

Mathematica 11.3 Integration Test Results

Test results for the 34 problems in "1.1.1.5 P(x) (a+b x)^m (c+d x)^n.m"

Problem 25: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int (a + b x)^3 (c + d x)^n (A + B x + C x^2 + D x^3) dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 455 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & - \frac{(bc - ad)^3 (c^2 C d - B c d^2 + A d^3 - c^3 D) (c + d x)^{1+n}}{d^7 (1+n)} - \frac{1}{d^7 (2+n)} \\ & (bc - ad)^2 (ad (2 c C d - B d^2 - 3 c^2 D) - b (5 c^2 C d - 4 B c d^2 + 3 A d^3 - 6 c^3 D)) (c + d x)^{2+n} - \\ & \frac{1}{d^7 (3+n)} (bc - ad) \\ & (a^2 d^2 (C d - 3 c D) - a b d (8 c C d - 3 B d^2 - 15 c^2 D) + b^2 (10 c^2 C d - 6 B c d^2 + 3 A d^3 - 15 c^3 D)) \\ & (c + d x)^{3+n} + \frac{1}{d^7 (4+n)} (a^3 d^3 D + 3 a^2 b d^2 (C d - 4 c D) - \\ & 3 a b^2 d (4 c C d - B d^2 - 10 c^2 D) + b^3 (10 c^2 C d - 4 B c d^2 + A d^3 - 20 c^3 D)) (c + d x)^{4+n} + \\ & \frac{1}{d^7 (5+n)} b (3 a^2 d^2 D + 3 a b d (C d - 5 c D) - b^2 (5 c C d - B d^2 - 15 c^2 D)) (c + d x)^{5+n} + \\ & \frac{b^2 (b C d - 6 b c D + 3 a d D) (c + d x)^{6+n}}{d^7 (6+n)} + \frac{b^3 D (c + d x)^{7+n}}{d^7 (7+n)} \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 3, 977 leaves):

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$$\begin{aligned}
 & d^7 (1+n) (2+n) (3+n) (4+n) (5+n) (6+n) (7+n) \\
 & (c+dx)^{1+n} (a^3 d^3 (210+107n+18n^2+n^3) (-6c^3 D+2c^2 d (C(4+n)+3D(1+n)x) - \\
 & \quad c d^2 (B(12+7n+n^2) + (1+n)x (2C(4+n)+3D(2+n)x)) + d^3 \\
 & \quad (A(24+26n+9n^2+n^3) + (1+n)x (B(12+7n+n^2) + (2+n)x (C(4+n)+D(3+n)x)))) + \\
 & 3 a^2 b d^2 (42+13n+n^2) (24c^4 D-6c^3 d (C(5+n)+4D(1+n)x) + \\
 & \quad 2c^2 d^2 (B(20+9n+n^2) + 3(1+n)x (C(5+n)+2D(2+n)x)) - \\
 & \quad c d^3 (A(60+47n+12n^2+n^3) + (1+n)x (2B(20+9n+n^2) + \\
 & \quad (2+n)x (3C(5+n)+4D(3+n)x))) + d^4 (1+n)x (A(60+47n+12n^2+n^3) + \\
 & \quad (2+n)x (B(20+9n+n^2) + (3+n)x (C(5+n)+D(4+n)x)))) + \\
 & 3 a b^2 d (7+n) (-120c^5 D+24c^4 d (C(6+n)+5D(1+n)x) - \\
 & \quad 6c^3 d^2 (B(30+11n+n^2) + 2(1+n)x (2C(6+n)+5D(2+n)x)) + \\
 & \quad 2c^2 d^3 (A(120+74n+15n^2+n^3) + \\
 & \quad (1+n)x (3B(30+11n+n^2) + 2(2+n)x (3C(6+n)+5D(3+n)x))) - \\
 & \quad c d^4 (1+n)x (2A(120+74n+15n^2+n^3) + (2+n)x (3B(30+11n+n^2) + \\
 & \quad (3+n)x (4C(6+n)+5D(4+n)x))) + d^5 (2+3n+n^2) x^2 (A(120+74n+15n^2+n^3) + \\
 & \quad (3+n)x (B(30+11n+n^2) + (4+n)x (C(6+n)+D(5+n)x)))) + \\
 & b^3 (720c^6 D-120c^5 d (C(7+n)+6D(1+n)x) + 24c^4 d^2 (B(42+13n+n^2) + \\
 & \quad 5(1+n)x (C(7+n)+3D(2+n)x)) - 6c^3 d^3 (A(210+107n+18n^2+n^3) + \\
 & \quad 2(1+n)x (2B(42+13n+n^2) + 5(2+n)x (C(7+n)+2D(3+n)x))) + \\
 & \quad 2c^2 d^4 (1+n)x (3A(210+107n+18n^2+n^3) + (2+n)x \\
 & \quad (6B(42+13n+n^2) + 5(3+n)x (2C(7+n)+3D(4+n)x))) - \\
 & \quad c d^5 (2+3n+n^2) x^2 (3A(210+107n+18n^2+n^3) + (3+n)x \\
 & \quad (4B(42+13n+n^2) + (4+n)x (5C(7+n)+6D(5+n)x))) + \\
 & \quad d^6 (6+11n+6n^2+n^3) x^3 (A(210+107n+18n^2+n^3) + \\
 & \quad (4+n)x (B(42+13n+n^2) + (5+n)x (C(7+n)+D(6+n)x))))
 \end{aligned}$$

