

Rules for integrands of the form $(c + dx)^m \text{Trig}[a + bx]^n \text{Trig}[a + bx]^p$

$$1. \int (c + dx)^m \text{Trig}[a + bx]^n \text{Trig}[a + bx]^p dx$$

$$1. \int (c + dx)^m \text{Sin}[a + bx]^n \text{Cos}[a + bx]^p dx$$

$$1: \int (c + dx)^m \text{Sin}[a + bx]^n \text{Cos}[a + bx] dx \text{ when } m \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge n \neq -1$$

Derivation: Integration by parts

$$\text{Basis: } \text{Sin}[a + bx]^n \text{Cos}[a + bx] = \partial_x \frac{\text{Sin}[a + bx]^{n+1}}{b(n+1)}$$

Rule: If $m \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge n \neq -1$, then

$$\int (c + dx)^m \text{Sin}[a + bx]^n \text{Cos}[a + bx] dx \rightarrow \frac{(c + dx)^m \text{Sin}[a + bx]^{n+1}}{b(n+1)} - \frac{dm}{b(n+1)} \int (c + dx)^{m-1} \text{Sin}[a + bx]^{n+1} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(c_+d_*x_)^m_*Sin[a_+b_*x_]^n_*Cos[a_+b_*x_],x_Symbol] :=
  (c+d*x)^m*Sin[a+b*x]^(n+1)/(b*(n+1)) -
  d*m/(b*(n+1))*Int[(c+d*x)^(m-1)*Sin[a+b*x]^(n+1),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,n},x] && IGtQ[m,0] && NeQ[n,-1]
```

```
Int[(c_+d_*x_)^m_*Sin[a_+b_*x_]_*Cos[a_+b_*x_]^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
  -(c+d*x)^m*Cos[a+b*x]^(n+1)/(b*(n+1)) +
  d*m/(b*(n+1))*Int[(c+d*x)^(m-1)*Cos[a+b*x]^(n+1),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,n},x] && IGtQ[m,0] && NeQ[n,-1]
```

$$2: \int (c+dx)^m \operatorname{Sin}[a+bx]^n \operatorname{Cos}[a+bx]^p dx \text{ when } (n|p) \in \mathbb{Z}^+$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Rule: If $(n|p) \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then

$$\int (c+dx)^m \operatorname{Sin}[a+bx]^n \operatorname{Cos}[a+bx]^p dx \rightarrow \int (c+dx)^m \operatorname{TrigReduce}[\operatorname{Sin}[a+bx]^n \operatorname{Cos}[a+bx]^p] dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(c_.+d_.*x_)^m_.*Sin[a_.+b_.*x_]^n_.*Cos[a_.+b_.*x_]^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
  Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c+d*x)^m,Sin[a+b*x]^n*Cos[a+b*x]^p,x],x] /;
  FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,m},x] && IGtQ[n,0] && IGtQ[p,0]
```

$$2: \int (c+dx)^m \operatorname{Sin}[a+bx]^n \operatorname{Tan}[a+bx]^p dx \text{ when } (n|p) \in \mathbb{Z}^+$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

$$\text{Basis: } \operatorname{Sin}[z]^2 \operatorname{Tan}[z]^2 == -\operatorname{Sin}[z]^2 + \operatorname{Tan}[z]^2$$

Rule: If $(n|p) \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then

$$\int (c+dx)^m \operatorname{Sin}[a+bx]^n \operatorname{Tan}[a+bx]^p dx \rightarrow \\ -\int (c+dx)^m \operatorname{Sin}[a+bx]^n \operatorname{Tan}[a+bx]^{p-2} dx + \int (c+dx)^m \operatorname{Sin}[a+bx]^{n-2} \operatorname{Tan}[a+bx]^p dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(c_.+d_.*x_)^m_.*Sin[a_.+b_.*x_]^n_.*Tan[a_.+b_.*x_]^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
  -Int[(c+d*x)^m*Sin[a+b*x]^n*Tan[a+b*x]^(p-2),x] + Int[(c+d*x)^m*Sin[a+b*x]^(n-2)*Tan[a+b*x]^p,x] /;
  FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,m},x] && IGtQ[n,0] && IGtQ[p,0]
```

