

Mathematica 11.3 Integration Test Results

Test results for the 143 problems in "1.2.1.6 (g+h x)^m (a+b x+c x^2)^p (d+e x+f x^2)^q.m"

Problem 9: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{A + B x}{(a + b x + c x^2)^{5/2} (d - f x^2)} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 797 leaves, 7 steps) :

$$\begin{aligned} & - \left(\left(2 (a B (2 c^2 d - b^2 f + 2 a c f) + A (b^3 f - b c (c d + 3 a f)) + c (A b^2 f + b B (c d - a f) - 2 A c (c d + a f)) x) \right) / \right. \\ & \quad \left. \left(3 (b^2 - 4 a c) (b^2 d f - (c d + a f)^2) (a + b x + c x^2)^{3/2} \right) \right) - \\ & \quad \frac{1}{3 (b^2 - 4 a c)^2 (c^2 d^2 + 2 a c d f - f (b^2 d - a^2 f))^2 \sqrt{a + b x + c x^2}} \\ & \quad 2 \left(3 b^6 B d f^2 + 24 a^2 B c^2 f (c d + a f)^2 - A b^5 f^2 (7 c d + 6 a f) - b^4 B f (7 c^2 d^2 + 14 a c d f - 3 a^2 f^2) + \right. \\ & \quad A b^3 c f (15 c^2 d^2 + 46 a c d f + 43 a^2 f^2) + 2 b^2 B c (2 c^3 d^3 + 5 a c^2 d^2 f + 4 a^2 c d f^2 - 11 a^3 f^3) - \\ & \quad 4 A b c^2 (2 c^3 d^3 + 9 a c^2 d^2 f + 24 a^2 c d f^2 + 17 a^3 f^3) + \\ & \quad c (3 b^5 B d f^2 - 2 A b^4 f^2 (4 c d + 3 a f) - 8 A c^2 (c d + a f)^2 (2 c d + 5 a f) - \\ & \quad b^3 B f (17 c^2 d^2 + 10 a c d f - 3 a^2 f^2) + 2 A b^2 c f (15 c^2 d^2 + 22 a c d f + 19 a^2 f^2) + \\ & \quad \left. 4 b B c (2 c^3 d^3 + 11 a c^2 d^2 f + 4 a^2 c d f^2 - 5 a^3 f^3) \right) x \Big) - \\ & \quad \left(B \sqrt{d} - A \sqrt{f} \right) f^{3/2} \operatorname{ArcTanh} \left[\frac{b \sqrt{d} - 2 a \sqrt{f} + (2 c \sqrt{d} - b \sqrt{f}) x}{2 \sqrt{c d - b \sqrt{d} \sqrt{f} + a f} \sqrt{a + b x + c x^2}} \right] + \\ & \quad 2 \sqrt{d} (c d - b \sqrt{d} \sqrt{f} + a f)^{5/2} \\ & \quad \left(B \sqrt{d} + A \sqrt{f} \right) f^{3/2} \operatorname{ArcTanh} \left[\frac{b \sqrt{d} + 2 a \sqrt{f} + (2 c \sqrt{d} + b \sqrt{f}) x}{2 \sqrt{c d + b \sqrt{d} \sqrt{f} + a f} \sqrt{a + b x + c x^2}} \right] \\ & \quad 2 \sqrt{d} (c d + b \sqrt{d} \sqrt{f} + a f)^{5/2} \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 3, 1847 leaves) :