Problem 29: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^n (A+Bx+Cx^2+Dx^3)}{a+bx} dx$$

Optimal (type 5, 203 leaves, 3 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(a^2 d^2 D - a b d (C d - c D) - b^2 (c C d - B d^2 - c^2 D)) (c+dx)^{1+n}}{b^3 d^3 (1+n)} + \\
 & \frac{(b C d - 2 b c D - a d D) (c+dx)^{2+n}}{b^2 d^3 (2+n)} + \frac{D (c+dx)^{3+n}}{b d^3 (3+n)} - \\
 & \left((A b^3 - a (b^2 B - a b C + a^2 D)) (c+dx)^{1+n} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{b (c+dx)}{b c - a d}\right] \right) / \\
 & (b^3 (b c - a d) (1+n))
 \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 6, 414 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{1}{12} (c+dx)^n \left(\left(18 a B c x^2 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[2, -n, 1, 3, -\frac{dx}{c}, -\frac{bx}{a}\right] \right) / \right. \\
 & \quad \left((a+bx) \left(3 a c \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[2, -n, 1, 3, -\frac{dx}{c}, -\frac{bx}{a}\right] + a d n x \right. \right. \\
 & \quad \quad \left. \left. \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[3, 1-n, 1, 4, -\frac{dx}{c}, -\frac{bx}{a}\right] - b c x \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[3, -n, 2, 4, -\frac{dx}{c}, -\frac{bx}{a}\right] \right) \right) + \\
 & \quad \left(16 a c C x^3 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[3, -n, 1, 4, -\frac{dx}{c}, -\frac{bx}{a}\right] \right) / \left((a+bx) \right. \\
 & \quad \left(4 a c \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[3, -n, 1, 4, -\frac{dx}{c}, -\frac{bx}{a}\right] + a d n x \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[4, 1-n, 1, 5, -\frac{dx}{c}, -\frac{bx}{a}\right] - \right. \\
 & \quad \quad \left. b c x \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[4, -n, 2, 5, -\frac{dx}{c}, -\frac{bx}{a}\right] \right) \right) + \\
 & \quad \left(15 a c D x^4 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[4, -n, 1, 5, -\frac{dx}{c}, -\frac{bx}{a}\right] \right) / \left((a+bx) \right. \\
 & \quad \left(5 a c \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[4, -n, 1, 5, -\frac{dx}{c}, -\frac{bx}{a}\right] + a d n x \right. \\
 & \quad \quad \left. \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[5, 1-n, 1, 6, -\frac{dx}{c}, -\frac{bx}{a}\right] - b c x \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[5, -n, 2, 6, -\frac{dx}{c}, -\frac{bx}{a}\right] \right) \right) - \\
 & \quad \frac{12 A (c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{b(c+dx)}{bc-ad}\right]}{(bc-ad)(1+n)} \Big)
 \end{aligned}$$