```
Int[(c_+d_*x_)^m_*Cos[a_+b_*x_]^n_*Cot[a_+b_*x_]^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
  -Int[(c+d*x)^m*Cos[a+b*x]^n*Cot[a+b*x]^(p-2),x] + Int[(c+d*x)^m*Cos[a+b*x]^(n-2)*Cot[a+b*x]^p,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,m},x] && IGtQ[n,0] && IGtQ[p,0]
```

$$3. \int (c+dx)^m \operatorname{Sec}[a+bx]^n \operatorname{Tan}[a+bx]^p dx$$

$$1: \int (c+dx)^m \operatorname{Sec}[a+bx]^n \operatorname{Tan}[a+bx] dx \text{ when } m > 0$$

Derivation: Integration by parts

$$\text{Basis: } \operatorname{Sec}[a+bx]^n \operatorname{Tan}[a+bx] = \partial_x \frac{\operatorname{Sec}[a+bx]^n}{bn}$$

Note: Dummy exponent $p = 1$ required in program code so InputForm of integrand is recognized.

Rule: If $m > 0$, then

$$\int (c+dx)^m \operatorname{Sec}[a+bx]^n \operatorname{Tan}[a+bx] dx \rightarrow \frac{(c+dx)^m \operatorname{Sec}[a+bx]^n}{bn} - \frac{dm}{bn} \int (c+dx)^{m-1} \operatorname{Sec}[a+bx]^n dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(c_+d_*x_)^m_*Sec[a_+b_*x_]^n_*Tan[a_+b_*x_]^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
  (c+d*x)^m*Sec[a+b*x]^n/(b*n) -
  d*m/(b*n)*Int[(c+d*x)^(m-1)*Sec[a+b*x]^n,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,n},x] && EqQ[p,1] && GtQ[m,0]
```

```
Int[(c_+d_*x_)^m_*Csc[a_+b_*x_]^n_*Cot[a_+b_*x_]^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
  -(c+d*x)^m*Csc[a+b*x]^n/(b*n) +
  d*m/(b*n)*Int[(c+d*x)^(m-1)*Csc[a+b*x]^n,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,n},x] && EqQ[p,1] && GtQ[m,0]
```

$$2: \int (c+dx)^m \operatorname{Sec}[a+bx]^2 \operatorname{Tan}[a+bx]^n dx \text{ when } m \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge n \neq -1$$

Derivation: Integration by parts

$$\text{Basis: } \operatorname{Sec}[a+bx]^2 \operatorname{Tan}[a+bx]^n = \partial_x \frac{\operatorname{Tan}[a+bx]^{n+1}}{b(n+1)}$$

Rule: If $m \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge n \neq -1$, then

$$\int (c+dx)^m \operatorname{Sec}[a+bx]^2 \operatorname{Tan}[a+bx]^n dx \rightarrow \frac{(c+dx)^m \operatorname{Tan}[a+bx]^{n+1}}{b(n+1)} - \frac{dm}{b(n+1)} \int (c+dx)^{m-1} \operatorname{Tan}[a+bx]^{n+1} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(c_+d_*x_)^m_*Sec[a_+b_*x_]^2*Tan[a_+b_*x_]^n_,x_Symbol] :=
  (c+d*x)^m*Tan[a+b*x]^(n+1)/(b*(n+1)) -
  d*m/(b*(n+1))*Int[(c+d*x)^(m-1)*Tan[a+b*x]^(n+1),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,n},x] && IGtQ[m,0] && NeQ[n,-1]
```

