2)^(p-I*n/2)*(1-I*a*x)^(I*n),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,m,p},x] && EqQ[d,a^2*c] && Not[IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[c,0]] && IgtQ[I*n/2,0]
```

2: $\int x^m (c + d x^2)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[a x]} dx$ when $d = a^2 c \wedge \neg (p \in \mathbb{Z} \vee c > 0) \wedge \frac{\frac{1}{2}n}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^-$

Derivation: Algebraic simplification

Basis: $e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[z]} = \frac{(1 + z^2)^{\frac{1}{2}}}{(1 - i z)^{\frac{1}{2}n}}$

Basis: If $d = a^2 c \wedge \frac{\frac{1}{2}n}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$, then $(1 + a^2 x^2)^{\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{1}{c^{\frac{1}{2}}} (c + d x^2)^{\frac{1}{2}}$

Rule: If $d = a^2 c \wedge \neg (p \in \mathbb{Z} \vee c > 0) \wedge \frac{\frac{1}{2}n}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then

$$\int x^m (c + d x^2)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[a x]} dx \rightarrow \int x^m (c + d x^2)^p \frac{(1 + a^2 x^2)^{\frac{1}{2}n}}{(1 + a x)^{\frac{1}{2}n}} dx \rightarrow \frac{1}{c^{\frac{1}{2}n}} \int \frac{x^m (c + d x^2)^{p+\frac{1}{2}n}}{(1 + a x)^{\frac{1}{2}n}} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[x^m_.*(c_+d_.*x^2)^p_*E^(n_*ArcTan[a_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
  1/c^(I*n/2)*Int[x^m*(c+d*x^2)^(p+I*n/2)/(1+I*a*x)^(I*n),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,m,p},x] && EqQ[d,a^2*c] && Not[IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[c,0]] && ILtQ[I*n/2,0]
```

2: $\int x^m (c + d x^2)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[a x]} dx$ when $d = a^2 c \wedge \neg (p \in \mathbb{Z} \vee c > 0) \wedge \frac{\frac{1}{2}n}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

Basis: If $d = a^2 c$, then $\partial_x \frac{(c+d x^2)^p}{(1+a^2 x^2)^p} = 0$

Rule: If $d = a^2 c \wedge \neg (p \in \mathbb{Z} \vee c > 0) \wedge \frac{\frac{1}{2}n}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int x^m (c + d x^2)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[a x]} dx \rightarrow \frac{c^{\operatorname{IntPart}[p]} (c + d x^2)^{\operatorname{FracPart}[p]}}{(1 + a^2 x^2)^{\operatorname{FracPart}[p]}} \int x^m (1 + a^2 x^2)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[a x]} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[x^m_.*(c_+d_.*x^2)^p_*E^(n_*ArcTan[a_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
  c^IntPart[p]*(c+d*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1+a^2*x^2)^FracPart[p]*Int[x^m*(1+a^2*x^2)^p*E^(n*ArcTan[a*x]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,m,n,p},x] && EqQ[d,a^2*c] && Not[IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[c,0]]
```

3. $\int u (c + d x^2)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[a x]} dx$ when $d = a^2 c$

1: $\int u (c + d x^2)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[a x]} dx$ when $d = a^2 c \wedge (p \in \mathbb{Z} \vee c > 0)$

Derivation: Algebraic simplification

Basis: $e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[z]} = \frac{(1 - i z)^{\frac{i n}{2}}}{(1 + i z)^{\frac{i n}{2}}}$

Basis: $(1 + z^2)^p = (1 - i z)^p (1 + i z)^p$

Rule: If $d = a^2 c \wedge (p \in \mathbb{Z} \vee c > 0)$, then

$$\int u (c + d x^2)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[a x]} dx \rightarrow c^p \int u (1 - i a x)^p (1 + i a x)^p \frac{(1 - i a x)^{\frac{i n}{2}}}{(1 + i a x)^{\frac{i n}{2}}} dx \rightarrow c^p \int u (1 - i a x)^{p+\frac{i n}{2}} (1 + i a x)^{p-\frac{i n}{2}} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[u_*(c_+d_.*x_^2)^p.*E^(n_.*ArcTan[a_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
  c^p*Int[u*(1-I*a*x)^(p+I*n/2)*(1+I*a*x)^(p-I*n/2),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,n,p},x] && EqQ[d,a^2*c] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[c,0])
```

2. $\int u (c + d x^2)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[a x]} dx$ when $d = a^2 c \wedge \neg (p \in \mathbb{Z} \vee c > 0)$

1: $\int u (c + d x^2)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[a x]} dx$ when $d = a^2 c \wedge \neg (p \in \mathbb{Z} \vee c > 0) \wedge \frac{i n}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

Basis: If $d = a^2 c$, then $\partial_x \frac{(c + d x^2)^p}{(1 - i a x)^p (1 + i a x)^p} = 0$

Basis: $e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[z]} = \frac{(1 - i z)^{\frac{i n}{2}}}{(1 + i z)^{\frac{i n}{2}}}$

Rule: If $d = a^2 c \wedge \neg (p \in \mathbb{Z} \vee c > 0) \wedge \frac{i n}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int u (c + d x^2)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[a x]} dx \rightarrow \frac{c^{\operatorname{IntPart}[p]} (c + d x^2)^{\operatorname{FracPart}[p]}}{(1 - i a x)^{\operatorname{FracPart}[p]} (1 + i a x)^{\operatorname{FracPart}[p]}} \int u (1 - i a x)^{p + \frac{i n}{2}} (1 + i a x)^{p - \frac{i n}{2}} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[u*(c+d.*x.^2)^p.*E^(n.*ArcTan[a.*x.]),x_Symbol]:=  
  c^IntPart[p]*(c+d*x^2)^FracPart[p]/((1-I*a*x)^FracPart[p]*(1+I*a*x)^FracPart[p])*  
  Int[u*(1-I*a*x)^(p+I*n/2)*(1+I*a*x)^(p-I*n/2),x] /;  
 FreeQ[{a,c,d,n,p},x] && EqQ[d,a^2*c] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[c,0]) && IntegerQ[I*n/2]
```

2: $\int u (c + d x^2)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[a x]} dx$ when $d = a^2 c \wedge \neg (p \in \mathbb{Z} \vee c > 0) \wedge \frac{i n}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

Basis: If $d = a^2 c$, then $\partial_x \frac{(c + d x^2)^p}{(1 + a^2 x^2)^p} = 0$

Rule: If $d = a^2 c \wedge \neg (p \in \mathbb{Z} \vee c > 0) \wedge \frac{i n}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int u \left(c + d x^2 \right)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[a x]} dx \rightarrow \frac{c^{\operatorname{IntPart}[p]} (c + d x^2)^{\operatorname{FracPart}[p]}}{(1 + a^2 x^2)^{\operatorname{FracPart}[p]}} \int u (1 + a^2 x^2)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[a x]} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[u_*(c_+d_.*x_^2)^p_*E^(n_.*ArcTan[a_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
  c^IntPart[p]*(c+d*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1+a^2*x^2)^FracPart[p]*Int[u*(1+a^2*x^2)^p*E^(n*ArcTan[a*x]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,n,p},x] && EqQ[d,a^2*c] && Not[IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[c,0]] && Not[IntegerQ[I*n/2]]
```

5. $\int u \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[a x]} dx$ when $c = a^2 d$

1: $\int u \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[a x]} dx$ when $c = a^2 d \wedge p \in \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Algebraic simplification

Basis: If $c = a^2 d \wedge p \in \mathbb{Z}$, then $\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^p = \frac{d^p}{x^{2p}} (1 + a^2 x^2)^p$

Rule: If $c = a^2 d \wedge p \in \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int u \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[a x]} dx \rightarrow d^p \int \frac{u}{x^{2p}} (1 + a^2 x^2)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[a x]} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[u_*(c_+d_./x_^2)^p_*E^(n_.*ArcTan[a_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
  d^p*Int[u/x^(2*p)*(1+a^2*x^2)^p*E^(n*ArcTan[a*x]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,n},x] && EqQ[c-a^2*d,0] && IntegerQ[p]
```

$$2. \int u \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[ax]} dx \text{ when } c = a^2 d \wedge p \notin \mathbb{Z}$$

$$1. \int u \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[ax]} dx \text{ when } c = a^2 d \wedge p \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge \frac{i_n}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$$

$$1: \int u \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[ax]} dx \text{ when } c = a^2 d \wedge p \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge \frac{i_n}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge c > 0$$

Derivation: Algebraic simplification

Basis: $(1 + z^2)^p = (1 - iz)^p (1 + iz)^p$

Rule: If $c = a^2 d \wedge p \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge \frac{i_n}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge c > 0$, then

$$\int u \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[ax]} dx \rightarrow c^p \int u \left(1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2} \right)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[ax]} dx \rightarrow c^p \int u \left(1 - \frac{iz}{ax} \right)^p \left(1 + \frac{iz}{ax} \right)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[ax]} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[u_.*(c_+d_./x_^2)^p_*E^(n_*ArcTan[a_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
  c^p*Int[u*(1-I/(a*x))^p*(1+I/(a*x))^p*E^(n*ArcTan[a*x]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,p},x] && EqQ[c-a^2*d,0] && Not[IntegerQ[p]] && IntegerQ[I*n/2] && GtQ[c,0]
```

$$2: \int u \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[ax]} dx \text{ when } c = a^2 d \wedge p \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge \frac{i n}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge (c > 0)$$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

Basis: If $c = a^2 d$, then $\partial_x \frac{x^{2p} (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^p}{(1 - ixax)^p (1 + ixax)^p} = 0$