Problem 30: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^n (A+Bx+Cx^2+Dx^3)}{(a+bx)^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 5, 220 leaves, 4 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(bCd - b c D - 2 a d D) (c+dx)^{1+n}}{b^3 d^2 (1+n)} - \frac{\left(A - \frac{a(b^2 B - a b C + a^2 D)}{b^3} \right) (c+dx)^{1+n}}{(bc-ad)(a+bx)} + \frac{D (c+dx)^{2+n}}{b^2 d^2 (2+n)} + \\
 & \quad \left((a^3 d D (3+n) - b^3 (Bc + Adn) + a b^2 (2cC + Bd(1+n)) - a^2 b (3cD + Cd(2+n))) \right. \\
 & \quad \left. (c+dx)^{1+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{b(c+dx)}{bc-ad}\right] \right) / (b^3 (bc-ad)^2 (1+n))
 \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 8, 32 leaves):

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^n (A+Bx+Cx^2+Dx^3)}{(a+bx)^2} dx$$

Problem 31: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^n (A+Bx+Cx^2+Dx^3)}{(a+bx)^3} dx$$

Optimal (type 5, 329 leaves, 4 steps):

$$\frac{D (c+dx)^{1+n}}{b^3 d (1+n)} - \frac{(A b^3 - a (b^2 B - a b C + a^2 D)) (c+dx)^{1+n}}{2 b^3 (bc-ad) (a+bx)^2} -$$

$$\left((b^3 (2 B c - A d (1-n)) - a^3 d D (5+n) - a b^2 (4 c C + B d (1+n)) + a^2 b (6 c D + C d (3+n))) \right.$$

$$\left. (c+dx)^{1+n} \right) / \left(2 b^3 (bc-ad)^2 (a+bx) \right) -$$

$$\left((b^3 (2 c^2 C + 2 B c d n - A d^2 (1-n) n) - a^3 d^2 D (6+5n+n^2) + a^2 b d (2+n) (6 c D + C d (1+n)) - \right.$$

$$\left. a b^2 (6 c^2 D + 4 c C d (1+n) + B d^2 n (1+n))) (c+dx)^{1+n} \right.$$

$$\left. \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left[1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{b (c+dx)}{bc-ad} \right] \right) / \left(2 b^3 (bc-ad)^3 (1+n) \right)$$

Result (type 8, 32 leaves):

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^n (A+Bx+Cx^2+Dx^3)}{(a+bx)^3} dx$$

Problem 32: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions.

$$\int (a+bx)^m (A+Bx) (c+dx)^n dx$$

Optimal (type 5, 141 leaves, 3 steps):

$$\frac{B (a+bx)^{1+m} (c+dx)^{1+n}}{b d (2+m+n)} +$$

$$\left((A b d (2+m+n) - B (b c (1+m) + a d (1+n))) (a+bx)^{1+m} (c+dx)^n \left(\frac{b (c+dx)}{bc-ad} \right)^{-n} \right.$$

$$\left. \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left[1+m, -n, 2+m, -\frac{d (a+bx)}{bc-ad} \right] \right) / (b^2 d (1+m) (2+m+n))$$

Result (type 6, 202 leaves):

$$(a+bx)^m (c+dx)^n \left(\left(3 a B c x^2 \text{AppellF1} \left[2, -m, -n, 3, -\frac{bx}{a}, -\frac{dx}{c} \right] \right) / \right.$$

$$\left(6 a c \text{AppellF1} \left[2, -m, -n, 3, -\frac{bx}{a}, -\frac{dx}{c} \right] + 2 b c m x \text{AppellF1} \left[3, 1-m, -n, 4, -\frac{bx}{a}, -\frac{dx}{c} \right] + \right.$$

$$\left. 2 a d n x \text{AppellF1} \left[3, -m, 1-n, 4, -\frac{bx}{a}, -\frac{dx}{c} \right] \right) + \frac{1}{d (1+n)}$$

$$A \left(\frac{d (a+bx)}{-bc+ad} \right)^{-m} (c+dx) \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left[-m, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{b (c+dx)}{bc-ad} \right]$$

Problem 33: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions.