```
Int[(c_+d_*x_)^m_*Csc[a_+b_*x_]^2*Cot[a_+b_*x_]^n_,x_Symbol] :=
  -(c+d*x)^m*Cot[a+b*x]^(n+1)/(b*(n+1)) +
  d*m/(b*(n+1))*Int[(c+d*x)^(m-1)*Cot[a+b*x]^(n+1),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,n},x] && IGtQ[m,0] && NeQ[n,-1]
```

$$\mathbf{3:} \int (c+dx)^m \operatorname{Sec}[a+bx]^n \operatorname{Tan}[a+bx]^p dx \text{ when } \frac{p}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^+$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

$$\text{Basis: } \operatorname{Tan}[z]^2 = -1 + \operatorname{Sec}[z]^2$$

Rule: If $\frac{p}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then

$$\int (c+dx)^m \operatorname{Sec}[a+bx]^n \operatorname{Tan}[a+bx]^p dx \rightarrow -\int (c+dx)^m \operatorname{Sec}[a+bx]^n \operatorname{Tan}[a+bx]^{p-2} dx + \int (c+dx)^m \operatorname{Sec}[a+bx]^{n+2} \operatorname{Tan}[a+bx]^{p-2} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(c_+d_.*x_)^m_.*Sec[a_+b_.*x_]*Tan[a_+b_.*x_]^p_,x_Symbol] :=
  -Int[(c+d*x)^m*Sec[a+b*x]*Tan[a+b*x]^(p-2),x] + Int[(c+d*x)^m*Sec[a+b*x]^3*Tan[a+b*x]^(p-2),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,m},x] && IGtQ[p/2,0]
```

```
Int[(c_+d_.*x_)^m_.*Sec[a_+b_.*x_]^n_.*Tan[a_+b_.*x_]^p_,x_Symbol] :=
  -Int[(c+d*x)^m*Sec[a+b*x]^n*Tan[a+b*x]^(p-2),x] + Int[(c+d*x)^m*Sec[a+b*x]^(n+2)*Tan[a+b*x]^(p-2),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,m,n},x] && IGtQ[p/2,0]
```

```
Int[(c_+d_.*x_)^m_.*Csc[a_+b_.*x_]*Cot[a_+b_.*x_]^p_,x_Symbol] :=
  -Int[(c+d*x)^m*Csc[a+b*x]*Cot[a+b*x]^(p-2),x] + Int[(c+d*x)^m*Csc[a+b*x]^3*Cot[a+b*x]^(p-2),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,m},x] && IGtQ[p/2,0]
```

```
Int[(c_+d_.*x_)^m_.*Csc[a_+b_.*x_]^n_.*Cot[a_+b_.*x_]^p_,x_Symbol] :=
  -Int[(c+d*x)^m*Csc[a+b*x]^n*Cot[a+b*x]^(p-2),x] + Int[(c+d*x)^m*Csc[a+b*x]^(n+2)*Cot[a+b*x]^(p-2),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,m,n},x] && IGtQ[p/2,0]
```

4: $\int (c+dx)^m \operatorname{Sec}[a+bx]^n \operatorname{Tan}[a+bx]^p dx$ when $m \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge \left(\frac{n}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \vee \frac{p-1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}\right)$

Derivation: Integration by parts

Rule: If $m \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge \left(\frac{n}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \vee \frac{p-1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}\right)$, let $u = \int \operatorname{Sec}[a+bx]^n \operatorname{Tan}[a+bx]^p dx$, then

$$\int (c+dx)^m \operatorname{Sec}[a+bx]^n \operatorname{Tan}[a+bx]^p dx \rightarrow u (c+dx)^m - dm \int u (c+dx)^{m-1} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(c_.+d_.**x_)^m_.**Sec[a_.+b_.**x_]^n_.**Tan[a_.+b_.**x_]^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
Module[{u=IntHide[Sec[a+b**x]^n*Tan[a+b**x]^p,x]},
Dist[(c+d**x)^m,u,x] - d*m*Int[(c+d**x)^(m-1)*u,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,n,p},x] && IGtQ[m,0] && (IntegerQ[n/2] || IntegerQ[(p-1)/2])
```