Rule: If $c = a^2 d \wedge p \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge \frac{i n}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge (c > 0)$, then

$$\int u \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[ax]} dx \rightarrow \frac{x^{2p} (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^p}{(1 - ixax)^p (1 + ixax)^p} \int \frac{u}{x^{2p}} (1 - ixax)^p (1 + ixax)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[ax]} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[u_.*(c_+d_./x_^2)^p_*E^(n_*ArcTan[a_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
  x^(2*p)*(c+d/x^2)^p/((1-I*a*x)^p*(1+I*a*x)^p)*Int[u/x^(2*p)*(1-I*a*x)^p*(1+I*a*x)^p*E^(n*ArcTan[a*x]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,n,p},x] && EqQ[c-a^2*d,0] && Not[IntegerQ[p]] && IntegerQ[I*n/2] && Not[GtQ[c,0]]
```

$$2: \int u \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[ax]} dx \text{ when } c = a^2 d \wedge p \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge \frac{i n}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z}$$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

Basis: If $c = a^2 d$, then $\partial_x \frac{x^{2p} (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^p}{(1+a^2 x^2)^p} = 0$

Rule: If $c = a^2 d \wedge p \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge \frac{i n}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int u \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[ax]} dx \rightarrow \frac{x^{2p} \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^p}{(1+a^2 x^2)^p} \int \frac{u}{x^{2p}} (1+a^2 x^2)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[ax]} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[u_.*(c_+d_./x_^2)^p_*E^(n_.*ArcTan[a_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
  x^(2*p)*(c+d/x^2)^p/(1+a^2*x^2)^p*Int[u/x^(2*p)*(1+a^2*x^2)^p*E^(n*ArcTan[a*x]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,n,p},x] && EqQ[c-a^2*d,0] && Not[IntegerQ[p]] && Not[IntegerQ[I*n/2]]
```

$$2. \int u e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[a+b x]} dx$$

1: $\int e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[c(a+b x)]} dx$

Derivation: Algebraic simplification

Basis: $\operatorname{ArcTan}[z] = -\frac{i}{2} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{i}{2} z\right]$

Basis: $e^{n \operatorname{ArcTanh}[z]} = \frac{(1+z)^{n/2}}{(1-z)^{n/2}}$

- Note: The second step of this composite rule would be unnecessary if *Mathematica* did not gratuitously simplify $\operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{i}{2} z\right]$ to $\frac{i}{2} \operatorname{ArcTan}[z]$.

Rule:

$$\int e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[c(a+b x)]} dx \rightarrow \int e^{-\frac{i}{2} n \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{i}{2} c(a+b x)\right]} dx \rightarrow \int \frac{\left(1 - \frac{i}{2} a c - \frac{i}{2} b c x\right)^{\frac{i n}{2}}}{\left(1 + \frac{i}{2} a c + \frac{i}{2} b c x\right)^{\frac{i n}{2}}} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[E^(n.*ArcTan[c.*(a+b.*x_)]),x_Symbol]:=  
  Int[(1-I*a*c-I*b*c*x)^(I*n/2)/(1+I*a*c+I*b*c*x)^(I*n/2),x] /;  
  FreeQ[{a,b,c,n},x]
```

$$2. \int (d + e x)^m e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[c (a+b x)]} dx$$

1: $\int x^m e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[c (a+b x)]} dx$ when $m \in \mathbb{Z}^- \wedge -1 < \Re n < 1$

Derivation: Algebraic simplification and integration by substitution

Basis: $\operatorname{ArcTan}[z] = -\frac{i}{2} \operatorname{Arctanh}\left[\frac{i}{2} z\right]$

Basis: $e^{n \operatorname{ArcTanh}[z]} = \frac{(1+z)^{n/2}}{(1-z)^{n/2}}$

Basis: If $m \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge -1 < \Re n < 1$, then

$$x^m \frac{(1-i c (a+b x))^{\frac{i n}{2}}}{(1+i c (a+b x))^{\frac{i n}{2}}} = \frac{4}{i^m n b^{m+1} c^{m+1}} \operatorname{Subst} \left[\frac{x^{\frac{2}{i n}} \left(1 - i a c - (1 + i a c) x^{\frac{2}{i n}}\right)^m}{\left(1 + x^{\frac{2}{i n}}\right)^{m+2}}, x, \frac{(1-i c (a+b x))^{\frac{i n}{2}}}{(1+i c (a+b x))^{\frac{i n}{2}}} \right] \partial_x \frac{(1-i c (a+b x))^{\frac{i n}{2}}}{(1+i c (a+b x))^{\frac{i n}{2}}}$$

Note: There should be an algebraic substitution rule that makes this rule redundant.

Rule: If $m \in \mathbb{Z}^- \wedge -1 < \Re n < 1$, then

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^m e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[c (a+b x)]} dx &\rightarrow \int x^m e^{-i n \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{i}{2} c (a+b x)\right]} dx \\ &\rightarrow \int x^m \frac{(1 - i c (a+b x))^{\frac{i n}{2}}}{(1 + i c (a+b x))^{\frac{i n}{2}}} dx \\ &\rightarrow \frac{4}{i^m n b^{m+1} c^{m+1}} \operatorname{Subst} \left[\int \frac{x^{\frac{2}{i n}} \left(1 - i a c - (1 + i a c) x^{\frac{2}{i n}}\right)^m}{\left(1 + x^{\frac{2}{i n}}\right)^{m+2}} dx, x, \frac{(1 - i c (a+b x))^{\frac{i n}{2}}}{(1 + i c (a+b x))^{\frac{i n}{2}}} \right] \end{aligned}$$

— Program code:

```
Int[x_^m_*E^(n_*ArcTan[c_.*(a_+b_.*x_)]),x_Symbol] :=
  4/(I^m*n*b^(m+1)*c^(m+1))*_
  Subst[Int[x^(2/(I*n))*(1-I*a*c-(1+I*a*c))*x^(2/(I*n)))^m/(1+x^(2/(I*n)))^(m+2),x],x,
  (1-I*c*(a+b*x))^(I*n/2)/(1+I*c*(a+b*x))^(I*n/2)] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c},x] && ILtQ[m,0] && LtQ[-1,I*n,1]
```

$$2: \int (d + e x)^m e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[c (a+b x)]} dx$$

Derivation: Algebraic simplification

Basis: $\operatorname{ArcTan}[z] = -\frac{i}{2} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{i}{2} z\right]$

Basis: $e^{n \operatorname{ArcTanh}[z]} = \frac{(1+z)^{n/2}}{(1-z)^{n/2}}$

Rule:

$$\int (d + e x)^m e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[c (a+b x)]} dx \rightarrow \int (d + e x)^m e^{-\frac{i}{2} n \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{i}{2} c (a+b x)\right]} dx \rightarrow \int (d + e x)^m \frac{\left(1 - \frac{i}{2} a c - \frac{i}{2} b c x\right)^{\frac{i n}{2}}}{\left(1 + \frac{i}{2} a c + \frac{i}{2} b c x\right)^{\frac{i n}{2}}} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(d_+e_*x_)^m_*E^(n_*ArcTan[c_*(a_+b_*x_)]),x_Symbol]:=  
  Int[(d+e*x)^m*(1-I*a*c-I*b*c*x)^(I*n/2)/(1+I*a*c+I*b*c*x)^(I*n/2),x]/;  
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,m,n},x]
```

$$3. \int u (c + d x + e x^2)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[a+b x]} dx \text{ when } b d = 2 a e \wedge b^2 c - e (1 + a^2) = 0$$

$$1: \int u (c + d x + e x^2)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[a+b x]} dx \text{ when } b d = 2 a e \wedge b^2 c - e (1 + a^2) = 0 \wedge (p \in \mathbb{Z} \vee \frac{c}{1+a^2} > 0)$$

Derivation: Algebraic simplification

Basis: If $b d = 2 a e \wedge b^2 c - e (1 + a^2) = 0$, then $c + d x + e x^2 = \frac{c}{1+a^2} (1 + (a + b x)^2)$

Basis: $(1 + z^2)^p = (1 - \frac{i}{z})^p (1 + \frac{i}{z})^p$

Basis: $\operatorname{ArcTan}[z] = -\frac{i}{z} \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\frac{i}{z} z]$

Basis: $e^{n \operatorname{ArcTanh}[z]} = \frac{(1+z)^{n/2}}{(1-z)^{n/2}}$

Rule: If $b d = 2 a e \wedge b^2 c - e (1 + a^2) = 0 \wedge (p \in \mathbb{Z} \vee \frac{c}{1+a^2} > 0)$, then

$$\begin{aligned} \int u (c + d x + e x^2)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[a+b x]} dx &\rightarrow \left(\frac{c}{1+a^2}\right)^p \int u (1 + (a + b x)^2)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[a+b x]} dx \\ &\rightarrow \left(\frac{c}{1+a^2}\right)^p \int u (1 - \frac{i}{z} a - \frac{i}{z} b x)^p (1 + \frac{i}{z} a + \frac{i}{z} b x)^p \frac{(1 - \frac{i}{z} a - \frac{i}{z} b x)^{\frac{i n}{2}}}{(1 + \frac{i}{z} a + \frac{i}{z} b x)^{\frac{i n}{2}}} dz \\ &\rightarrow \left(\frac{c}{1+a^2}\right)^p \int u (1 - \frac{i}{z} a - \frac{i}{z} b x)^{p+\frac{i n}{2}} (1 + \frac{i}{z} a + \frac{i}{z} b x)^{p-\frac{i n}{2}} dz \end{aligned}$$

Program code:

```
Int[u_.*(c_+d_.*x_+e_.*x_^2)^p.*E^(n_.*ArcTan[a_+b_.*x_]),x_Symbol]:=  
(c/(1+a^2))^p*Int[u*(1-I*a-I*b*x)^(p+I*n/2)*(1+I*a+I*b*x)^(p-I*n/2),x]/;  
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,n,p},x] && EqQ[b*d,2*a*e] && EqQ[b^2*c-e(1+a^2),0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[c/(1+a^2),0])
```

$$2: \int u (c + d x + e x^2)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[a+b x]} dx \text{ when } b d = 2 a e \wedge b^2 c - e (1 + a^2) = 0 \wedge \neg (p \in \mathbb{Z} \vee \frac{c}{1+a^2} > 0)$$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