$$\int (a+bx)^m (c+dx)^n (A+Bx+Cx^2) dx$$

Optimal (type 5, 268 leaves, 4 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
 & - \left(\left((a C d (4 + m + 2 n) + b (c C (2 + m) - B d (3 + m + n))) (a + b x)^{1+m} (c + d x)^{1+n} \right) / \right. \\
 & \quad \left. (b^2 d^2 (2 + m + n) (3 + m + n)) \right) + \frac{C (a + b x)^{2+m} (c + d x)^{1+n}}{b^2 d (3 + m + n)} - \\
 & \left((d (2 + m + n) (a b c C (2 + m) + a^2 C d (1 + n) - A b^2 d (3 + m + n)) - \right. \\
 & \quad \left. (b c (1 + m) + a d (1 + n)) (a C d (4 + m + 2 n) + b (c C (2 + m) - B d (3 + m + n))) \right) (a + b x)^{1+m} \\
 & \quad (c + d x)^n \left(\frac{b (c + d x)}{b c - a d} \right)^{-n} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left[1 + m, -n, 2 + m, -\frac{d (a + b x)}{b c - a d} \right] \Big/ \\
 & (b^3 d^2 (1 + m) (2 + m + n) (3 + m + n))
 \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 6, 327 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{1}{3} (a + b x)^m (c + d x)^n \left(\left(9 a B c x^2 \text{AppellF1} \left[2, -m, -n, 3, -\frac{b x}{a}, -\frac{d x}{c} \right] \right) / \right. \\
 & \quad \left(6 a c \text{AppellF1} \left[2, -m, -n, 3, -\frac{b x}{a}, -\frac{d x}{c} \right] + 2 b c m x \text{AppellF1} \left[3, 1 - m, -n, 4, -\frac{b x}{a}, -\frac{d x}{c} \right] + \right. \\
 & \quad \left. 2 a d n x \text{AppellF1} \left[3, -m, 1 - n, 4, -\frac{b x}{a}, -\frac{d x}{c} \right] \right) + \\
 & \quad \left(4 a c C x^3 \text{AppellF1} \left[3, -m, -n, 4, -\frac{b x}{a}, -\frac{d x}{c} \right] \right) / \\
 & \quad \left(4 a c \text{AppellF1} \left[3, -m, -n, 4, -\frac{b x}{a}, -\frac{d x}{c} \right] + b c m x \text{AppellF1} \left[4, 1 - m, -n, 5, -\frac{b x}{a}, -\frac{d x}{c} \right] + \right. \\
 & \quad \left. a d n x \text{AppellF1} \left[4, -m, 1 - n, 5, -\frac{b x}{a}, -\frac{d x}{c} \right] \right) + \frac{1}{d (1 + n)} \\
 & 3 A \left(\frac{d (a + b x)}{-b c + a d} \right)^{-m} (c + d x) \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left[-m, 1 + n, 2 + n, \frac{b (c + d x)}{b c - a d} \right] \Big)
 \end{aligned}$$

Problem 34: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions.

$$\int (a + b x)^m (c + d x)^n (A + B x + C x^2 + D x^3) dx$$

Optimal (type 5, 610 leaves, 5 steps):