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{(a+x(b+c x))^{5/2}} \\
& \left((a+b x+c x^2)^3 \left(- \left((2(-A b c^2 d + 2 a B c^2 d + A b^3 f - a b^2 B f - 3 a A b c f + 2 a^2 B c f + b B c^2 d x - 2 A c^3 d x + A b^2 c f x - a b B c f x - 2 a A c^2 f x)) / \right. \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. \left. \left(3(b^2 - 4 a c)(-c^2 d^2 + b^2 d f - 2 a c d f - a^2 f^2)(a+b x+c x^2)^2 \right) \right) - \right. \\
& \left. \left. \left(1 / \left(3(b^2 - 4 a c)^2 (-c^2 d^2 + b^2 d f - 2 a c d f - a^2 f^2)^2 (a+b x+c x^2) \right) \right) \right) \\
& 2 \left(4 b^2 B c^4 d^3 - 8 A b c^5 d^3 - 7 b^4 B c^2 d^2 f + 15 A b^3 c^3 d^2 f + 10 a b^2 B c^3 d^2 f - 36 a A b c^4 d^2 f + \right. \\
& 24 a^2 B c^4 d^2 f + 3 b^6 B d f^2 - 7 A b^5 c d f^2 - 14 a b^4 B c d f^2 + 46 a A b^3 c^2 d f^2 + \\
& 8 a^2 b^2 B c^2 d f^2 - 96 a^2 A b c^3 d f^2 + 48 a^3 B c^3 d f^2 - 6 a A b^5 f^3 + 3 a^2 b^4 B f^3 + \\
& 43 a^2 A b^3 c f^3 - 22 a^3 b^2 B c f^3 - 68 a^3 A b c^2 f^3 + 24 a^4 B c^2 f^3 + 8 b B c^5 d^3 x - 16 A c^6 d^3 x - \\
& 17 b^3 B c^3 d^2 f x + 30 A b^2 c^4 d^2 f x + 44 a b B c^4 d^2 f x - 72 a A c^5 d^2 f x + 3 b^5 B c d f^2 x - \\
& 8 A b^4 c^2 d f^2 x - 10 a b^3 B c^2 d f^2 x + 44 a A b^2 c^3 d f^2 x + 16 a^2 b B c^3 d f^2 x - 96 a^2 A c^4 d f^2 x - \\
& 6 a A b^4 c f^3 x + 3 a^2 b^3 B c f^3 x + 38 a^2 A b^2 c^2 f^3 x - 20 a^3 b B c^2 f^3 x - 40 a^3 A c^3 f^3 x \right) - \\
& \left(f \left(B c^2 d^{5/2} \sqrt{f} - 2 b B c d^2 f + A c^2 d^2 f + b^2 B d^{3/2} f^{3/2} - 2 A b c d^{3/2} f^{3/2} + 2 a B c d^{3/2} f^{3/2} + \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. A b^2 d f^2 - 2 a b B d f^2 + 2 a A c d f^2 - 2 a A b \sqrt{d} f^{5/2} + a^2 B \sqrt{d} f^{5/2} + a^2 A f^3 \right) \right. \\
& \left. \left(a+b x+c x^2 \right)^{5/2} \text{Log}[\sqrt{d} \sqrt{f} - f x] \right) / \\
& \left(2 \sqrt{d} \sqrt{c d + b \sqrt{d} \sqrt{f} + a f} (c^2 d^2 - b^2 d f + 2 a c d f + a^2 f^2)^2 \right. \\
& \left. \left(a+b x+c x^2 \right)^{5/2} \right) + \\
& \left(f \left(-B c^2 d^{5/2} \sqrt{f} - 2 b B c d^2 f + A c^2 d^2 f - b^2 B d^{3/2} f^{3/2} + 2 A b c d^{3/2} f^{3/2} - 2 a B c d^{3/2} f^{3/2} + \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. A b^2 d f^2 - 2 a b B d f^2 + 2 a A c d f^2 + 2 a A b \sqrt{d} f^{5/2} - a^2 B \sqrt{d} f^{5/2} + a^2 A f^3 \right) \right. \\
& \left. \left(a+b x+c x^2 \right)^{5/2} \text{Log}[\sqrt{d} \sqrt{f} + f x] \right) / \\
& \left(2 \sqrt{d} \sqrt{c d - b \sqrt{d} \sqrt{f} + a f} (c^2 d^2 - b^2 d f + 2 a c d f + a^2 f^2)^2 \right. \\
& \left. \left(a+b x+c x^2 \right)^{5/2} \right) - \\
& \left(f \left(-B c^2 d^{5/2} \sqrt{f} - 2 b B c d^2 f + A c^2 d^2 f - b^2 B d^{3/2} f^{3/2} + 2 A b c d^{3/2} f^{3/2} - 2 a B c d^{3/2} f^{3/2} + \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. A b^2 d f^2 - 2 a b B d f^2 + 2 a A c d f^2 + 2 a A b \sqrt{d} f^{5/2} - a^2 B \sqrt{d} f^{5/2} + a^2 A f^3 \right) \right. \\
& \left. \left(a+b x+c x^2 \right)^{5/2} \text{Log}[-b d + 2 a \sqrt{d} \sqrt{f} - 2 c d x + b \sqrt{d} \sqrt{f} x + 2 \sqrt{d} \sqrt{c d - b \sqrt{d} \sqrt{f} + a f} \sqrt{a+b x+c x^2}] \right) / \\
& \left(2 \sqrt{d} \sqrt{c d - b \sqrt{d} \sqrt{f} + a f} (c^2 d^2 - b^2 d f + 2 a c d f + a^2 f^2)^2 \left(a+b x+c x^2 \right)^{5/2} \right) + \\
& \left(f \left(B c^2 d^{5/2} \sqrt{f} - 2 b B c d^2 f + A c^2 d^2 f + b^2 B d^{3/2} f^{3/2} - 2 A b c d^{3/2} f^{3/2} + 2 a B c d^{3/2} f^{3/2} + A b^2 d f^2 - \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. 2 a b B d f^2 + 2 a A c d f^2 - 2 a A b \sqrt{d} f^{5/2} + a^2 B \sqrt{d} f^{5/2} + a^2 A f^3 \right) \right. \\
& \left. \left(a+b x+c x^2 \right)^{5/2} \text{Log}[b d + 2 a \sqrt{d} \sqrt{f} + 2 c d x + b \sqrt{d} \sqrt{f} x + 2 \sqrt{d} \sqrt{c d + b \sqrt{d} \sqrt{f} + a f} \sqrt{a+b x+c x^2}] \right) / \\
& \left(2 \sqrt{d} \sqrt{c d + b \sqrt{d} \sqrt{f} + a f} (c^2 d^2 - b^2 d f + 2 a c d f + a^2 f^2)^2 \left(a+b x+c x^2 \right)^{5/2} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 11: Result unnecessarily involves complex numbers and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1+2x}{(1+x^2) \sqrt{-1+x+x^2}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 117 leaves, 5 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & -\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} (2+\sqrt{5})} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{5+2\sqrt{5}-\sqrt{5}x}{\sqrt{10 (2+\sqrt{5})} \sqrt{-1+x+x^2}}\right] + \\ & \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} (-2+\sqrt{5})} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{5-2\sqrt{5}+\sqrt{5}x}{\sqrt{10 (-2+\sqrt{5})} \sqrt{-1+x+x^2}}\right] \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 3, 394 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{4} \left(2 \sqrt{2-\frac{1}{x}} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\left(-8 + 8 \frac{1}{x} x^3 + \frac{20 \sqrt{-1+x+x^2}}{\sqrt{2-\frac{1}{x}}} + x^2 \left(2 - (2-4 \frac{1}{x}) \sqrt{2-\frac{1}{x}} \sqrt{-1+x+x^2} \right) - 2 \frac{1}{x} x \right. \right. \right. \\ & \quad \left. \left. \left. \left(1 + 5 \sqrt{2-\frac{1}{x}} \sqrt{-1+x+x^2} \right) \right) \right] / ((14+5 \frac{1}{x}) - (15+14 \frac{1}{x}) x - (6-5 \frac{1}{x}) x^2 + (5+6 \frac{1}{x}) x^3)] + \\ & 2 \sqrt{2+\frac{1}{x}} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\left(2 \left(4 \frac{1}{x} + x - 4 x^3 + (2+4 \frac{1}{x}) \sqrt{2+\frac{1}{x}} \sqrt{-1+x+x^2} - 5 \sqrt{2+\frac{1}{x}} x \sqrt{-1+x+x^2} \right. \right. \right. \\ & \quad \left. \left. \left. \left. x^2 \left(-\frac{1}{x} + \frac{5 \sqrt{-1+x+x^2}}{\sqrt{2+\frac{1}{x}}} \right) \right) \right) \right] / ((5+14 \frac{1}{x}) - (14+15 \frac{1}{x}) x + (5-6 \frac{1}{x}) x^2 + (6+5 \frac{1}{x}) x^3)] + \\ & \frac{1}{x} \left((\sqrt{2-\frac{1}{x}} + \sqrt{2+\frac{1}{x}}) \operatorname{Log}[1+x^2] - \sqrt{2-\frac{1}{x}} \operatorname{Log}[(3-4 \frac{1}{x}) - (8-4 \frac{1}{x}) x - (13-4 \frac{1}{x}) x^2 + \right. \\ & \quad \left. 4 \sqrt{2-\frac{1}{x}} \sqrt{-1+x+x^2} + 8 \sqrt{2-\frac{1}{x}} x \sqrt{-1+x+x^2} \right] - \sqrt{2+\frac{1}{x}} \operatorname{Log}[(-3-4 \frac{1}{x}) + (8+4 \frac{1}{x}) x + (13+4 \frac{1}{x}) x^2 + 4 \sqrt{2+\frac{1}{x}} \sqrt{-1+x+x^2} + 8 \sqrt{2+\frac{1}{x}} x \sqrt{-1+x+x^2}] \right) \end{aligned}$$

Problem 12: Result unnecessarily involves imaginary or complex numbers.

$$\int \frac{a-c+bx}{(1+x^2) \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 484 leaves, 5 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
 & - \left(\left(\sqrt{a^2 + b^2 + c} \left(c - \sqrt{a^2 + b^2 - 2 a c + c^2} \right) - a \left(2 c - \sqrt{a^2 + b^2 - 2 a c + c^2} \right) \right) \right. \\
 & \quad \left. \text{ArcTan} \left[\left(b \sqrt{a^2 + b^2 - 2 a c + c^2} - \left(b^2 + (a - c) \left(a - c + \sqrt{a^2 + b^2 - 2 a c + c^2} \right) \right) x \right) \right] \Big/ \left(\sqrt{2} \left(a^2 + b^2 - 2 a c + c^2 \right)^{1/4} \sqrt{a^2 + b^2 + c \left(c - \sqrt{a^2 + b^2 - 2 a c + c^2} \right)} - \right. \right. \\
 & \quad \left. \left. a \left(2 c - \sqrt{a^2 + b^2 - 2 a c + c^2} \right) \right) \sqrt{a + b x + c x^2} \right] \Big/ \left(\sqrt{2} \left(a^2 + b^2 - 2 a c + c^2 \right)^{1/4} \right) - \\
 & \quad \left(\sqrt{a^2 + b^2 + c} \left(c + \sqrt{a^2 + b^2 - 2 a c + c^2} \right) - a \left(2 c + \sqrt{a^2 + b^2 - 2 a c + c^2} \right) \right) \\
 & \quad \text{ArcTanh} \left[\left(b \sqrt{a^2 + b^2 - 2 a c + c^2} + \left(b^2 + (a - c) \left(a - c - \sqrt{a^2 + b^2 - 2 a c + c^2} \right) \right) x \right) \right] \Big/ \left(\sqrt{2} \left(a^2 + b^2 - 2 a c + c^2 \right)^{1/4} \sqrt{a^2 + b^2 + c \left(c + \sqrt{a^2 + b^2 - 2 a c + c^2} \right)} - \right. \\
 & \quad \left. \left. a \left(2 c + \sqrt{a^2 + b^2 - 2 a c + c^2} \right) \right) \sqrt{a + b x + c x^2} \right] \Big/ \left(\sqrt{2} \left(a^2 + b^2 - 2 a c + c^2 \right)^{1/4} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 3, 182 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{1}{2} \frac{i}{\sqrt{a - \frac{i}{2} b - c}} \text{Log} \left[- \frac{2 \frac{i}{2} \left(2 a - 2 \frac{i}{2} c x + b (-\frac{i}{2} + x) + 2 \sqrt{a - \frac{i}{2} b - c} \sqrt{a + x (b + c x)} \right)}{(a - \frac{i}{2} b - c)^{3/2} (\frac{i}{2} + x)} \right] + \\
 & \sqrt{a + \frac{i}{2} b - c} \text{Log} \left[\frac{2 \frac{i}{2} \left(2 a + 2 \frac{i}{2} c x + b (\frac{i}{2} + x) + 2 \sqrt{a + \frac{i}{2} b - c} \sqrt{a + x (b + c x)} \right)}{(a + \frac{i}{2} b - c)^{3/2} (-\frac{i}{2} + x)} \right]
 \end{aligned}$$