Basis: If $b d = 2 a e \wedge b^2 c - e (1 + a^2) = 0$, then $\partial_x \frac{(c+d x+e x^2)^p}{(1+a^2+2 a b x+b^2 x^2)^p} = 0$

Rule: If $b d = 2 a e \wedge b^2 c - e (1 + a^2) = 0 \wedge \neg (p \in \mathbb{Z} \vee \frac{c}{1+a^2} > 0)$, then

$$\int u (c + d x + e x^2)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[a+b x]} dx \rightarrow \frac{(c + d x + e x^2)^p}{(1 + a^2 + 2 a b x + b^2 x^2)^p} \int u (1 + a^2 + 2 a b x + b^2 x^2)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}[a+b x]} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[u_.*(c_+d_.*x_+e_.*x_^2)^p_.*E^(n_.*ArcTan[a_+b_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
  (c+d*x+e*x^2)^p/(1+a^2+2*a*b*x+b^2*x^2)^p*Int[u*(1+a^2+2*a*b*x+b^2*x^2)^p*E^(n*ArcTan[a*x]),x] ;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,n,p},x] && EqQ[b*d,2*a*e] && EqQ[b^2*c-e(1+a^2),0] && Not[IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[c/(1+a^2),0]]
```

3: $\int u e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{c}{a+b x}\right]} dx$

Derivation: Algebraic simplification

Basis: $\operatorname{ArcTan}[z] = \operatorname{ArcCot}\left[\frac{1}{z}\right]$

Rule:

$$\int u e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{c}{a+b x}\right]} dx \rightarrow \int u e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}\left[\frac{a+b x}{c}\right]} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[u_.*E^(n_.*ArcTan[c_./(a_.+b_.*x_)]),x_Symbol] :=
  Int[u*E^(n*ArcCot[a/c+b*x/c]),x] ;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,n},x]
```

Rules for integrands involving exponentials of inverse cotangents

1. $\int u e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[ax]} dx$

1: $\int u e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[ax]} dx$ when $\frac{i n}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Algebraic simplification

Basis: If $\frac{i n}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$, then $e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[z]} = (-1)^{\frac{i n}{2}} e^{-n \operatorname{ArcTan}[z]}$

Rule: If $\frac{i n}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int u e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[ax]} dx \rightarrow (-1)^{\frac{i n}{2}} \int u e^{-n \operatorname{ArcTan}[z]} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[u_.*E^(n_*ArcCot[a_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
  (-1)^(I*n/2)*Int[u*E^(-n*ArcTan[a*x]),x] /;
FreeQ[a,x] && IntegerQ[I*n/2]
```

2. $\int u e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[ax]} dx$ when $\frac{i n}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z}$

1. $\int x^m e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[ax]} dx$ when $\frac{i n}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z}$

1. $\int x^m e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[ax]} dx$ when $\frac{i n}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z}$

1: $\int x^m e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[ax]} dx$ when $\frac{i n-1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Algebraic simplification and integration by substitution

$$\text{Basis: } e^n \operatorname{ArcCot}[z] == \frac{\left(1 - \frac{i}{z}\right)^{\frac{i n+1}{2}}}{\left(1 + \frac{i}{z}\right)^{\frac{i n-1}{2}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{z^2}}}$$

$$\text{Basis: } F\left[\frac{1}{x}\right] == -\frac{F\left[\frac{1}{x}\right]}{\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)^2} \partial_x \frac{1}{x}$$

- Rule: If $\frac{i n-1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int x^m e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[ax]} dx \rightarrow \int \frac{\left(1 - \frac{i}{ax}\right)^{\frac{i n+1}{2}}}{\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)^m \left(1 + \frac{i}{ax}\right)^{\frac{i n-1}{2}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}}} dx \rightarrow -\text{Subst}\left[\int \frac{\left(1 - \frac{i x}{a}\right)^{\frac{i n+1}{2}}}{x^{m+2} \left(1 + \frac{i x}{a}\right)^{\frac{i n-1}{2}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{x^2}{a^2}}} dx, x, \frac{1}{x}\right]$$

Program code:

```
Int[E^(n_*ArcCot[a_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
  -Subst[Int[(1-I*x/a)^( (I*n+1)/2)/(x^2*(1+I*x/a)^( (I*n-1)/2)*Sqrt[1+x^2/a^2]),x],x,1/x] /;
FreeQ[a,x] && IntegerQ[(I*n-1)/2]
```

```
Int[x_^m_.*E^(n_*ArcCot[a_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
  -Subst[Int[(1-I*x/a)^( (I*n+1)/2)/(x^(m+2)*(1+I*x/a)^( (I*n-1)/2)*Sqrt[1+x^2/a^2]),x],x,1/x] /;
FreeQ[a,x] && IntegerQ[(I*n-1)/2] && IntegerQ[m]
```

2: $\int x^m e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[ax]} dx$ when $i n \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Algebraic simplification and integration by substitution

$$\text{Basis: } e^n \operatorname{ArcCot}[z] == \frac{\left(1 - \frac{i}{z}\right)^{\frac{i n}{2}}}{\left(1 + \frac{i}{z}\right)^{\frac{i n}{2}}}$$

$$\text{Basis: } F\left[\frac{1}{x}\right] == -\frac{F\left[\frac{1}{x}\right]}{\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)^2} \partial_x \frac{1}{x}$$

- Rule: If $\pm n \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int x^m e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[ax]} dx \rightarrow \int x^m e^{i n \operatorname{ArcCoth}[i ax]} dx \rightarrow \int \frac{\left(1 - \frac{i}{a}x\right)^{\frac{i n}{2}}}{\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)^m \left(1 + \frac{i}{a}x\right)^{\frac{i n}{2}}} dx \rightarrow -\operatorname{Subst}\left[\int \frac{\left(1 - \frac{i}{a}x\right)^{\frac{i n}{2}}}{x^{m+2} \left(1 + \frac{i}{a}x\right)^{\frac{i n}{2}}} dx, x, \frac{1}{x}\right]$$

Program code:

```
Int[E^(n_.*ArcCot[a_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
-Subst[Int[(1-I*x/a)^(I*n/2)/(x^2*(1+I*x/a)^(I*n/2)),x],x,1/x] /;
FreeQ[{a,n},x] && Not[IntegerQ[I*n]]
```

```
Int[x_^m_.*E^(n_.*ArcCot[a_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
-Subst[Int[(1-I*x/a)^(n/2)/(x^(m+2)*(1+I*x/a)^(n/2)),x],x,1/x] /;
FreeQ[{a,n},x] && Not[IntegerQ[I*n]] && IntegerQ[m]
```

$$2. \int x^m e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[ax]} dx \text{ when } \frac{i n}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge m \notin \mathbb{Z}$$

$$1: \int x^m e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[ax]} dx \text{ when } \frac{i n-1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge m \notin \mathbb{Z}$$

Derivation: Algebraic simplification, piecewise constant extraction and integration by substitution!

$$\text{Basis: } e^n \operatorname{ArcCot}[z] == \frac{\left(1 - \frac{i}{z}\right)^{\frac{i n+1}{2}}}{\left(1 + \frac{i}{z}\right)^{\frac{i n-1}{2}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{z^2}}}$$

$$\text{Basis: } \partial_x \left(x^m \left(\frac{1}{x} \right)^m \right) == 0$$

$$\text{Basis: } F \left[\frac{1}{x} \right] == -\frac{F \left[\frac{1}{x} \right]}{\left(\frac{1}{x} \right)^2} \partial_x \frac{1}{x}$$

Rule: If $\frac{i n-1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge m \notin \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int x^m e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[ax]} dx \rightarrow x^m \left(\frac{1}{x} \right)^m \int \frac{\left(1 - \frac{i}{ax}\right)^{\frac{i n+1}{2}}}{\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)^m \left(1 + \frac{i}{ax}\right)^{\frac{i n-1}{2}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}}} dx \rightarrow -x^m \left(\frac{1}{x} \right)^m \text{Subst} \left[\int \frac{\left(1 - \frac{i x}{a}\right)^{\frac{i n+1}{2}}}{x^{m+2} \left(1 + \frac{i x}{a}\right)^{\frac{i n-1}{2}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{x^2}{a^2}}} dx, x, \frac{1}{x} \right]$$

— Program code:

```
Int[x^m * E^(n * ArcCot[a * x]), x_Symbol] :=
-x^m * (1/x)^m * Subst[Int[(1 - I*x/a)^( (I*n+1)/2) / (x^(m+2) * (1+I*x/a)^( (I*n-1)/2) * Sqrt[1+x^2/a^2]), x], x, 1/x];
FreeQ[{a, m}, x] && IntegerQ[(I*n-1)/2] && Not[IntegerQ[m]]
```

$$2: \int x^m e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[ax]} dx \text{ when } \frac{i n}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge m \notin \mathbb{Z}$$

Derivation: Algebraic simplification, piecewise constant extraction and integration by substitution!

$$\text{Basis: } e^n \operatorname{ArcCot}[z] == \frac{\left(1 - \frac{i}{z}\right)^{\frac{i n}{2}}}{\left(1 + \frac{i}{z}\right)^{\frac{i n}{2}}}$$

$$\text{Basis: } \partial_x \left(x^m \left(\frac{1}{x} \right)^m \right) == 0$$

$$\text{Basis: } F \left[\frac{1}{x} \right] == - \frac{F \left[\frac{1}{x} \right]}{\left(\frac{1}{x} \right)^2} \partial_x \frac{1}{x}$$

- Rule: If $\frac{i n}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge m \notin \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int x^m e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[a x]} dx \rightarrow x^m \left(\frac{1}{x} \right)^m \int \frac{\left(1 - \frac{i}{ax}\right)^{\frac{i n}{2}}}{\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)^m \left(1 + \frac{i}{ax}\right)^{\frac{i n}{2}}} dx \rightarrow -x^m \left(\frac{1}{x} \right)^m \text{Subst} \left[\int \frac{\left(1 - \frac{i x}{a}\right)^{\frac{i n}{2}}}{x^{m+2} \left(1 + \frac{i x}{a}\right)^{\frac{i n}{2}}} dx, x, \frac{1}{x} \right]$$

Program code:

```
Int[x^m_*E^(n_.*ArcCot[a_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
  -Subst[Int[(1-I*x/a)^(n/2)/(x^(m+2)*(1+I*x/a)^(n/2)),x],x,1/x];
FreeQ[{a,m,n},x] && Not[IntegerQ[I*n/2]] && Not[IntegerQ[m]]
```

2. $\int u (c + d x)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[a x]} dx$ when $a^2 c^2 + d^2 = 0 \wedge \frac{i n}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z}$

1: $\int u (c + d x)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[a x]} dx$ when $a^2 c^2 + d^2 = 0 \wedge \frac{i n}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge p \in \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Algebraic simplification

Basis: If $p \in \mathbb{Z}$, then $(c + d x)^p = d^p x^p \left(1 + \frac{c}{d x}\right)^p$

Rule: If $a^2 c^2 + d^2 = 0 \wedge \frac{i n}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge p \in \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int u (c + d x)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[a x]} dx \rightarrow d^p \int u x^p \left(1 + \frac{c}{d x}\right)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[a x]} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[u_.*(c_+d_.*x_)^p_.*E^(n_.*ArcCot[a_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
  d^p*Int[u*x^p*(1+c/(d*x))^p*E^(n*ArcCot[a*x]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,n},x] && EqQ[a^2*c^2+d^2,0] && Not[IntegerQ[I*n/2]] && IntegerQ[p]
```

$$2: \int u (c + d x)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[a x]} dx \text{ when } a^2 c^2 + d^2 = 0 \wedge \frac{i n}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge p \notin \mathbb{Z}$$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

$$\text{Basis: } \partial_x \frac{(c + d x)^p}{x^p \left(1 + \frac{c}{d x}\right)^p} = 0$$

Rule: If $a^2 c^2 + d^2 = 0 \wedge \frac{i n}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge p \notin \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int u (c + d x)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[a x]} dx \rightarrow \frac{(c + d x)^p}{x^p \left(1 + \frac{c}{d x}\right)^p} \int u x^p \left(1 + \frac{c}{d x}\right)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[a x]} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[u_.*(c_+d_.*x_)^p_*E^(n_.*ArcCot[a_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
  (c+d*x)^p/(x^p*(1+c/(d*x))^p)*Int[u*x^p*(1+c/(d*x))^p*E^(n*ArcCot[a*x]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,n,p},x] && EqQ[a^2*c^2+d^2,0] && Not[IntegerQ[I*n/2]] && Not[IntegerQ[p]]
```

$$3. \int u \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[a x]} dx \text{ when } c^2 + a^2 d^2 = 0 \wedge \frac{i n}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z}$$

$$1. \int x^m \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[a x]} dx \text{ when } c^2 + a^2 d^2 = 0 \wedge \frac{i n}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge (p \in \mathbb{Z} \vee c > 0)$$

$$1: \int x^m \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[a x]} dx \text{ when } c^2 + a^2 d^2 = 0 \wedge \frac{i n}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge (p \in \mathbb{Z} \vee c > 0) \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z}$$

Derivation: Algebraic simplification and integration by substitution

Basis: $\operatorname{ArcCot}[z] = \frac{i}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[\frac{i}{2} z]$

$$\text{Basis: } e^n \operatorname{ArcCoth}[z] = \frac{\left(1 + \frac{1}{z}\right)^{n/2}}{\left(1 - \frac{1}{z}\right)^{n/2}}$$

$$\text{Basis: } F\left[\frac{1}{x}\right] = -\frac{F\left[\frac{1}{x}\right]}{\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)^2} \partial_x \frac{1}{x}$$

Note: Since $c^2 + a^2 d^2 = 0$, the factor $(1 + \frac{dx}{c})^p$ will combine with the factor $(1 - \frac{ix}{a})^{\frac{in}{2}}$ or $(1 + \frac{ix}{a})^{-\frac{in}{2}}$.

Rule: If $c^2 + a^2 d^2 = 0 \wedge \frac{in}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge (p \in \mathbb{Z} \vee c > 0) \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int x^m \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[ax]} dx \rightarrow c^p \int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)^m} \left(1 + \frac{d}{cx}\right)^p \frac{\left(1 - \frac{ix}{ax}\right)^{\frac{in}{2}}}{\left(1 + \frac{ix}{ax}\right)^{\frac{in}{2}}} dx \rightarrow -c^p \operatorname{Subst}\left[\int \frac{\left(1 + \frac{dx}{c}\right)^p \left(1 - \frac{ix}{a}\right)^{\frac{in}{2}}}{x^{m+2} \left(1 + \frac{ix}{a}\right)^{\frac{in}{2}}} dx, x, \frac{1}{x}\right]$$

Program code:

```
Int[(c+d./x_)^p.*E^(n.*ArcCot[a.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
  -c^p*Subst[Int[(1+d*x/c)^p*(1-I*x/a)^(I*n/2)/(x^2*(1+I*x/a)^(I*n/2)),x],x,1/x] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,n,p},x] && EqQ[c^2+a^2*d^2,0] && Not[IntegerQ[I*n/2]] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[c,0])
```

```
Int[x^m.*(c+d./x_)^p.*E^(n.*ArcCot[a.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
  -c^p*Subst[Int[(1+d*x/c)^p*(1-I*x/a)^(I*n/2)/(x^(m+2)*(1+I*x/a)^(I*n/2)),x],x,1/x] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,m,n,p},x] && EqQ[c^2+a^2*d^2,0] && Not[IntegerQ[I*n/2]] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[c,0]) && IntegerQ[m]
```

$$2: \int x^m \left(c + \frac{d}{x} \right)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[ax]} dx \text{ when } c^2 + a^2 d^2 = 0 \wedge \frac{\frac{1}{2}n}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge (p \in \mathbb{Z} \vee c > 0) \wedge m \notin \mathbb{Z}$$

Derivation: Algebraic simplification and integration by substitution

Basis: $\operatorname{ArcCot}[z] = \pm \operatorname{ArcCoth}[\pm z]$

$$\text{Basis: } e^n \operatorname{ArcCoth}[z] = \frac{(1 + \frac{1}{z})^{n/2}}{(1 - \frac{1}{z})^{n/2}}$$

$$\text{Basis: } \partial_x \left(x^m \left(\frac{1}{x} \right)^m \right) = 0$$

$$\text{Basis: } F\left[\frac{1}{x} \right] = -\frac{F\left[\frac{1}{x} \right]}{\left(\frac{1}{x} \right)^2} \partial_x \frac{1}{x}$$

Note: Since $c^2 + a^2 d^2 = 0$, the factor $(1 + \frac{dx}{c})^p$ will combine with the factor $(1 - \frac{\frac{1}{2}x}{a})^{\frac{1}{2}n}$ or $(1 + \frac{\frac{1}{2}x}{a})^{-\frac{1}{2}n}$.

Rule: If $c^2 + a^2 d^2 = 0 \wedge \frac{\frac{1}{2}n}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge (p \in \mathbb{Z} \vee c > 0) \wedge m \notin \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int x^m \left(c + \frac{d}{x} \right)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[ax]} dx \rightarrow c^p x^m \left(\frac{1}{x} \right)^m \int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{1}{x} \right)^m} \left(1 + \frac{d}{cx} \right)^p \frac{\left(1 - \frac{\frac{1}{2}x}{a} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}n}}{\left(1 + \frac{\frac{1}{2}x}{a} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}n}} dx \rightarrow -c^p x^m \left(\frac{1}{x} \right)^m \operatorname{Subst} \left[\int \frac{\left(1 + \frac{dx}{c} \right)^p \left(1 - \frac{\frac{1}{2}x}{a} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}n}}{x^{m+2} \left(1 + \frac{\frac{1}{2}x}{a} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}n}} dx, x, \frac{1}{x} \right]$$

Program code:

```
Int[(c+d./x.)^p_*E^(n_.*ArcCot[a_.*x_]),x_Symbol]:=  
  (c+d/x)^p/(1+d/(c*x))^p*Int[(1+d/(c*x))^p*E^(n*ArcCot[a*x]),x]/;  
 FreeQ[{a,c,d,n,p},x] && EqQ[c^2+a^2*d^2,0] && Not[IntegerQ[I*n/2]] && Not[IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[c,0]]
```

```
Int[x_^m_*(c_+d_./x_)^p_.*E^(n_.*ArcCot[a_.*x_]),x_Symbol]:=  
  -c^p*x^m*(1/x)^m*Subst[Int[(1+d*x/c)^p*(1-I*x/a)^(I*n/2)/(x^(m+2)*(1+I*x/a)^(I*n/2)),x],x,1/x]/;  
 FreeQ[{a,c,d,m,n,p},x] && EqQ[c^2+a^2*d^2,0] && Not[IntegerQ[I*n/2]] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[c,0]) && Not[IntegerQ[m]]
```

$$2: \int u \left(c + \frac{d}{x} \right)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[ax]} dx \text{ when } c^2 + a^2 d^2 = 0 \wedge \frac{i n}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge \neg (p \in \mathbb{Z} \vee c > 0)$$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

$$\text{Basis: } \partial_x \frac{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^p}{\left(1 + \frac{d}{c x}\right)^p} = 0$$

Rule: If $c^2 + a^2 d^2 = 0 \wedge \frac{i n}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge \neg (p \in \mathbb{Z} \vee c > 0)$, then

$$\int u \left(c + \frac{d}{x} \right)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[ax]} dx \rightarrow \frac{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^p}{\left(1 + \frac{d}{c x}\right)^p} \int u \left(1 + \frac{d}{c x} \right)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[ax]} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[u_.*(c_+d_./x_)^p_*E^(n_.*ArcCot[a_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
  (c+d/x)^p/(1+d/(c*x))^p*Int[u*(1+d/(c*x))^p*E^(n*ArcCot[a*x]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,n,p},x] && EqQ[c^2+a^2*d^2,0] && Not[IntegerQ[I*n/2]] && Not[IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[c,0]]
```

4. $\int x^m (c + d x^2)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[a x]} dx$ when $d = a^2 c \wedge \frac{i n}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z}$

1. $\int (c + d x^2)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[a x]} dx$ when $d = a^2 c \wedge p \leq -1$

1: $\int \frac{e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[a x]}}{c + d x^2} dx$ when $d = a^2 c$

Rule: If $d = a^2 c$, then

$$\int \frac{e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[a x]}}{c + d x^2} dx \rightarrow -\frac{e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[a x]}}{a c n}$$

Program code:

```
Int[E^(n.*ArcCot[a.*x_])/(c_+d_.*x_^2),x_Symbol] :=
-E^(n*ArcCot[a*x])/ (a*c*n) /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,n},x] && EqQ[d,a^2*c]
```

2: $\int \frac{e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[a x]}}{(c + d x^2)^{3/2}} dx$ when $d = a^2 c \wedge \frac{i n+1}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z}$

Note: When $\frac{i n+1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$, it is better to transform integrand into algebraic form.