```
Int[(c_.+d_.**x_)^m_.**Csc[a_.+b_.**x_]^n_.**Cot[a_.+b_.**x_]^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
Module[{u=IntHide[Csc[a+b**x]^n*Cot[a+b**x]^p,x]},
Dist[(c+d**x)^m,u,x] - d*m*Int[(c+d**x)^(m-1)*u,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,n,p},x] && IGtQ[m,0] && (IntegerQ[n/2] || IntegerQ[(p-1)/2])
```

$$4. \int (c+dx)^m \operatorname{Sec}[a+bx]^p \operatorname{Csc}[a+bx]^n dx$$

$$1: \int (c+dx)^m \operatorname{Csc}[a+bx]^n \operatorname{Sec}[a+bx]^n dx \text{ when } n \in \mathbb{Z}$$

Derivation: Algebraic simplification

$$\text{Basis: } \operatorname{Csc}[z] \operatorname{Sec}[z] = 2 \operatorname{Csc}[2z]$$

Rule: If $n \in \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int (c+dx)^m \operatorname{Csc}[a+bx]^n \operatorname{Sec}[a+bx]^n dx \rightarrow 2^n \int (c+dx)^m \operatorname{Csc}[2a+2bx]^n dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(c_+d_.*x_)^m_.*Csc[a_+b_.*x_]^n_.*Sec[a_+b_.*x_]^n_., x_Symbol] :=
  2^n*Int[(c+d*x)^m*Csc[2*a+2*b*x]^n,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,m},x] && IntegerQ[n] && RationalQ[m]
```

$$2: \int (c+dx)^m \operatorname{Csc}[a+bx]^n \operatorname{Sec}[a+bx]^p dx \text{ when } (n|p) \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge m > 0 \wedge n \neq p$$

Derivation: Integration by parts

Rule: If $(n|p) \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge m > 0 \wedge n \neq p$, let $u = \int \operatorname{Csc}[a+bx]^n \operatorname{Sec}[a+bx]^p dx$, then

$$\int (c+dx)^m \operatorname{Csc}[a+bx]^n \operatorname{Sec}[a+bx]^p dx \rightarrow (c+dx)^m u - dm \int (c+dx)^{m-1} u dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(c_+d_.*x_)^m_.*Csc[a_+b_.*x_]^n_.*Sec[a_+b_.*x_]^p_., x_Symbol] :=
  Module[{u=IntHide[Csc[a+b*x]^n*Sec[a+b*x]^p,x]},
  Dist[(c+d*x)^m,u,x] - d*m*Int[(c+d*x)^(m-1)*u,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d},x] && IntegerQ[n,p] && GtQ[m,0] && NeQ[n,p]
```

5: $\int u^m \operatorname{Trig}[v]^n \operatorname{Trig}[w]^p dx$ when $u = c + dx \wedge v = w = a + bx$

Derivation: Algebraic normalization

Rule: If $u = c + dx \wedge v = w = a + bx$, then

$$\int u^m \operatorname{Trig}[v]^n \operatorname{Trig}[w]^p dx \rightarrow \int (c + dx)^m \operatorname{Trig}[a + bx]^n \operatorname{Trig}[a + bx]^p dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[u^m.*F_[v_]^n.*G_[w_]^p.,x_Symbol] :=
  Int[ExpandToSum[u,x]^m*F[ExpandToSum[v,x]]^n*G[ExpandToSum[w,x]]^p,x] /;
  FreeQ[{m,n,p},x] && TrigQ[F] && TrigQ[G] && EqQ[v,w] && LinearQ[{u,v,w},x] && Not[LinearMatchQ[{u,v,w},x]]
```

2: $\int (e + fx)^m \operatorname{Cos}[c + dx] (a + b \operatorname{Sin}[c + dx])^n dx$ when $m \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge n \neq -1$

Derivation: Integration by parts

Basis: $\operatorname{Cos}[c + dx] (a + b \operatorname{Sin}[c + dx])^n = \partial_x \frac{(a + b \operatorname{Sin}[c + dx])^{n+1}}{bd(n+1)}$