Problem 19: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{(A + B x) \sqrt{a + b x + c x^2}}{d + e x + f x^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 617 leaves, 9 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{B \sqrt{a+b x+c x^2}}{f} - \frac{(2 B c e - b B f - 2 A c f) \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{b+2 c x}{2 \sqrt{c} \sqrt{a+b x+c x^2}}\right]}{2 \sqrt{c} f^2} + \\
& \left(\left(2 f (A f (c d - a f) - B d (c e - b f)) - \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. \left(e - \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \right) (A f (c e - b f) + B (f (b e - a f) - c (e^2 - d f))) \right) \right. \\
& \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\left(4 a f - b \left(e - \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \right) + 2 \left(b f - c \left(e - \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \right) \right) x \right) / \right. \\
& \left. \left. \left(2 \sqrt{2} \sqrt{c e^2 - 2 c d f - b e f + 2 a f^2 - (c e - b f) \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f}} \sqrt{a+b x+c x^2} \right) \right] \right) / \\
& \left(\sqrt{2} f^2 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \sqrt{c e^2 - 2 c d f - b e f + 2 a f^2 - (c e - b f) \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f}} \right) - \\
& \left(\left(2 f (A f (c d - a f) - B d (c e - b f)) - \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. \left(e + \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \right) (A f (c e - b f) + B (f (b e - a f) - c (e^2 - d f))) \right) \right. \\
& \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\left(4 a f - b \left(e + \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \right) + 2 \left(b f - c \left(e + \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \right) \right) x \right) / \right. \\
& \left. \left. \left(2 \sqrt{2} \sqrt{c e^2 - 2 c d f - b e f + 2 a f^2 + (c e - b f) \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f}} \sqrt{a+b x+c x^2} \right) \right] \right) / \\
& \left(\sqrt{2} f^2 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \sqrt{c e^2 - 2 c d f - b e f + 2 a f^2 + (c e - b f) \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f}} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

Result (type 3, 1344 leaves) :

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{2 f^2} \\
& \left(2 B f \sqrt{a+x (b+c x)} + \left(\sqrt{2} \left(A f \left(f \left(-b e + 2 a f + b \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \right) + c \left(e^2 - 2 d f - e \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \right) \right) + \right. \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. \left. B \left(c \left(-e^3 + 3 d e f + e^2 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} - d f \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \right) + f \left(a f \left(-e + \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \right) + \right. \right. \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. \left. \left. b \left(e^2 - 2 d f - e \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \right) \right) \right) \operatorname{Log} \left[-e + \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} - 2 f x \right] \right) / \\
& \left(\sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \sqrt{c \left(e^2 - 2 d f - e \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \right) + f \left(2 a f + b \left(-e + \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \right) \right)} \right) + \\
& \left(\sqrt{2} \left(A f \left(-c \left(e^2 - 2 d f + e \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \right) + f \left(-2 a f + b \left(e + \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \right) \right) \right) \right) +
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{B \left(c \left(e^3 - 3 d e f + e^2 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} - d f \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \right) + \right. \\
& \quad \left. f \left(a f \left(e + \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \right) - b \left(e^2 - 2 d f + e \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \right) \right) \right) \operatorname{Log} [e + \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} + 2 f x] \Big) / \\
& \left(\sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \sqrt{c \left(e^2 - 2 d f + e \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \right) + f \left(2 a f - b \left(e + \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \right) \right)} \right) - \\
& \frac{(2 B c e - b B f - 2 A c f) \operatorname{Log} [b + 2 c x + 2 \sqrt{c} \sqrt{a + x (b + c x)}]}{\sqrt{c}} - \\
& \left(\sqrt{2} \left(A f \left(f \left(-b e + 2 a f + b \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \right) + c \left(e^2 - 2 d f - e \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \right) \right) + \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. B \left(c \left(-e^3 + 3 d e f + e^2 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} - d f \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \right) + \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. f \left(a f \left(-e + \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \right) + b \left(e^2 - 2 d f - e \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) + \\
& \operatorname{Log} [4 a f \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} + 2 c e^2 x - 8 c d f x - 2 c e \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} x + \\
& \quad b \left(e^2 - 4 d f - e \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} + 2 f \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} x \right) + 2 \sqrt{2} \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \\
& \quad \sqrt{\left(f \left(-b e + 2 a f + b \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \right) + c \left(e^2 - 2 d f - e \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \right) \right) \sqrt{a + x (b + c x)}}] \Big) / \\
& \left(\sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \sqrt{c \left(e^2 - 2 d f - e \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \right) + f \left(2 a f + b \left(-e + \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \right) \right)} \right) - \\
& \left(\sqrt{2} \left(A f \left(-c \left(e^2 - 2 d f + e \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \right) + f \left(-2 a f + b \left(e + \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \right) \right) \right) + \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. B \left(c \left(e^3 - 3 d e f + e^2 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} - d f \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \right) + \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. f \left(a f \left(e + \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \right) - b \left(e^2 - 2 d f + e \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) + \\
& \operatorname{Log} [4 a f \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} - 2 c e^2 x + 8 c d f x - 2 c e \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} x + 2 \sqrt{2} \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \\
& \quad \sqrt{\left(c \left(e^2 - 2 d f + e \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \right) + f \left(2 a f - b \left(e + \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \right) \right) \right) \sqrt{a + x (b + c x)}} - \\
& \quad b \left(e^2 + e \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} - 2 f \left(2 d + \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} x \right) \right)] \Big) / \\
& \left(\sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \sqrt{c \left(e^2 - 2 d f + e \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \right) + f \left(2 a f - b \left(e + \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \right) \right)} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 20: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{(A + B x) (a + b x + c x^2)^{3/2}}{d + e x + f x^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 1092 leaves, 10 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{1}{8 c f^3} (2 A c f (4 c e - 5 b f) - \\
& \quad B (b^2 f^2 - 2 c f (5 b e - 4 a f) + 8 c^2 (e^2 - d f)) + 2 c f (2 B c e - b B f - 2 A c f) x) \sqrt{a + b x + c x^2} + \\
& \quad \frac{B (a + b x + c x^2)^{3/2}}{3 f} + \frac{1}{16 c^{3/2} f^4} (2 A c f (3 b^2 f^2 - 12 c f (b e - a f) + 8 c^2 (e^2 - d f)) - \\
& \quad B (b^3 f^3 + 6 b c f^2 (b e - 2 a f) - 24 c^2 f (b e^2 - b d f - a e f) + 16 c^3 (e^3 - 2 d e f))) \\
& \quad \text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{b + 2 c x}{2 \sqrt{c} \sqrt{a + b x + c x^2}}\right] - \left(2 c f (B d (c e - b f) (c e^2 - 2 c d f - b e f + 2 a f^2) + \right. \\
& \quad A f (2 c d f (b e - a f) - f^2 (b^2 d - a^2 f) - c^2 d (e^2 - d f)) - \\
& \quad c \left(e - \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f}\right) (A f (c e - b f) (f (b e - 2 a f) - c (e^2 - 2 d f)) + B (c^2 (e^4 - 3 d e^2 f + d^2 f^2) - \\
& \quad f^2 (2 a b e f - a^2 f^2 - b^2 (e^2 - d f)) + 2 c f (a f (e^2 - d f) - b (e^3 - 2 d e f))))\Big) \\
& \quad \text{ArcTanh}\left[\left(4 a f - b \left(e - \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f}\right) + 2 \left(b f - c \left(e - \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f}\right)\right) x\right) / \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left(2 \sqrt{2} \sqrt{c e^2 - 2 c d f - b e f + 2 a f^2 - (c e - b f) \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f}} \sqrt{a + b x + c x^2}\right)\right] / \\
& \quad \left(\sqrt{2} c f^4 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \sqrt{c e^2 - 2 c d f - b e f + 2 a f^2 - (c e - b f) \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f}}\right) + \\
& \quad \left(2 f (B d (c e - b f) (c e^2 - 2 c d f - b e f + 2 a f^2) + \right. \\
& \quad A f (2 c d f (b e - a f) - f^2 (b^2 d - a^2 f) - c^2 d (e^2 - d f)) - \\
& \quad \left(e + \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f}\right) (A f (c e - b f) (f (b e - 2 a f) - c (e^2 - 2 d f)) + B (c^2 (e^4 - 3 d e^2 f + d^2 f^2) - \\
& \quad f^2 (2 a b e f - a^2 f^2 - b^2 (e^2 - d f)) + 2 c f (a f (e^2 - d f) - b (e^3 - 2 d e f))))\Big) \\
& \quad \text{ArcTanh}\left[\left(4 a f - b \left(e + \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f}\right) + 2 \left(b f - c \left(e + \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f}\right)\right) x\right) / \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left(2 \sqrt{2} \sqrt{c e^2 - 2 c d f - b e f + 2 a f^2 + (c e - b f) \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f}} \sqrt{a + b x + c x^2}\right)\right] / \\
& \quad \left(\sqrt{2} f^4 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \sqrt{c e^2 - 2 c d f - b e f + 2 a f^2 + (c e - b f) \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f}}\right)
\end{aligned}$$