Rule: If $d = a^2 c \wedge \frac{i n+1}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int \frac{e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[a x]}}{(c + d x^2)^{3/2}} dx \rightarrow -\frac{(n - a x) e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[a x]}}{a c (n^2 + 1) \sqrt{c + d x^2}}$$

Program code:

```
Int[E^(n.*ArcCot[a.*x_])/(c_+d_.*x_^2)^(3/2),x_Symbol] :=
-(n-a*x)*E^(n*ArcCot[a*x])/ (a*c*(n^2+1)*Sqrt[c+d*x^2]) /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,n},x] && EqQ[d,a^2*c] && Not[IntegerQ[(I*n-1)/2]]
```

3: $\int (c + d x^2)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[a x]} dx$ when $d = a^2 c \wedge p < -1 \wedge p \neq -\frac{3}{2} \wedge n^2 + 4 (p+1)^2 \neq 0 \wedge \neg (p \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge \frac{\frac{1}{2}n}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}) \wedge \neg (p \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge \frac{\frac{1}{2}n-1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z})$

Rule: If $d = a^2 c \wedge p < -1 \wedge p \neq -\frac{3}{2} \wedge n^2 + 4 (p+1)^2 \neq 0 \wedge \neg (p \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge \frac{\frac{1}{2}n}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}) \wedge \neg (p \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge \frac{\frac{1}{2}n-1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z})$, then

$$\int (c + d x^2)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[a x]} dx \rightarrow -\frac{(n+2 a (p+1) x) (c + d x^2)^{p+1} e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[a x]}}{a c (n^2 + 4 (p+1)^2)} + \frac{2 (p+1) (2 p+3)}{c (n^2 + 4 (p+1)^2)} \int (c + d x^2)^{p+1} e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[a x]} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(c+d.*x.^2)^p.*E^(n.*ArcCot[a.*x.]),x_Symbol]:=  
-(n+2*a*(p+1)*x)*(c+d*x^2)^(p+1).*E^(n*ArcCot[a*x])/ (a*c*(n^2+4*(p+1)^2)) +  
2*(p+1)*(2*p+3)/(c*(n^2+4*(p+1)^2))*Int[(c+d*x^2)^(p+1).*E^(n*ArcCot[a*x]),x];;  
FreeQ[{a,c,d,n},x] && EqQ[d,a^2*c] && LtQ[p,-1] && NeQ[p,-3/2] && NeQ[n^2+4*(p+1)^2,0] &&  
Not[IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[I*n/2]] && Not[Not[IntegerQ[p]] && IntegerQ[(I*n-1)/2]]
```

2. $\int x^m (c + d x^2)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[a x]} dx$ when $d = a^2 c \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge 0 \leq m \leq -2 (p+1)$

1. $\int x (c + d x^2)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[a x]} dx$ when $d = a^2 c \wedge p \leq -1$

1: $\int \frac{x e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[a x]}}{(c + d x^2)^{3/2}} dx$ when $d = a^2 c \wedge \frac{\frac{1}{2}n+1}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z}$

Rule: If $d = a^2 c \wedge \frac{\frac{1}{2}n+1}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int \frac{x e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[a x]}}{(c + d x^2)^{3/2}} dx \rightarrow -\frac{(1+a n x) e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[a x]}}{a^2 c (n^2 + 1) \sqrt{c + d x^2}}$$

Program code:

```
Int[x.*E^(n.*ArcCot[a.*x.])/(c+d.*x.^2)^(3/2),x_Symbol]:=  
-(1+a*n*x)*E^(n*ArcCot[a*x])/ (a^2*c*(n^2+1)*Sqrt[c+d*x^2]);;  
FreeQ[{a,c,d,n},x] && EqQ[d,a^2*c] && Not[IntegerQ[(I*n-1)/2]]
```

2: $\int x (c + d x^2)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[a x]} dx$ when $d = a^2 c \wedge p \leq -1 \wedge p \neq -\frac{3}{2} \wedge n^2 + 4 (p+1)^2 \neq 0 \wedge \neg (p \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge \frac{i n}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}) \wedge \neg (p \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge \frac{i n-1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z})$

Rule: If $d = a^2 c \wedge p \leq -2 \wedge n^2 + 4 (p+1)^2 \neq 0 \wedge \neg (p \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge \frac{i n}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}) \wedge \neg (p \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge \frac{i n-1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z})$, then

$$\int x (c + d x^2)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[a x]} dx \rightarrow \frac{(2(p+1) - a n x) (c + d x^2)^{p+1} e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[a x]}}{a^2 c (n^2 + 4 (p+1)^2)} + \frac{n (2 p + 3)}{a c (n^2 + 4 (p+1)^2)} \int (c + d x^2)^{p+1} e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[a x]} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[x_*(c_+d_.*x_`^2)^p_*E^(n_.*ArcCot[a_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=  
  (2*(p+1)-a*n*x)*(c+d*x^2)^(p+1)*E^(n*ArcCot[a*x])/(a^2*c*(n^2+4*(p+1)^2)) +  
  n*(2*p+3)/(a*c*(n^2+4*(p+1)^2))*Int[(c+d*x^2)^(p+1)*E^(n*ArcCot[a*x]),x] /;  
FreeQ[{a,c,d,n},x] && EqQ[d,a^2*c] && LeQ[p,-1] && NeQ[p,-3/2] && NeQ[n^2+4*(p+1)^2,0] &&  
Not[IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[I*n/2]] && Not[Not[IntegerQ[p]] && IntegerQ[(I*n-1)/2]]
```

2. $\int x^2 (c + d x^2)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[a x]} dx$ when $d = a^2 c \wedge p \leq -1$

1: $\int x^2 (c + d x^2)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[a x]} dx$ when $d = a^2 c \wedge n^2 - 2 (p+1) = 0 \wedge n^2 + 1 \neq 0$

Rule: If $d = a^2 c \wedge n^2 - 2 (p+1) = 0 \wedge n^2 + 1 \neq 0$, then

$$\int x^2 (c + d x^2)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[a x]} dx \rightarrow \frac{(n+2(p+1)a x) (c + d x^2)^{p+1} e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[a x]}}{a^3 c n^2 (n^2 + 1)}$$

Program code:

```
Int[x_`^2*(c_+d_.*x_`^2)^p_*E^(n_.*ArcCot[a_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=  
  (n+2*(p+1)*a*x)*(c+d*x^2)^(p+1)*E^(n*ArcCot[a*x])/(a^3*c*n^2*(n^2+1)) /;  
FreeQ[{a,c,d,n},x] && EqQ[d,a^2*c] && EqQ[n^2-2*(p+1),0] && NeQ[n^2+1,0]
```

$$2: \int x^2 (c + d x^2)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[a x]} dx \text{ when } d = a^2 c \wedge p \leq -1 \wedge n^2 - 2(p+1) \neq 0 \wedge n^2 + 4(p+1)^2 \neq 0 \wedge \neg (p \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge \frac{i n}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}) \wedge \neg (p \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge \frac{i n+1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z})$$

Rule: If

$d = a^2 c \wedge p \leq -1 \wedge n^2 - 2(p+1) \neq 0 \wedge n^2 + 4(p+1)^2 \neq 0 \wedge \neg (p \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge \frac{i n}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}) \wedge \neg (p \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge \frac{i n+1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z})$, then

$$\int x^2 (c + d x^2)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[a x]} dx \rightarrow \frac{(n+2(p+1)a x) (c + d x^2)^{p+1} e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[a x]}}{a^3 c (n^2 + 4(p+1)^2)} + \frac{n^2 - 2(p+1)}{a^2 c (n^2 + 4(p+1)^2)} \int (c + d x^2)^{p+1} e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[a x]} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[x_2*(c_+d_.*x_2)^p_*E^(n_.*ArcCot[a_.*x_]),x_Symbol]:=  
  (n+2*(p+1)*a*x)*(c+d*x^2)^(p+1)*E^(n*ArcCot[a*x])/(a^3*c*(n^2+4*(p+1)^2)) +  
  (n^2-2*(p+1))/(a^2*c*(n^2+4*(p+1)^2))*Int[(c+d*x^2)^(p+1)*E^(n*ArcCot[a*x]),x] /;  
 FreeQ[{a,c,d,n},x] && EqQ[d,a^2*c] && LtQ[p,-1] && NeQ[n^2-2*(p+1),0] && NeQ[n^2+4*(p+1)^2,0] &&  
 Not[IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[I*n/2]] && Not[Not[IntegerQ[p]] && IntegerQ[(I*n-1)/2]]
```

3: $\int x^m (c + d x^2)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[a x]} dx$ when $d = a^2 c \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge 3 \leq m \leq -2 (p+1) \wedge p \in \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

Basis: If $d = a^2 c \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge p \in \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$x^m (c + d x^2)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[a x]} = -\frac{c^p}{a^{m+1}} \frac{e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[a x]} \operatorname{Cot}[\operatorname{ArcCot}[a x]]^{m+2(p+1)}}{\cos[\operatorname{ArcCot}[a x]]^{2(p+1)}} \partial_x \operatorname{ArcCot}[a x]$$

Rule: If $d = a^2 c \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge 3 \leq m \leq -2 (p+1) \wedge p \in \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int x^m (c + d x^2)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[a x]} dx \rightarrow -\frac{c^p}{a^{m+1}} \operatorname{Subst}\left[\int \frac{e^{n x} \operatorname{Cot}[x]^{m+2(p+1)}}{\cos[x]^{2(p+1)}} dx, x, \operatorname{ArcCot}[a x]\right]$$

Program code:

```
Int[x^m .*(c+d*x^2)^p *E^(n.*ArcCot[a.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
 -c^p/a^(m+1)*Subst[Int[E^(n*x)*Cot[x]^(m+2*(p+1))/Cos[x]^(2*(p+1)),x],x,ArcCot[a*x]] /;
 FreeQ[{a,c,d,n},x] && EqQ[d,a^2*c] && IntegerQ[m] && LeQ[3,m,-2(p+1)] && IntegerQ[p]
```

$$3. \int u (c + d x^2)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[a x]} dx \text{ when } d == a^2 c \wedge \frac{i n}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z}$$

1: $\int u (c + d x^2)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[a x]} dx \text{ when } d == a^2 c \wedge \frac{i n}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge p \in \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Algebraic simplification

Basis: If $d == a^2 c \wedge p \in \mathbb{Z}$, then $(c + d x^2)^p = d^p x^{2p} \left(1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}\right)^p$

Rule: If $d == a^2 c \wedge \frac{i n}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge p \in \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int u (c + d x^2)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[a x]} dx \rightarrow d^p \int u x^{2p} \left(1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}\right)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[a x]} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[u_.*(c_+d_.*x_^2)^p_.*E^(n_.*ArcCot[a_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
  d^p*Int[u*x^(2*p)*(1+1/(a^2*x^2))^p*E^(n*ArcCot[a*x]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,n},x] && EqQ[d,a^2*c] && Not[IntegerQ[I*n/2]] && IntegerQ[p]
```

2: $\int u (c + d x^2)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[a x]} dx$ when $d = a^2 c \wedge \frac{i n}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge p \notin \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

Basis: If $d = a^2 c$, then $\partial_x \frac{(c + d x^2)^p}{x^{2p} \left(1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}\right)^p} = 0$

Rule: If $d = a^2 c \wedge \frac{i n}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge p \notin \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int u (c + d x^2)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[a x]} dx \rightarrow \frac{(c + d x^2)^p}{x^{2p} \left(1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}\right)^p} \int u x^{2p} \left(1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}\right)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[a x]} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[u_.*(c_+d_.*x_^2)^p_*E^(n_.*ArcCot[a_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
  (c+d*x^2)^p/(x^(2*p)*(1+1/(a^2*x^2))^p)*Int[u*x^(2*p)*(1+1/(a^2*x^2))^p*E^(n*ArcCot[a*x]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,n,p},x] && EqQ[d,a^2*c] && Not[IntegerQ[I*n/2]] && Not[IntegerQ[p]]
```

$$5. \int u \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[ax]} dx \text{ when } c = a^2 d \wedge \frac{\frac{i}{2}n}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z}$$

$$1. \int u \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[ax]} dx \text{ when } c = a^2 d \wedge \frac{\frac{i}{2}n}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge (p \in \mathbb{Z} \vee c > 0)$$

$$1: \int u \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[ax]} dx \text{ when } c = a^2 d \wedge \frac{\frac{i}{2}n}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge (p \in \mathbb{Z} \vee c > 0) \wedge \left(2p \mid p + \frac{\frac{i}{2}n}{2} \right) \in \mathbb{Z}$$

Derivation: Algebraic simplification

Basis: $\operatorname{ArcCot}[z] = \pm \operatorname{ArcCoth}[\pm z]$

$$\text{Basis: } e^n \operatorname{ArcCoth}[z] = \frac{(1 + \frac{1}{z})^{n/2}}{(1 - \frac{1}{z})^{n/2}}$$

$$\text{Basis: } (1 + z^2)^p \frac{(1 - \pm z)^n}{(1 + \pm z)^n} = (1 - \pm z)^{p+n} (1 + \pm z)^{p-n}$$

$$\text{Basis: If } p + n \in \mathbb{Z}, \text{ then } (1 - \pm z)^{p+n} (1 + \pm z)^{p-n} = \frac{(-1 + \pm z)^{p-n} (1 + \pm z)^{p+n}}{(\pm z)^{2p}}$$

Rule: If $c = a^2 d \wedge \frac{\frac{i}{2}n}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge (p \in \mathbb{Z} \vee c > 0) \wedge \left(2p \mid p + \frac{\frac{i}{2}n}{2} \right) \in \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\begin{aligned} \int u \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[ax]} dx &\rightarrow c^p \int u \left(1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2} \right)^p \frac{\left(1 - \frac{\pm i}{ax} \right)^{\frac{\frac{i}{2}n}{2}}}{\left(1 + \frac{\pm i}{ax} \right)^{\frac{\frac{i}{2}n}{2}}} dx \\ &\rightarrow c^p \int u \left(1 - \frac{\pm i}{ax} \right)^{p+\frac{\frac{i}{2}n}{2}} \left(1 + \frac{\pm i}{ax} \right)^{p-\frac{\frac{i}{2}n}{2}} dx \\ &\rightarrow \frac{c^p}{(\pm a)^{2p}} \int \frac{u}{x^{2p}} (-1 + \pm ax)^{p-\frac{\frac{i}{2}n}{2}} (1 + \pm ax)^{p+\frac{\frac{i}{2}n}{2}} dx \end{aligned}$$

Program code:

```
Int[u_.*(c_+d_./x_^2)^p.*E^(n_.*ArcCot[a_.*x_]),x_Symbol]:=  
  c^p/(I*a)^(2*p)*Int[u/x^(2*p)*(-1+I*a*x)^(p-I*n/2)*(1+I*a*x)^(p+I*n/2),x]/;  
FreeQ[{a,c,d,n,p},x] && EqQ[c,a^2*d] && Not[IntegerQ[I*n/2]] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[c,0]) && IntegersQ[2*p,p+I*n/2]
```

$$2. \int x^m \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[ax]} dx \text{ when } c = a^2 d \wedge \frac{\frac{i}{2}n}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge (p \in \mathbb{Z} \vee c > 0) \wedge \neg \left(2p \mid p + \frac{\frac{i}{2}n}{2} \right) \in \mathbb{Z}$$

$$1: \int x^m \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[ax]} dx \text{ when } c = a^2 d \wedge \frac{\frac{i}{2}n}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge (p \in \mathbb{Z} \vee c > 0) \wedge \neg \left(2p \mid p + \frac{\frac{i}{2}n}{2} \right) \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z}$$

Derivation: Algebraic simplification and integration by substitution

Basis: $\operatorname{ArcCot}[z] = \pm \operatorname{ArcCoth}[\pm z]$

$$\text{Basis: } e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[z]} = \frac{(1 + \frac{1}{z})^{n/2}}{(1 - \frac{1}{z})^{n/2}}$$

$$\text{Basis: } (1 + z^2)^p \frac{(1 - \pm z)^n}{(1 + \pm z)^n} = (1 - \pm z)^{p+n} (1 + \pm z)^{p-n}$$

$$\text{Basis: } F\left[\frac{1}{x}\right] = -\frac{F\left[\frac{1}{x}\right]}{\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)^2} \partial_x \frac{1}{x}$$

Rule: If $c = a^2 d \wedge \frac{\frac{i}{2}n}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge (p \in \mathbb{Z} \vee c > 0) \wedge \neg \left(2p \mid p + \frac{\frac{i}{2}n}{2} \right) \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^m \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[ax]} dx &\rightarrow c^p \int x^m \left(1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2} \right)^p \frac{\left(1 - \frac{\pm}{ax} \right)^{\frac{\frac{i}{2}n}{2}}}{\left(1 + \frac{\pm}{ax} \right)^{\frac{\frac{i}{2}n}{2}}} dx \\ &\rightarrow c^p \int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)^m} \left(1 - \frac{\pm}{ax} \right)^{p+\frac{\frac{i}{2}n}{2}} \left(1 + \frac{\pm}{ax} \right)^{p-\frac{\frac{i}{2}n}{2}} dx \\ &\rightarrow -c^p \operatorname{Subst}\left[\int \frac{\left(1 - \frac{\pm x}{a} \right)^{p+\frac{\frac{i}{2}n}{2}} \left(1 + \frac{\pm x}{a} \right)^{p-\frac{\frac{i}{2}n}{2}}}{x^{m+2}} dx, x, \frac{1}{x} \right] \end{aligned}$$

Program code:

```
Int[(c+d./x^2)^p.*E^(n.*ArcCot[a.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
-c^p*Subst[Int[(1-I*x/a)^(p+I*n/2)*(1+I*x/a)^(p-I*n/2)/x^2,x],x,1/x];
FreeQ[{a,c,d,n,p},x] && EqQ[c,a^2*d] && Not[IntegerQ[I*n/2]] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[c,0]) && Not[IntegerQ[2*p] && IntegerQ[p+I*n/2]]
```