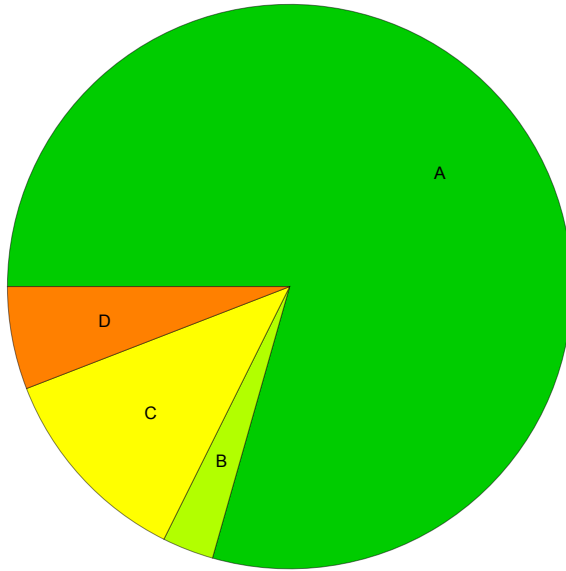
$$\begin{aligned} & \left((a^2 d^2 D (m^2 + m (8 + 3 n) + 3 (6 + 5 n + n^2)) + \right. \\ & \quad b^2 (c^2 D (6 + 5 m + m^2) - c C d (2 + m) (4 + m + n) + B d^2 (12 + m^2 + 7 n + n^2 + m (7 + 2 n))) + \\ & \quad \left. a b d (c D (2 + m) (6 + m + 3 n) - C d (m^2 + m (8 + 3 n) + 2 (8 + 6 n + n^2))) \right) \\ & (a + b x)^{1+m} (c + d x)^{1+n} / (b^3 d^3 (2 + m + n) (3 + m + n) (4 + m + n)) - \\ & \left((a d D (9 + 2 m + 3 n) + b (c D (3 + m) - C d (4 + m + n))) (a + b x)^{2+m} (c + d x)^{1+n} \right) / \\ & (b^3 d^2 (3 + m + n) (4 + m + n)) + \frac{D (a + b x)^{3+m} (c + d x)^{1+n}}{b^3 d (4 + m + n)} + \\ & \frac{1}{b^4 d^3 (1 + m) (2 + m + n) (3 + m + n) (4 + m + n)} \\ & (d (2 + m + n) (a^3 d^2 D (1 + n) (6 + m + 2 n) + a b^2 c (2 + m) (c D (3 + m) - C d (4 + m + n)) + A b^3 d^2 \\ & \quad (12 + m^2 + 7 n + n^2 + m (7 + 2 n)) - a^2 b d (C d (1 + n) (4 + m + n) - c D (2 + m) (6 + m + 3 n))) - \\ & (b c (1 + m) + a d (1 + n)) (a^2 d^2 D (m^2 + m (8 + 3 n) + 3 (6 + 5 n + n^2)) + \\ & \quad b^2 (c^2 D (6 + 5 m + m^2) - c C d (2 + m) (4 + m + n) + B d^2 (12 + m^2 + 7 n + n^2 + m (7 + 2 n))) + \\ & \quad a b d (c D (2 + m) (6 + m + 3 n) - C d (m^2 + m (8 + 3 n) + 2 (8 + 6 n + n^2)))) \\ & (a + b x)^{1+m} (c + d x)^n \left(\frac{b (c + d x)}{b c - a d} \right)^{-n} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left[1 + m, -n, 2 + m, -\frac{d (a + b x)}{b c - a d} \right] \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 6, 446 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{12} (a + b x)^m (c + d x)^n \left(\left(18 a B c x^2 \text{AppellF1} \left[2, -m, -n, 3, -\frac{b x}{a}, -\frac{d x}{c} \right] \right) / \right. \\ & \quad \left(3 a c \text{AppellF1} \left[2, -m, -n, 3, -\frac{b x}{a}, -\frac{d x}{c} \right] + b c m x \text{AppellF1} \left[3, 1 - m, -n, 4, -\frac{b x}{a}, -\frac{d x}{c} \right] + \right. \\ & \quad \left. a d n x \text{AppellF1} \left[3, -m, 1 - n, 4, -\frac{b x}{a}, -\frac{d x}{c} \right] \right) + \\ & \quad \left(16 a c C x^3 \text{AppellF1} \left[3, -m, -n, 4, -\frac{b x}{a}, -\frac{d x}{c} \right] \right) / \\ & \quad \left(4 a c \text{AppellF1} \left[3, -m, -n, 4, -\frac{b x}{a}, -\frac{d x}{c} \right] + b c m x \text{AppellF1} \left[4, 1 - m, -n, 5, -\frac{b x}{a}, -\frac{d x}{c} \right] + \right. \\ & \quad \left. a d n x \text{AppellF1} \left[4, -m, 1 - n, 5, -\frac{b x}{a}, -\frac{d x}{c} \right] \right) + \\ & \quad \left(15 a c D x^4 \text{AppellF1} \left[4, -m, -n, 5, -\frac{b x}{a}, -\frac{d x}{c} \right] \right) / \\ & \quad \left(5 a c \text{AppellF1} \left[4, -m, -n, 5, -\frac{b x}{a}, -\frac{d x}{c} \right] + b c m x \text{AppellF1} \left[5, 1 - m, -n, 6, -\frac{b x}{a}, -\frac{d x}{c} \right] + \right. \\ & \quad \left. a d n x \text{AppellF1} \left[5, -m, 1 - n, 6, -\frac{b x}{a}, -\frac{d x}{c} \right] \right) + \frac{1}{d (1 + n)} \\ & 12 A \left(\frac{d (a + b x)}{-b c + a d} \right)^{-m} (c + d x) \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left[-m, 1 + n, 2 + n, \frac{b (c + d x)}{b c - a d} \right] \end{aligned}$$

Summary of Integration Test Results

34 integration problems



- A - 27 optimal antiderivatives
- B - 1 more than twice size of optimal antiderivatives
- C - 4 unnecessarily complex antiderivatives
- D - 2 unable to integrate problems
- E - 0 integration timeouts