Rule: If $m \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge n \neq -1$, then

$$\int (e + fx)^m \operatorname{Cos}[c + dx] (a + b \operatorname{Sin}[c + dx])^n dx \rightarrow \frac{(e + fx)^m (a + b \operatorname{Sin}[c + dx])^{n+1}}{bd(n+1)} - \frac{fm}{bd(n+1)} \int (e + fx)^{m-1} (a + b \operatorname{Sin}[c + dx])^{n+1} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(e_.+f_.*x_)^m.*Cos[c_.+d_.*x_]*(a_.+b_.*Sin[c_.+d_.*x_])^n.,x_Symbol] :=
  (e+f*x)^m*(a+b*Sin[c+d*x])^(n+1)/(b*d*(n+1)) -
  f*m/(b*d*(n+1))*Int[(e+f*x)^(m-1)*(a+b*Sin[c+d*x])^(n+1),x] /;
  FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,n},x] && IGtQ[m,0] && NeQ[n,-1]
```



```
Int [(e_.+f_.**x_)^m_.*Sin[c_.+d_.**x_] * (a_.+b_.*Cos[c_.+d_.**x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
- (e+f*x)^m*(a+b*cos[c+d*x])^(n+1)/(b*d*(n+1)) +
f*m/(b*d*(n+1))*Int[(e+f*x)^(m-1)*(a+b*cos[c+d*x])^(n+1),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,n},x] && IGtQ[m,0] && NeQ[n,-1]
```

3: $\int (e+fx)^m \operatorname{Sec}[c+dx]^2 (a+b \operatorname{Tan}[c+dx])^n dx$ when $m \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge n \neq -1$

Derivation: Integration by parts

Basis: $\operatorname{Sec}[c+dx]^2 (a+b \operatorname{Tan}[c+dx])^n = \partial_x \frac{(a+b \operatorname{Tan}[c+dx])^{n+1}}{bd(n+1)}$

Rule: If $m \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge n \neq -1$, then

$$\int (e+fx)^m \operatorname{Sec}[c+dx]^2 (a+b \operatorname{Tan}[c+dx])^n dx \rightarrow \frac{(e+fx)^m (a+b \operatorname{Tan}[c+dx])^{n+1}}{bd(n+1)} - \frac{fm}{bd(n+1)} \int (e+fx)^{m-1} (a+b \operatorname{Tan}[c+dx])^{n+1} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int [(e_.+f_.**x_)^m_.*Sec[c_.+d_.**x_]^2*(a_.+b_.*Tan[c_.+d_.**x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
(e+f*x)^m*(a+b*tan[c+d*x])^(n+1)/(b*d*(n+1)) -
f*m/(b*d*(n+1))*Int[(e+f*x)^(m-1)*(a+b*tan[c+d*x])^(n+1),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,n},x] && IGtQ[m,0] && NeQ[n,-1]
```

```
Int [(e_.+f_.**x_)^m_.*Csc[c_.+d_.**x_]^2*(a_.+b_.*Cot[c_.+d_.**x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
- (e+f*x)^m*(a+b*cot[c+d*x])^(n+1)/(b*d*(n+1)) +
f*m/(b*d*(n+1))*Int[(e+f*x)^(m-1)*(a+b*cot[c+d*x])^(n+1),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,n},x] && IGtQ[m,0] && NeQ[n,-1]
```

$$4: \int (e+fx)^m \operatorname{Sec}[c+dx] \operatorname{Tan}[c+dx] (a+b \operatorname{Sec}[c+dx])^n dx \text{ when } m \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge n \neq -1$$

Derivation: Integration by parts

$$\text{Basis: } \operatorname{Sec}[c+dx] \operatorname{Tan}[c+dx] (a+b \operatorname{Sec}[c+dx])^n = \partial_x \frac{(a+b \operatorname{Sec}[c+dx])^{n+1}}{bd(n+1)}$$

Rule: If $m \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge n \neq -1$, then

$$\int (e+fx)^m \operatorname{Sec}[c+dx] \operatorname{Tan}[c+dx] (a+b \operatorname{Sec}[c+dx])^n dx \rightarrow \frac{(e+fx)^m (a+b \operatorname{Sec}[c+dx])^{n+1}}{bd(n+1)} - \frac{fm}{bd(n+1)} \int (e+fx)^{m-1} (a+b \operatorname{Sec}[c+dx])^{n+1} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(e+_+f_*x_)^m_*Sec[c+_+d_*x_*Tan[c+_+d_*x_]*(a+b_*Sec[c+_+d_*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
  (e+f*x)^m*(a+b*Sec[c+d*x])^(n+1)/(b*d*(n+1)) -
  f*m/(b*d*(n+1))*Int[(e+f*x)^(m-1)*(a+b*Sec[c+d*x])^(n+1),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,n},x] && IGtQ[m,0] && NeQ[n,-1]
```