```
Int[x^m_.*(c_+d_./x^2)^p_.*E^(n_.*ArcCot[a_.*x_]),x_Symbol]:=  
-c^p*Subst[Int[(1-I*x/a)^(p+I*n/2)*(1+I*x/a)^(p-I*n/2)/x^(m+2),x],x,1/x];  
FreeQ[{a,c,d,n,p},x] && EqQ[c,a^2*d] && Not[IntegerQ[I*n/2]] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[c,0]) && Not[IntegerQ[2*p] && IntegerQ[p+I*n/2]] &&  
IntegerQ[m]
```

$$2: \int x^m \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[ax]} dx \text{ when } c = a^2 d \wedge \frac{\frac{i}{2}n}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge (p \in \mathbb{Z} \vee c > 0) \wedge -\left(2p \mid p + \frac{\frac{i}{2}n}{2} \right) \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge m \notin \mathbb{Z}$$

Derivation: Algebraic simplification and integration by substitution

Basis: $\operatorname{ArcCot}[z] = \frac{i}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}\left[\frac{i}{2} z\right]$

$$\text{Basis: } e^n \operatorname{ArcCot}[z] = \frac{\left(1 + \frac{1}{z}\right)^{n/2}}{\left(1 - \frac{1}{z}\right)^{n/2}}$$

$$\text{Basis: } (1 + z^2)^p \frac{(1 - \frac{i}{2}z)^n}{(1 + \frac{i}{2}z)^n} = (1 - \frac{i}{2}z)^{p+n} (1 + \frac{i}{2}z)^{p-n}$$

$$\text{Basis: } F\left[\frac{1}{x}\right] = -\frac{F\left[\frac{1}{x}\right]}{\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)^2} \partial_x \frac{1}{x}$$

Rule: If $c = a^2 d \wedge \frac{\frac{i}{2}n}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge (p \in \mathbb{Z} \vee c > 0) \wedge -\left(2p \mid p + \frac{\frac{i}{2}n}{2} \right) \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^m \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[ax]} dx &\rightarrow c^p \int x^m \left(1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2} \right)^p \frac{\left(1 - \frac{i}{a x} \right)^{\frac{i}{2}n}}{\left(1 + \frac{i}{a x} \right)^{\frac{i}{2}n}} dx \\ &\rightarrow c^p x^m \left(\frac{1}{x} \right)^m \int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{1}{x} \right)^m} \left(1 - \frac{i}{a x} \right)^{p+\frac{i}{2}n} \left(1 + \frac{i}{a x} \right)^{p-\frac{i}{2}n} dx \\ &\rightarrow -c^p x^m \left(\frac{1}{x} \right)^m \operatorname{Subst}\left[\int \frac{\left(1 - \frac{i}{a x} \right)^{p+\frac{i}{2}n} \left(1 + \frac{i}{a x} \right)^{p-\frac{i}{2}n}}{x^{m+2}} dx, x, \frac{1}{x} \right] \end{aligned}$$

— Program code:

```
Int[x^m * (c+d./x^2)^p.*E^(n.*ArcCot[a.*x]),x_Symbol] :=
-c^p*x^m*(1/x)^m*Subst[Int[(1-I*x/a)^(p+I*n/2)*(1+I*x/a)^(p-I*n/2)/x^(m+2),x],x,1/x];
FreeQ[{a,c,d,m,n,p},x] && EqQ[c,a^2*d] && Not[IntegerQ[I*n/2]] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[c,0]) && Not[IntegerQ[2*p]] && IntegerQ[p+I*n/2] &&
Not[IntegerQ[m]]
```

$$2: \int u \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[ax]} dx \text{ when } c = a^2 d \wedge \frac{i n}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge \neg (p \in \mathbb{Z} \vee c > 0)$$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

Basis: If $c = a^2 d$, then $\partial_x \frac{(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^p}{(1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2})^p} = 0$

Rule: If $c = a^2 d \wedge \frac{i n}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge \neg (p \in \mathbb{Z} \vee c > 0)$, then

$$\int u \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[ax]} dx \rightarrow \frac{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^p}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2} \right)^p} \int u \left(1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2} \right)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[ax]} dx$$

— Program code:

```
Int[u_.*(c_+d_./x_^2)^p_*E^(n_.*ArcCot[a_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
  (c+d/x^2)^p/(1+1/(a^2*x^2))^p*Int[u*(1+1/(a^2*x^2))^p*E^(n*ArcCot[a*x]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,n,p},x] && EqQ[c,a^2*d] && Not[IntegerQ[I*n/2]] && Not[IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[c,0]]
```

$$2. \int u e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[a+b x]} dx$$

1: $\int u e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[a+b x]} dx$ when $\frac{i n}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Algebraic simplification

Basis: If $\frac{i n}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$, then $e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[z]} = (-1)^{\frac{i n}{2}} e^{-n \operatorname{ArcTan}[z]}$

Rule: If $\frac{i n}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int u e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[c(a+b x)]} dx \rightarrow (-1)^{\frac{i n}{2}} \int u e^{-n \operatorname{ArcTan}[c(a+b x)]} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[u_.*E^(n_*ArcCot[c_.*(a_+b_.*x_)]),x_Symbol] :=
  (-1)^(I*n/2)*Int[u*E^(-n*ArcTan[c*(a+b*x)]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c},x] && IntegerQ[I*n/2]
```

2. $\int u e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[a+b x]} dx$ when $\frac{\frac{1}{2} n}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z}$

1: $\int e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[c(a+b x)]} dx$ when $\frac{\frac{1}{2} n}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Algebraic simplification and piecewise constant extraction

Basis: $\operatorname{ArcCot}[z] = \frac{i}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}\left[\frac{i}{2} z\right]$

Basis: $e^{n \operatorname{ArcCoth}[z]} = \frac{\left(1 + \frac{1}{z}\right)^{n/2}}{\left(1 - \frac{1}{z}\right)^{n/2}} = \frac{z^{n/2} \left(1 + \frac{1}{z}\right)^{n/2}}{(-1+z)^{n/2}}$

Basis: $\partial_x \frac{f[x]^n \left(1 + \frac{1}{f[x]}\right)^n}{(1+f[x])^n} = 0$

– Rule: If $\frac{\frac{1}{2} n}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[c(a+b x)]} dx \rightarrow \int \frac{\left(\frac{i}{2} c (a+b x)\right)^{\frac{1}{2} n} \left(1 + \frac{1}{\frac{i}{2} c (a+b x)}\right)^{\frac{1}{2} n}}{(-1 + \frac{i}{2} c (a+b x))^{\frac{1}{2} n}} dx \rightarrow \frac{\left(\frac{i}{2} c (a+b x)\right)^{\frac{1}{2} n} \left(1 + \frac{1}{\frac{i}{2} c (a+b x)}\right)^{\frac{1}{2} n}}{(1 + \frac{i}{2} a c + \frac{i}{2} b c x)^{\frac{1}{2} n}} \int \frac{(1 + \frac{i}{2} a c + \frac{i}{2} b c x)^{\frac{1}{2} n}}{(-1 + \frac{i}{2} a c + \frac{i}{2} b c x)^{\frac{1}{2} n}} dx$$

– Program code:

```
Int[E^(n.*ArcCot[c.*(a+b.*x_)]),x_Symbol]:=  
  (I*c*(a+b*x))^(I*n/2)*(1+1/(I*c*(a+b*x)))^(I*n/2)/(1+I*a*c+I*b*c*x)^(I*n/2)*  
  Int[(1+I*a*c+I*b*c*x)^(I*n/2)/(-1+I*a*c+I*b*c*x)^(I*n/2),x] /;  
 FreeQ[{a,b,c,n},x] && Not[IntegerQ[I*n/2]]
```

$$2. \int (d + e x)^m e^{n \operatorname{ArcCoth}[c (a+b x)]} dx \text{ when } \frac{i n}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z}$$

$$1: \int x^m e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[c (a+b x)]} dx \text{ when } m \in \mathbb{Z}^- \wedge -1 < i n < 1$$

Derivation: Algebraic simplification and integration by substitution

Basis: $\operatorname{ArcCot}[z] = \frac{i}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}\left[\frac{i}{2} z\right]$

$$\text{Basis: } e^{n \operatorname{ArcCoth}[z]} = \frac{\left(1 + \frac{1}{z}\right)^{n/2}}{\left(1 - \frac{1}{z}\right)^{n/2}}$$

Basis: If $m \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge -1 < i n < 1$, then

$$x^m \frac{\left(1 + \frac{1}{i c (a+b x)}\right)^{\frac{i n}{2}}}{\left(1 - \frac{1}{i c (a+b x)}\right)^{\frac{i n}{2}}} = \frac{4}{i^m n b^{m+1} c^{m+1}} \operatorname{Subst}\left[\frac{x^{\frac{2}{i n}} \left(1 + i a c + (1 - i a c) x^{\frac{2}{i n}}\right)^m}{(-1 + x^{\frac{2}{i n}})^{m+2}}, x, \frac{\left(1 + \frac{1}{i c (a+b x)}\right)^{\frac{i n}{2}}}{\left(1 - \frac{1}{i c (a+b x)}\right)^{\frac{i n}{2}}}\right] \partial_x \frac{\left(1 + \frac{1}{i c (a+b x)}\right)^{\frac{i n}{2}}}{\left(1 - \frac{1}{i c (a+b x)}\right)^{\frac{i n}{2}}}$$

Note: There should be an algebraic substitution rule that makes this rule redundant.