Result (type 3, 3733 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{a + b x + c x^2} \\
& \quad \left(-\frac{1}{24 c f^3} (-24 B c^2 e^2 + 24 B c^2 d f + 30 b B c e f + 24 A c^2 e f - 3 b^2 B f^2 - 30 A b c f^2 - 32 a B c f^2) + \right.
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left(\frac{(-6 B c e + 7 b B f + 6 A c f) x}{12 f^2} + \frac{B c x^2}{3 f} \right) (a + x(b + c x))^{3/2} + \\
& \left(\left(-B c^2 e^5 + 5 B c^2 d e^3 f + 2 b B c e^4 f + A c^2 e^4 f - 5 B c^2 d^2 e f^2 - 8 b B c d e^2 f^2 - 4 A c^2 d e^2 f^2 - \right. \right. \\
& \quad b^2 B e^3 f^2 - 2 A b c e^3 f^2 - 2 a B c e^3 f^2 + 4 b B c d^2 f^3 + 2 A c^2 d^2 f^3 + 3 b^2 B d e f^3 + 6 A b c d e f^3 + \\
& \quad 6 a B c d e f^3 + A b^2 e^2 f^3 + 2 a b B e^2 f^3 + 2 a A c e^2 f^3 - 2 A b^2 d f^4 - 4 a b B d f^4 - 4 a A c d f^4 - \\
& \quad 2 a A b e^4 - a^2 B e f^4 + 2 a^2 A f^5 + B c^2 e^4 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} - 3 B c^2 d e^2 f \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} - \\
& \quad 2 b B c e^3 f \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} - A c^2 e^3 f \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} + B c^2 d^2 f^2 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} + 4 b B c d e f^2 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} + \\
& \quad 2 A c^2 d e f^2 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} + b^2 B e^2 f^2 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} + 2 A b c e^2 f^2 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} + \\
& \quad 2 a B c e^2 f^2 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} - b^2 B d f^3 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} - 2 A b c d f^3 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} - \\
& \quad 2 a B c d f^3 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} - A b^2 e f^3 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} - 2 a b B e f^3 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} - 2 a A c e f^3 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} + \\
& \quad 2 a A b f^4 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} + a^2 B f^4 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \Big) (a + x(b + c x))^{3/2} \text{Log}[-e + \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} - 2 f x] \Big) / \\
& \left(\sqrt{2} f^4 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \sqrt{c e^2 - 2 c d f - b e f + 2 a f^2 - c e \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} + b f \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f}} \right. \\
& \quad \left. (a + b x + c x^2)^{3/2} \right) + \\
& \left(\left(B c^2 e^5 - 5 B c^2 d e^3 f - 2 b B c e^4 f - A c^2 e^4 f + 5 B c^2 d^2 e f^2 + 8 b B c d e^2 f^2 + 4 A c^2 d e^2 f^2 + \right. \right. \\
& \quad b^2 B e^3 f^2 + 2 A b c e^3 f^2 + 2 a B c e^3 f^2 - 4 b B c d^2 f^3 - 2 A c^2 d^2 f^3 - 3 b^2 B d e f^3 - 6 A b c d e f^3 - \\
& \quad 6 a B c d e f^3 - A b^2 e^2 f^3 - 2 a b B e^2 f^3 - 2 a A c e^2 f^3 + 2 A b^2 d f^4 + 4 a b B d f^4 + 4 a A c d f^4 + \\
& \quad 2 a A b e^4 + a^2 B e f^4 - 2 a^2 A f^5 + B c^2 e^4 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} - 3 B c^2 d e^2 f \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} - \\
& \quad 2 b B c e^3 f \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} - A c^2 e^3 f \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} + B c^2 d^2 f^2 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} + 4 b B c d e f^2 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} + \\
& \quad 2 A c^2 d e f^2 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} + b^2 B e^2 f^2 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} + 2 A b c e^2 f^2 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} + \\
& \quad 2 a B c e^2 f^2 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} - b^2 B d f^3 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} - 2 A b c d f^3 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} - \\
& \quad 2 a B c d f^3 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} - A b^2 e f^3 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} - 2 a b B e f^3 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} - 2 a A c e f^3 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} + \\
& \quad 2 a A b f^4 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} + a^2 B f^4 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \Big) (a + x(b + c x))^{3/2} \text{Log}[e + \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} + 2 f x] \Big) / \\
& \left(\sqrt{2} f^4 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \sqrt{c e^2 - 2 c d f - b e f + 2 a f^2 + c e \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} - b f \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f}} \right. \\
& \quad \left. (a + b x + c x^2)^{3/2} \right) - \\
& \left(\left(16 B c^3 e^3 - 32 B c^3 d e f - 24 b B c^2 e^2 f - 16 A c^3 e^2 f + 24 b B c^2 d f^2 + 16 A c^3 d f^2 + \right. \right. \\
& \quad 6 b^2 B c e f^2 + 24 A b c^2 e f^2 + 24 a B c^2 e f^2 + b^3 B f^3 - 6 A b^2 c f^3 - 12 a b B c f^3 - 24 a A c^2 f^3 \Big) \\
& \quad (a + x(b + c x))^{3/2} \text{Log}[b + 2 c x + 2 \sqrt{c} \sqrt{a + b x + c x^2}] \Big) / \left(16 c^{3/2} f^4 (a + b x + c x^2)^{3/2} \right) -
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left(\left(B c^2 e^5 - 5 B c^2 d e^3 f - 2 b B c e^4 f - A c^2 e^4 f + 5 B c^2 d^2 e f^2 + 8 b B c d e^2 f^2 + 4 A c^2 d e^2 f^2 + b^2 B e^3 f^2 + \right. \right. \\
& \quad 2 A b c e^3 f^2 + 2 a B c e^3 f^2 - 4 b B c d^2 f^3 - 2 A c^2 d^2 f^3 - 3 b^2 B d e f^3 - 6 A b c d e f^3 - 6 a B c d e f^3 - \\
& \quad A b^2 e^2 f^3 - 2 a b B e^2 f^3 - 2 a A c e^2 f^3 + 2 A b^2 d f^4 + 4 a b B d f^4 + 4 a A c d f^4 + 2 a A b e f^4 + \\
& \quad a^2 B e f^4 - 2 a^2 A f^5 + B c^2 e^4 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} - 3 B c^2 d e^2 f \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} - 2 b B c e^3 f \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} - \\
& \quad A c^2 e^3 f \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} + B c^2 d^2 f^2 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} + 4 b B c d e f^2 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} + 2 A c^2 d e f^2 \\
& \quad \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} + b^2 B e^2 f^2 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} + 2 A b c e^2 f^2 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} + 2 a B c e^2 f^2 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} - \\
& \quad b^2 B d f^3 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} - 2 A b c d f^3 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} - 2 a B c d f^3 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} - A b^2 e f^3 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} - \\
& \quad 2 a b B e f^3 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} - 2 a A c e f^3 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} + 2 a A b f^4 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} + a^2 B f^4 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \Big) \\
& \quad \left(a + x (b + c x) \right)^{3/2} \operatorname{Log}[-b e^2 + 4 b d f - b e \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} + 4 a f \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} - 2 c e^2 x + \\
& \quad 8 c d f x - 2 c e \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} x + 2 b f \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} x + 2 \sqrt{2} \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \\
& \quad \sqrt{c e^2 - 2 c d f - b e f + 2 a f^2 + c e \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} - b f \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} - \sqrt{a + b x + c x^2}} \Big] \Big) / \\
& \quad \left(\sqrt{2} f^4 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \sqrt{c e^2 - 2 c d f - b e f + 2 a f^2 + c e \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} - b f \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f}} \right. \\
& \quad \left. (a + b x + c x^2)^{3/2} \right) - \\
& \left(\left(-B c^2 e^5 + 5 B c^2 d e^3 f + 2 b B c e^4 f + A c^2 e^4 f - 5 B c^2 d^2 e f^2 - 8 b B c d e^2 f^2 - 4 A c^2 d e^2 f^2 - \right. \right. \\
& \quad b^2 B e^3 f^2 - 2 A b c e^3 f^2 - 2 a B c e^3 f^2 + 4 b B c d^2 f^3 + 2 A c^2 d^2 f^3 + 3 b^2 B d e f^3 + \\
& \quad 6 A b c d e f^3 + 6 a B c d e f^3 + A b^2 e^2 f^3 + 2 a b B e^2 f^3 + 2 a A c e^2 f^3 - 2 A b^2 d f^4 - \\
& \quad 4 a b B d f^4 - 4 a A c d f^4 - 2 a A b e f^4 - a^2 B e f^4 + 2 a^2 A f^5 + B c^2 e^4 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} - \\
& \quad 3 B c^2 d e^2 f \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} - 2 b B c e^3 f \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} - A c^2 e^3 f \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} + \\
& \quad B c^2 d^2 f^2 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} + 4 b B c d e f^2 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} + 2 A c^2 d e f^2 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} + \\
& \quad b^2 B e^2 f^2 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} + 2 A b c e^2 f^2 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} + 2 a B c e^2 f^2 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} - \\
& \quad b^2 B d f^3 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} - 2 A b c d f^3 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} - 2 a B c d f^3 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} - A b^2 e f^3 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} - \\
& \quad 2 a b B e f^3 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} - 2 a A c e f^3 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} + 2 a A b f^4 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} + a^2 B f^4 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \Big) \\
& \quad \left(a + x (b + c x) \right)^{3/2} \operatorname{Log}[b e^2 - 4 b d f - b e \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} + 4 a f \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} + 2 c e^2 x - \\
& \quad 8 c d f x - 2 c e \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} x + 2 b f \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} x + 2 \sqrt{2} \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \\
& \quad \sqrt{c e^2 - 2 c d f - b e f + 2 a f^2 - c e \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} + b f \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} - \sqrt{a + b x + c x^2}} \Big] \Big) /
\end{aligned}$$