```
Int[(e+_+f_*x_)^m_*Csc[c+_+d_*x_*Cot[c+_+d_*x_]*(a+b_*Csc[c+_+d_*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
  -(e+f*x)^m*(a+b*Csc[c+d*x])^(n+1)/(b*d*(n+1)) +
  f*m/(b*d*(n+1))*Int[(e+f*x)^(m-1)*(a+b*Csc[c+d*x])^(n+1),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,n},x] && IGtQ[m,0] && NeQ[n,-1]
```

5: $\int (e+fx)^m \text{Sin}[a+bx]^p \text{Sin}[c+dx]^q dx$ when $(p|q) \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Rule: If $(p|q) \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int (e+fx)^m \text{Sin}[a+bx]^p \text{Cos}[c+dx]^q dx \rightarrow \int (e+fx)^m \text{TrigReduce}[\text{Sin}[a+bx]^p \text{Cos}[c+dx]^q] dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(e_.+f_.*x_)^m_.*Sin[a_.+b_.*x_]^p_.*Sin[c_.+d_.*x_]^q_.,x_Symbol] :=
  Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(e+f*x)^m,Sin[a+b*x]^p*Sin[c+d*x]^q,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && IGtQ[p,0] && IGtQ[q,0] && IntegerQ[m]
```

```
Int[(e_.+f_.*x_)^m_.*Cos[a_.+b_.*x_]^p_.*Cos[c_.+d_.*x_]^q_.,x_Symbol] :=
  Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(e+f*x)^m,Cos[a+b*x]^p*Cos[c+d*x]^q,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && IGtQ[p,0] && IGtQ[q,0] && IntegerQ[m]
```

6: $\int (e+fx)^m \text{Sin}[a+bx]^p \text{Cos}[c+dx]^q dx$ when $(p|q) \in \mathbb{Z}^+$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Rule: If $(p|q) \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then

$$\int (e+fx)^m \text{Sin}[a+bx]^p \text{Cos}[c+dx]^q dx \rightarrow \int (e+fx)^m \text{TrigReduce}[\text{Sin}[a+bx]^p \text{Cos}[c+dx]^q] dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(e_.+f_.*x_)^m_.*Sin[a_.+b_.*x_]^p_.*Cos[c_.+d_.*x_]^q_.,x_Symbol] :=
  Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(e+f*x)^m,Sin[a+b*x]^p*Cos[c+d*x]^q,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m},x] && IGtQ[p,0] && IGtQ[q,0]
```

7: $\int (e+fx)^m \operatorname{Sin}[a+bx]^p \operatorname{Sec}[c+dx]^q dx$ when $(p|q) \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge bc-ad \equiv 0 \wedge \frac{b}{d} - 1 \in \mathbb{Z}^+$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Rule: If $(p|q) \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge bc-ad \equiv 0 \wedge \frac{b}{d} - 1 \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then

$$\int (e+fx)^m \operatorname{Sin}[a+bx]^p \operatorname{Sec}[c+dx]^q dx \rightarrow \int (e+fx)^m \operatorname{TrigExpand}[\operatorname{Sin}[a+bx]^p \operatorname{Cos}[c+dx]^q] dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(e+_.*f_.*x_)^m_.*F_[a_.*b_.*x_]^p_.*G_[c_.*d_.*x_]^q_.,x_Symbol] :=
  Int[ExpandTrigExpand[(e+f*x)^m*G[c+d*x]^q,F,c+d*x,p,b/d,x],x] /;
  FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m},x] && MemberQ[{Sin,Cos},F] && MemberQ[{Sec,Csc},G] && IGtQ[p,0] && IGtQ[q,0] && EqQ[b*c-a*d,0] && IGtQ[b/d,1]
```