Rule: If $m \in \mathbb{Z}^- \wedge -1 < i n < 1$, then

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^m e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[c (a+b x)]} dx &\rightarrow \int x^m \frac{\left(1 + \frac{1}{i c (a+b x)}\right)^{\frac{i n}{2}}}{\left(1 - \frac{1}{i c (a+b x)}\right)^{\frac{i n}{2}}} dx \\ &\rightarrow \frac{4}{i^m n b^{m+1} c^{m+1}} \operatorname{Subst}\left[\int \frac{x^{\frac{2}{i n}} \left(1 + i a c + (1 - i a c) x^{\frac{2}{i n}}\right)^m}{(-1 + x^{\frac{2}{i n}})^{m+2}} dx, x, \frac{\left(1 + \frac{1}{i c (a+b x)}\right)^{\frac{i n}{2}}}{\left(1 - \frac{1}{i c (a+b x)}\right)^{\frac{i n}{2}}}\right] \end{aligned}$$

Program code:

```

Int[x^m * E^(n * ArcCoth[c .*(a+b .*x_)]) ,x_Symbol] :=
  4/(I^m*n*b^(m+1)*c^(m+1))*
  Subst[Int[x^(2/(I*n))*(1+I*a*c+(1-I*a*c)*x^(2/(I*n)))^m/(-1+x^(2/(I*n)))^(m+2),x],x,
  (1+1/(I*c*(a+b*x)))^(I*n/2)/(1-1/(I*c*(a+b*x)))^(I*n/2)] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c},x] && ILtQ[m,0] && LtQ[-1,I*n,1]

```

$$2: \int (d + e x)^m e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[c (a+b x)]} dx \text{ when } \frac{\frac{i}{2} n}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z}$$

Derivation: Algebraic simplification and piecewise constant extraction

Basis: $\operatorname{ArcCot}[z] = \frac{i}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}\left[\frac{i}{2} z\right]$

$$\text{Basis: } e^{n \operatorname{ArcCoth}[z]} = \frac{\left(1 + \frac{1}{z}\right)^{n/2}}{\left(1 - \frac{1}{z}\right)^{n/2}} = \frac{z^{n/2} \left(1 + \frac{1}{z}\right)^{n/2}}{(-1+z)^{n/2}}$$

$$\text{Basis: } \partial_x \frac{f[x]^n \left(1 + \frac{1}{f[x]}\right)^n}{(1+f[x])^n} = 0$$

Rule: If $\frac{\frac{i}{2} n}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\begin{aligned} \int (d + e x)^m e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[c (a+b x)]} dx &\rightarrow \int (d + e x)^m \frac{\left(\frac{i}{2} c (a+b x)\right)^{\frac{i}{2} n} \left(1 + \frac{1}{\frac{i}{2} c (a+b x)}\right)^{\frac{i}{2} n}}{(-1 + \frac{i}{2} c (a+b x))^{\frac{i}{2} n}} dx \\ &\rightarrow \frac{\left(\frac{i}{2} c (a+b x)\right)^{\frac{i}{2} n} \left(1 + \frac{1}{\frac{i}{2} c (a+b x)}\right)^{\frac{i}{2} n}}{(1 + \frac{i}{2} a c + \frac{i}{2} b c x)^{\frac{i}{2} n}} \int (d + e x)^m \frac{\left(1 + \frac{i}{2} a c + \frac{i}{2} b c x\right)^{\frac{i}{2} n}}{(-1 + \frac{i}{2} a c + \frac{i}{2} b c x)^{\frac{i}{2} n}} dx \end{aligned}$$

Program code:

```
Int[(d_+e_*x_)^m_*E^(n_*ArcCoth[c_*(a_+b_*x_)]),x_Symbol]:=  
  (I*c*(a+b*x))^((I*n/2)*(1+1/(I*c*(a+b*x)))^((I*n/2)/(1+I*a*c+I*b*c*x)^(I*n/2))*  
   Int[(d+e*x)^m*(1+I*a*c+I*b*c*x)^(I*n/2)/(-1+I*a*c+I*b*c*x)^(I*n/2),x]/;  
 FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,m,n},x] && Not[IntegerQ[I*n/2]]
```

$$3. \int u (c + dx + ex^2)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[a+b x]} dx \text{ when } \frac{\frac{1}{2}n}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge bd = 2ae \wedge b^2 c - e(1+a^2) = 0$$

$$1: \int u (c + dx + ex^2)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[a+b x]} dx \text{ when } \frac{\frac{1}{2}n}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge bd = 2ae \wedge b^2 c - e(1+a^2) = 0 \wedge (p \in \mathbb{Z} \vee \frac{c}{1+a^2} > 0)$$

Derivation: Algebraic simplification and piecewise constant extraction

Basis: If $bd = 2ae \wedge b^2 c - e(1+a^2) = 0$, then $c + dx + ex^2 = \frac{c}{1+a^2} (1 + (a+bx)^2)$

Basis: $\operatorname{ArcCot}[z] = \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[\frac{1}{2} z]$

$$\text{Basis: } e^n \operatorname{ArcCoth}[z] = \frac{(1+\frac{1}{z})^{n/2}}{(1-\frac{1}{z})^{n/2}} = \frac{z^{n/2} (1+\frac{1}{z})^{n/2}}{(-1+z)^{n/2}}$$

$$\text{Basis: } \partial_x \frac{f[x]^n (1+\frac{1}{f[x]})^n}{(1+f[x])^n} = 0$$

$$\text{Basis: } \partial_x \frac{(1-f[x])^n}{(-1+f[x])^n} = 0$$

$$\text{Basis: } (1+z^2)^p = (1-\frac{1}{2}z)^p (1+\frac{1}{2}z)^p$$

$$\text{Basis: } \frac{z^n (1+\frac{1}{z})^n}{(1+z)^n} = \left(\frac{z}{1+z}\right)^n \left(\frac{1+z}{z}\right)^n$$

Rule: If $\frac{\frac{1}{2}n}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge bd = 2ae \wedge b^2 c - e(1+a^2) = 0 \wedge (p \in \mathbb{Z} \vee \frac{c}{1+a^2} > 0)$, then

$$\begin{aligned} \int u (c + dx + ex^2)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[a+b x]} dx &\rightarrow \left(\frac{c}{1+a^2}\right)^p \int u (1 + (a+bx)^2)^p \frac{\left(\frac{1}{2}a + \frac{1}{2}bx\right)^{\frac{1}{2}n} (1 + \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}a + \frac{1}{2}bx})^{\frac{1}{2}n}}{(-1 + \frac{1}{2}a + \frac{1}{2}bx)^{\frac{1}{2}n}} dx \\ &\rightarrow \left(\frac{c}{1+a^2}\right)^p \frac{\left(\frac{1}{2}a + \frac{1}{2}bx\right)^{\frac{1}{2}n} (1 + \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}a + \frac{1}{2}bx})^{\frac{1}{2}n}}{(1 + \frac{1}{2}a + \frac{1}{2}bx)^{\frac{1}{2}n}} \frac{(1 - \frac{1}{2}a - \frac{1}{2}bx)^{\frac{1}{2}n}}{(-1 + \frac{1}{2}a + \frac{1}{2}bx)^{\frac{1}{2}n}} \int u (1 + (a+bx)^2)^p \frac{(1 + \frac{1}{2}a + \frac{1}{2}bx)^{\frac{1}{2}n}}{(1 - \frac{1}{2}a - \frac{1}{2}bx)^{\frac{1}{2}n}} dx \\ &\rightarrow \left(\frac{c}{1+a^2}\right)^p \left(\frac{\frac{1}{2}a + \frac{1}{2}bx}{1 + \frac{1}{2}a + \frac{1}{2}bx}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}n} \left(\frac{1 + \frac{1}{2}a + \frac{1}{2}bx}{\frac{1}{2}a + \frac{1}{2}bx}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}n} \frac{(1 - \frac{1}{2}a - \frac{1}{2}bx)^{\frac{1}{2}n}}{(-1 + \frac{1}{2}a + \frac{1}{2}bx)^{\frac{1}{2}n}} \int u (1 - \frac{1}{2}a - \frac{1}{2}bx)^{p-\frac{1}{2}n} (1 + \frac{1}{2}a + \frac{1}{2}bx)^{p+\frac{1}{2}n} dx \end{aligned}$$

Program code:

```

Int[u_.*(c+d_.*x_.*x_^2)^p_.*E^(n_.*ArcCot[a_+b_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
(c/(1+a^2))^p*((I*a+I*b*x)/(1+I*a+I*b*x))^(I*n/2)*((1+I*a+I*b*x)/(I*a+I*b*x))^(I*n/2)*
((1-I*a-I*b*x)^(I*n/2)/(-1+I*a+I*b*x)^(I*n/2));
Int[u*(1-I*a-I*b*x)^(p-I*n/2)*(1+I*a+I*b*x)^(p+I*n/2),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,n,p},x] && Not[IntegerQ[I*n/2]] && EqQ[b*d-2*a*e,0] && EqQ[b^2*c-e(1+a^2),0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[c/(1+a^2),0])

```

2: $\int u (c + d x + e x^2)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[a+b x]} dx \text{ when } \frac{i n}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge b d == 2 a e \wedge b^2 c - e (1 + a^2) == 0 \wedge \neg (p \in \mathbb{Z} \vee \frac{c}{1+a^2} > 0)$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

Basis: If $b d == 2 a e \wedge b^2 c - e (1 + a^2) == 0$, then $\partial_x \frac{(c + d x + e x^2)^p}{(1 + a^2 + 2 a b x + b^2 x^2)^p} == 0$

Rule: If $\frac{i n}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge b d == 2 a e \wedge b^2 c - e (1 + a^2) == 0 \wedge \neg (p \in \mathbb{Z} \vee \frac{c}{1+a^2} > 0)$, then

$$\int u (c + d x + e x^2)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[a+b x]} dx \rightarrow \frac{(c + d x + e x^2)^p}{(1 + a^2 + 2 a b x + b^2 x^2)^p} \int u (1 + a^2 + 2 a b x + b^2 x^2)^p e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot}[a+b x]} dx$$

Program code:

```

Int[u_.*(c+d_.*x_.*e_.*x_^2)^p_.*E^(n_.*ArcCot[a_+b_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
(c+d*x+e*x^2)^p/(1+a^2+2*a*b*x+b^2*x^2)^p*Int[u*(1+a^2+2*a*b*x+b^2*x^2)^p*E^(n*ArcCot[a*x]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,n,p},x] && Not[IntegerQ[I*n/2]] && EqQ[b*d-2*a*e,0] && EqQ[b^2*c-e(1+a^2),0] && Not[IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[c/(1+a^2),0]]

```

$$3: \int u e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot} \left[\frac{c}{a+bx} \right]} dx$$

Derivation: Algebraic simplification

Basis: $\operatorname{ArcCot}[z] = \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1}{z}\right]$

– Rule:

$$\int u e^{n \operatorname{ArcCot} \left[\frac{c}{a+bx} \right]} dx \rightarrow \int u e^{n \operatorname{ArcTan} \left[\frac{a}{c} + \frac{bx}{c} \right]} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[u_.*E^(n.*ArcCot[c_./(a_.+b_.*x_)]),x_Symbol] :=
  Int[u*E^(n*ArcTan[a/c+b*x/c]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,n},x]
```