$$\left(\sqrt{2} f^4 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \sqrt{c e^2 - 2 c d f - b e f + 2 a f^2 - c e \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} + b f \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f}} \right. \\ \left. (a + b x + c x^2)^{3/2} \right)$$

Problem 22: Result unnecessarily involves imaginary or complex numbers.

$$\int \frac{A + B x}{(a + c x^2) \sqrt{d + e x + f x^2}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 780 leaves, 5 steps):

$$\left(\sqrt{a B e + A \left(c d - a f - \sqrt{c^2 d^2 + a^2 f^2 + a c (e^2 - 2 d f)} \right)} \right. \\ \left. \sqrt{-A c e + B \left(c d - a f + \sqrt{c^2 d^2 + a^2 f^2 + a c (e^2 - 2 d f)} \right)} \right. \\ \left. \text{ArcTanh} \left[\left(\sqrt{e} \left(a \left(A c e - B \left(c d - a f + \sqrt{c^2 d^2 + a^2 f^2 + a c (e^2 - 2 d f)} \right) \right) - \right. \right. \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \left. \left. c \left(a B e + A \left(c d - a f - \sqrt{c^2 d^2 + a^2 f^2 + a c (e^2 - 2 d f)} \right) \right) x \right) \right] / \right. \\ \left. \left(\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a} \sqrt{c} \sqrt{a B e + A \left(c d - a f - \sqrt{c^2 d^2 + a^2 f^2 + a c (e^2 - 2 d f)} \right)} \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \sqrt{-A c e + B \left(c d - a f + \sqrt{c^2 d^2 + a^2 f^2 + a c (e^2 - 2 d f)} \right)} \sqrt{d + e x + f x^2} \right] \right) / \\ \left(\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a} \sqrt{c} \sqrt{e} \sqrt{c^2 d^2 + a^2 f^2 + a c (e^2 - 2 d f)} \right) - \\ \left(\sqrt{-A c e + B \left(c d - a f - \sqrt{c^2 d^2 + a^2 f^2 + a c (e^2 - 2 d f)} \right)} \right. \\ \left. \sqrt{a B e + A \left(c d - a f + \sqrt{c^2 d^2 + a^2 f^2 + a c (e^2 - 2 d f)} \right)} \right. \\ \left. \text{ArcTanh} \left[\left(\sqrt{e} \left(a \left(A c e - B \left(c d - a f - \sqrt{c^2 d^2 + a^2 f^2 + a c (e^2 - 2 d f)} \right) \right) - \right. \right. \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \left. \left. c \left(a B e + A \left(c d - a f + \sqrt{c^2 d^2 + a^2 f^2 + a c (e^2 - 2 d f)} \right) \right) x \right) \right] / \right. \\ \left. \left(\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a} \sqrt{c} \sqrt{-A c e + B \left(c d - a f - \sqrt{c^2 d^2 + a^2 f^2 + a c (e^2 - 2 d f)} \right)} \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \sqrt{a B e + A \left(c d - a f + \sqrt{c^2 d^2 + a^2 f^2 + a c (e^2 - 2 d f)} \right)} \sqrt{d + e x + f x^2} \right] \right) / \\ \left(\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a} \sqrt{c} \sqrt{e} \sqrt{c^2 d^2 + a^2 f^2 + a c (e^2 - 2 d f)} \right)$$

Result (type 3, 411 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}} \left(- \left(\left(\left(\sqrt{a}B + \text{i}A\sqrt{c} \right) \text{Log} \left[- \left(\left(\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c} \right. \\ \left. \left. \left. \left. \left. \left. \left. \left. \left(\text{i}\sqrt{c}(2d+ex) + \sqrt{a}(e+2fx) + 2\text{i}\sqrt{cd-i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}e-af} \sqrt{d+x(ex+fx)} \right) \right) \right] \right] \right) / \\ \left(\left(\sqrt{a}B + \text{i}A\sqrt{c} \right) \sqrt{cd-i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}e-af} (\sqrt{a}-\text{i}\sqrt{c}x) \right)] \right) / \\ \left(\sqrt{cd-i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}e-af} \right) + \left(\left(-\sqrt{a}B + \text{i}A\sqrt{c} \right) \text{Log} \left[\left(\text{i}\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c} \right. \right. \right. \right. \right. \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \left. \left. \left. \left. \left. \left(\sqrt{c}(2d+ex) + \text{i}\sqrt{a}(e+2fx) + 2\sqrt{cd+i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}e-af} \sqrt{d+x(ex+fx)} \right) \right) \right] \right) / \\ \left(\left(\sqrt{a}B - \text{i}A\sqrt{c} \right) \sqrt{cd+i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}e-af} (\sqrt{a}+\text{i}\sqrt{c}x) \right)] \right) / \left(\sqrt{cd+i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}e-af} \right)$$

Problem 24: Result unnecessarily involves complex numbers and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(a+cx^2)\sqrt{d+fx^2}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 101 leaves, 6 steps):

$$\frac{\text{A ArcTan} \left[\frac{\sqrt{cd-af}x}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d+fx^2}} \right]}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cd-af}} - \frac{\text{B ArcTanh} \left[\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+fx^2}}{\sqrt{cd-af}} \right]}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd-af}}$$

Result (type 3, 282 leaves):

$$\left(- \left(\sqrt{a}B + \text{i}A\sqrt{c} \right) \text{Log} \left[\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{c}d-\text{i}\sqrt{a}fx+\sqrt{cd-af}\sqrt{d+fx^2})}{(\sqrt{a}B+\text{i}A\sqrt{c})\sqrt{cd-af}(\text{i}\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{c}x)} \right] + \left(-\sqrt{a}B + \text{i}A\sqrt{c} \right) \right. \\ \left. \text{Log} \left[\frac{2\text{i}\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{c}d+\text{i}\sqrt{a}fx+\sqrt{cd-af}\sqrt{d+fx^2})}{(\sqrt{a}B-\text{i}A\sqrt{c})\sqrt{cd-af}(\sqrt{a}+\text{i}\sqrt{c}x)} \right] \right) / (2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd-af})$$

Problem 27: Result unnecessarily involves imaginary or complex numbers.

$$\int \frac{2+x}{(2+4x-3x^2)(1+3x-2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 193 leaves, 7 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{2 (15 + 14 x)}{51 (1 + 3 x - 2 x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{2 (291 + 4814 x)}{867 \sqrt{1 + 3 x - 2 x^2}} + \\
& \frac{9}{2} \sqrt{\frac{1}{5} (-53 + 17 \sqrt{10})} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{3 (4 - \sqrt{10}) + (1 + 4 \sqrt{10}) x}{2 \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{10}} \sqrt{1 + 3 x - 2 x^2}}\right] + \\
& \frac{9}{2} \sqrt{\frac{1}{5} (53 + 17 \sqrt{10})} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{3 (4 + \sqrt{10}) + (1 - 4 \sqrt{10}) x}{2 \sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{10}} \sqrt{1 + 3 x - 2 x^2}}\right]
\end{aligned}$$

Result (type 3, 304 leaves) :

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{2 (546 + 5925 x + 13860 x^2 - 9628 x^3)}{867 (1 + 3 x - 2 x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{27 (-4 + \sqrt{10}) \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{-12 - 3 \sqrt{10} + x + 4 \sqrt{10} x}{2 \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{10}} \sqrt{1 + 3 x - 2 x^2}}\right]}{2 \sqrt{10 (1 + \sqrt{10})}} - \\
& \frac{27 (4 + \sqrt{10}) \operatorname{Log}[2 + \sqrt{10} - 3 x]}{2 \sqrt{10 (-1 + \sqrt{10})}} - \frac{27 \operatorname{Log}\left[(-2 + \sqrt{10} + 3 x)^2\right]}{4 \sqrt{10 (1 + \sqrt{10})}} + \\
& \frac{27 \operatorname{Log}\left[14 - 4 \sqrt{10} + 6 (-2 + \sqrt{10}) x + 9 x^2\right]}{4 \sqrt{10 (1 + \sqrt{10})}} + \\
& \left(\frac{27 (4 + \sqrt{10}) \operatorname{Log}[30 + 12 \sqrt{10} - 40 x + \sqrt{10} x + 2 \sqrt{10 (-1 + \sqrt{10})} \sqrt{1 + 3 x - 2 x^2}]}{2 \sqrt{10 (-1 + \sqrt{10})}} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 31: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1+x}{(4+2x+x^2) \sqrt{5+2x+x^2}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 15 leaves, 2 steps) :

$$-\operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\sqrt{5+2x+x^2}\right]$$

Result (type 3, 41 leaves) :

$$\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{Log}[1 - \sqrt{5 + 2 x + x^2}] - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{Log}[1 + \sqrt{5 + 2 x + x^2}]$$

Problem 32: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{4+x}{(4+2x+x^2)\sqrt{5+2x+x^2}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 44 leaves, 5 steps) :

$$\sqrt{3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1+x}{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{5+2 x+x^2}}\right]-\operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\sqrt{5+2 x+x^2}\right]$$

Result (type 3, 109 leaves) :

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{2} \left(2 \sqrt{3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{3} (4+x^2+\sqrt{5+2 x+x^2}) + x (2+\sqrt{5+2 x+x^2})}{11+4 x+2 x^2} \right] + \right. \\ & \quad \left. \operatorname{Log}\left[(4+2 x+x^2)^2\right]-\operatorname{Log}\left[(4+2 x+x^2)\left(6+2 x+x^2+2 \sqrt{5+2 x+x^2}\right)\right] \right) \end{aligned}$$

Problem 34: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{x}{(3+x+x^2)\sqrt{5+x+x^2}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 56 leaves, 5 steps) :

$$-\frac{\operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{11}} (1+2 x)}{\sqrt{5+x+x^2}}\right]}{\sqrt{22}}-\frac{\operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{5+x+x^2}}{\sqrt{2}}\right]}{\sqrt{2}}$$

Result (type 3, 126 leaves) :

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{\operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{11} (-3+7 x+7 x^2)}{-57-19 x^2+12 \sqrt{2} \sqrt{5+x+x^2}}+x \left(-19+24 \sqrt{2} \sqrt{5+x+x^2}\right)\right]}{\sqrt{22}}+\frac{1}{2 \sqrt{2}} \\ & \quad \left(\operatorname{Log}[16]+\operatorname{Log}\left[(3+x+x^2)^2\right]-\operatorname{Log}\left[(3+x+x^2)\left(7+x+x^2+2 \sqrt{2} \sqrt{5+x+x^2}\right)\right] \right) \end{aligned}$$

Problem 35: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{A+B x}{\sqrt{d+e x+f x^2}(a e+b e x+b f x^2)^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 249 leaves, 6 steps) :

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -\frac{\left((A b - 2 a B) e - b (B e - 2 A f) x\right) \sqrt{d + e x + f x^2}}{e (b d - a e) (b e - 4 a f) (a e + b e x + b f x^2)} + \\
 & \frac{(B e - 2 A f) (8 a e f - b (e^2 + 4 d f)) \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{b d - a e} (e + 2 f x)}{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{b e - 4 a f} \sqrt{d + e x + f x^2}}\right]}{2 e^{3/2} (b d - a e)^{3/2} f (b e - 4 a f)^{3/2}} + \frac{B \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{b} \sqrt{d + e x + f x^2}}{\sqrt{b d - a e}}\right]}{2 \sqrt{b} (b d - a e)^{3/2} f}
 \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 3, 767 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -\frac{1}{4 b e^{3/2} (b d - a e)^{3/2} f (b e - 4 a f)^{3/2} (a e + b x (e + f x))} \\
 & \left(4 b \sqrt{e} \sqrt{b d - a e} f \sqrt{b e - 4 a f} \sqrt{d + x (e + f x)} (-B e (2 a + b x) + A b (e + 2 f x)) - \right. \\
 & \left(-b^{3/2} B e^{5/2} \sqrt{b e - 4 a f} + 4 a \sqrt{b} B e^{3/2} f \sqrt{b e - 4 a f} - 8 a b e f (B e - 2 A f) + \right. \\
 & \left.b^2 (B e - 2 A f) (e^2 + 4 d f)\right) (a e + b x (e + f x)) \operatorname{Log}\left[-\sqrt{b} \sqrt{e} \sqrt{b e - 4 a f} + b (e + 2 f x)\right] + \\
 & \left(b^{3/2} B e^{5/2} \sqrt{b e - 4 a f} - 4 a \sqrt{b} B e^{3/2} f \sqrt{b e - 4 a f} - 8 a b e f (B e - 2 A f) + \right. \\
 & \left.b^2 (B e - 2 A f) (e^2 + 4 d f)\right) (a e + b x (e + f x)) \operatorname{Log}\left[\sqrt{b} \sqrt{e} \sqrt{b e - 4 a f} + b (e + 2 f x)\right] - \\
 & \left(b^{3/2} B e^{5/2} \sqrt{b e - 4 a f} - 4 a \sqrt{b} B e^{3/2} f \sqrt{b e - 4 a f} - 8 a b e f (B e - 2 A f) + \right. \\
 & \left.b^2 (B e - 2 A f) (e^2 + 4 d f)\right) (a e + b x (e + f x)) \operatorname{Log}\left[\sqrt{b} \left(e^{3/2} \sqrt{b e - 4 a f} + \right.\right. \\
 & \left.\left.\sqrt{b} (e^2 - 4 d f) + 2 \sqrt{e} f \sqrt{b e - 4 a f} x - 4 \sqrt{b d - a e} f \sqrt{d + x (e + f x)}\right)\right] + \\
 & \left(-b^{3/2} B e^{5/2} \sqrt{b e - 4 a f} + 4 a \sqrt{b} B e^{3/2} f \sqrt{b e - 4 a f} - 8 a b e f (B e - 2 A f) + \right. \\
 & \left.b^2 (B e - 2 A f) (e^2 + 4 d f)\right) (a e + b x (e + f x)) \operatorname{Log}\left[\sqrt{b} \left(e^{3/2} \sqrt{b e - 4 a f} - \right.\right. \\
 & \left.\left.\sqrt{b} (e^2 - 4 d f) + 2 \sqrt{e} f \sqrt{b e - 4 a f} x + 4 \sqrt{b d - a e} f \sqrt{d + x (e + f x)}\right)\right]
 \end{aligned}$$

Problem 37: Result unnecessarily involves complex numbers and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{3 + 2 x}{\sqrt{-3 - 4 x - x^2} (3 + 4 x + 2 x^2)} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 17 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{x}{\sqrt{-3 - 4 x - x^2}}\right]$$

Result (type 3, 873 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{4} \left(-\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-2 \text{i}\sqrt{2}}} 2 \text{i} \left(-\text{i} + \sqrt{2} \right) \right. \\
& \quad \text{ArcTan} \left[\left((2+x) \left(12 - 6 \text{i} \sqrt{2} + (8+6 \text{i} \sqrt{2}) x^3 + 9 \text{i} \sqrt{1-2 \text{i}\sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3-4x-x^2} + \right. \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \left. x^2 \left(36 + 8 \text{i} \sqrt{2} + 6 \text{i} \sqrt{1-2 \text{i}\sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3-4x-x^2} \right) + \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \left. x \left(40 - 5 \text{i} \sqrt{2} + 12 \text{i} \sqrt{1-2 \text{i}\sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3-4x-x^2} \right) \right) \right) / \\
& \quad \left(21 \text{i} + 6 \sqrt{2} + 4 (7 \text{i} + 8 \sqrt{2}) x + (19 \text{i} + 58 \sqrt{2}) x^2 + 8 (2 \text{i} + 5 \sqrt{2}) x^3 + (6 \text{i} + 8 \sqrt{2}) x^4 \right] + \\
& \quad \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+2 \text{i}\sqrt{2}}} 2 (\text{i} + \sqrt{2}) \text{ArcTanh} \left[\left((2+x) \left(12 \text{i} - 6 \sqrt{2} + (8 \text{i} + 6 \sqrt{2}) x^3 + \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. 9 \sqrt{1+2 \text{i}\sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3-4x-x^2} + x^2 \left(36 \text{i} + 8 \sqrt{2} + 6 \sqrt{1+2 \text{i}\sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3-4x-x^2} \right) + \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. x \left(40 \text{i} - 5 \sqrt{2} + 12 \sqrt{1+2 \text{i}\sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3-4x-x^2} \right) \right) \right) / (-21 \text{i} + 6 \sqrt{2} + \\
& \quad 4 (-7 \text{i} + 8 \sqrt{2}) x + (-19 \text{i} + 58 \sqrt{2}) x^2 + 8 (-2 \text{i} + 5 \sqrt{2}) x^3 + (-6 \text{i} + 8 \sqrt{2}) x^4) \right] + \\
& \quad \left(-\text{i} + \sqrt{2} \right) \text{Log} [4 (3+4x+2x^2)^2] + \frac{(\text{i} + \sqrt{2}) \text{Log} [4 (3+4x+2x^2)^2]}{\sqrt{1+2 \text{i}\sqrt{2}}} - \\
& \quad \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-2 \text{i}\sqrt{2}}} \\
& \quad \left. \frac{\text{Log} [(3+4x+2x^2) \left(3+6 \text{i} \sqrt{2} + (2+2 \text{i} \sqrt{2}) x^2 - 2 \sqrt{2-4 \text{i}\sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3-4x-x^2} + \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. x \left(4+8 \text{i} \sqrt{2} - 2 \sqrt{2-4 \text{i}\sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3-4x-x^2} \right) \right)] - \right. \\
& \quad \left. \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+2 \text{i}\sqrt{2}}} (\text{i} + \sqrt{2}) \text{Log} [(3+4x+2x^2) \left(3-6 \text{i} \sqrt{2} + (2-2 \text{i} \sqrt{2}) x^2 - \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. 2 \sqrt{2+4 \text{i}\sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3-4x-x^2} - 2 x \left(-2+4 \text{i} \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{2+4 \text{i}\sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3-4x-x^2} \right) \right)] \right)
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 38: Result unnecessarily involves complex numbers and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{3+4x}{\sqrt{-3-4x-x^2} (3+4x+2x^2)} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 86 leaves, 13 steps):

$$\sqrt{2} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1-\frac{3+x}{\sqrt{-3-4 x-x^2}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right]-\sqrt{2} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1+\frac{3+x}{\sqrt{-3-4 x-x^2}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right]+\operatorname{Arctanh}\left[\frac{x}{\sqrt{-3-4 x-x^2}}\right]$$

Result (type 3, 976 leaves) :

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{4} \left(2 \sqrt{1-2 \pm \sqrt{2}} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\left(60 + 51 \pm \sqrt{2} + (-16 + 6 \pm \sqrt{2}) x^4 + \right. \right. \right. \\ & \quad \left. \left. \left. 54 \pm \sqrt{1-2 \pm \sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3-4 x-x^2} + x \left(68 + 176 \pm \sqrt{2} + 99 \pm \sqrt{1-2 \pm \sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3-4 x-x^2} \right) + \right. \right. \\ & \quad \left. \left. 2 \pm x^3 \left(34 \left(\pm + \sqrt{2} \right) + 9 \sqrt{1-2 \pm \sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3-4 x-x^2} \right) + \right. \right. \\ & \quad \left. \left. \pm x^2 \left(44 \pm + 185 \sqrt{2} + 72 \sqrt{1-2 \pm \sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3-4 x-x^2} \right) \right) / \left(93 \pm + 150 \sqrt{2} + \right. \right. \\ & \quad \left. \left. 20 \left(17 \pm + 22 \sqrt{2} \right) x + \left(493 \pm + 466 \sqrt{2} \right) x^2 + 16 \left(19 \pm + 13 \sqrt{2} \right) x^3 + \left(66 \pm + 32 \sqrt{2} \right) x^4 \right] - \right. \\ & \quad \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+2 \pm \sqrt{2}}} 2 \pm \left(-\pm + 2 \sqrt{2} \right) \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\left(-60 + 51 \pm \sqrt{2} + 2 \left(8 + 3 \pm \sqrt{2} \right) x^4 + \right. \right. \\ & \quad \left. \left. 54 \pm \sqrt{1+2 \pm \sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3-4 x-x^2} + 2 x^3 \left(34 + 34 \pm \sqrt{2} + 9 \pm \sqrt{1+2 \pm \sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3-4 x-x^2} \right) + \right. \right. \\ & \quad \left. \left. x^2 \left(44 + 185 \pm \sqrt{2} + 72 \pm \sqrt{1+2 \pm \sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3-4 x-x^2} \right) + \right. \right. \\ & \quad \left. \left. \pm x \left(68 \pm + 176 \sqrt{2} + 99 \sqrt{1+2 \pm \sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3-4 x-x^2} \right) \right) / \right. \\ & \quad \left. \left. \left(-93 \pm + 150 \sqrt{2} + 20 \left(-17 \pm + 22 \sqrt{2} \right) x + \left(-493 \pm + 466 \sqrt{2} \right) x^2 + \right. \right. \\ & \quad \left. \left. 16 \left(-19 \pm + 13 \sqrt{2} \right) x^3 + \left(-66 \pm + 32 \sqrt{2} \right) x^4 \right) \right] + \right. \\ & \quad \left(-\pm + 2 \sqrt{2} \right) \operatorname{Log}\left[4 \left(3 + 4 x + 2 x^2 \right)^2 \right] + \frac{\left(\pm + 2 \sqrt{2} \right) \operatorname{Log}\left[4 \left(3 + 4 x + 2 x^2 \right)^2 \right]}{\sqrt{1+2 \pm \sqrt{2}}} - \\ & \quad \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-2 \pm \sqrt{2}}} \\ & \quad \left(\pm + 2 \sqrt{2} \right) \\ & \quad \operatorname{Log}\left[\left(3 + 4 x + 2 x^2 \right) \left(3 + 6 \pm \sqrt{2} + \left(2 + 2 \pm \sqrt{2} \right) x^2 - 2 \sqrt{2-4 \pm \sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3-4 x-x^2} + \right. \right. \\ & \quad \left. \left. x \left(4 + 8 \pm \sqrt{2} - 2 \sqrt{2-4 \pm \sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3-4 x-x^2} \right) \right) \right] - \\ & \quad \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+2 \pm \sqrt{2}}} \left(-\pm + 2 \sqrt{2} \right) \operatorname{Log}\left[\left(3 + 4 x + 2 x^2 \right) \left(3 - 6 \pm \sqrt{2} + \left(2 - 2 \pm \sqrt{2} \right) x^2 - \right. \right. \\ & \quad \left. \left. 2 \sqrt{2+4 \pm \sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3-4 x-x^2} - 2 x \left(-2 + 4 \pm \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{2+4 \pm \sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3-4 x-x^2} \right) \right) \right] \end{aligned}$$

Problem 59: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{x (a + c x^2)^{3/2}}{d + e x + f x^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 553 leaves, 10 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{(2 (a f^2 + c (e^2 - d f)) - c e f x) \sqrt{a + c x^2}}{2 f^3} + \frac{(a + c x^2)^{3/2}}{3 f} - \\ & \frac{\sqrt{c} e (3 a f^2 + 2 c (e^2 - 2 d f)) \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{c} x}{\sqrt{a+c x^2}}\right]}{2 f^4} - \left(\begin{array}{l} \left(2 c d e f (2 a f^2 + c (e^2 - 2 d f)) - \right. \\ \left(e - \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f}\right) (a^2 f^4 + 2 a c f^2 (e^2 - d f) + c^2 (e^4 - 3 d e^2 f + d^2 f^2)) \end{array} \right) \\ \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{2 a f - c (e - \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f}) x}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{2 a f^2 + c (e^2 - 2 d f - e \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f})} \sqrt{a + c x^2}}\right] \Bigg) / \\ & \left(\begin{array}{l} \left(\sqrt{2} f^4 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \sqrt{2 a f^2 + c (e^2 - 2 d f - e \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f})}\right) + \\ \left(2 c d e f (2 a f^2 + c (e^2 - 2 d f)) - \right. \\ \left(e + \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f}\right) (a^2 f^4 + 2 a c f^2 (e^2 - d f) + c^2 (e^4 - 3 d e^2 f + d^2 f^2)) \end{array} \right) \\ \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{2 a f - c (e + \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f}) x}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{2 a f^2 + c (e^2 - 2 d f + e \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f})} \sqrt{a + c x^2}}\right] \Bigg) / \\ & \left(\begin{array}{l} \left(\sqrt{2} f^4 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \sqrt{2 a f^2 + c (e^2 - 2 d f + e \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f})}\right) \end{array} \right) \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 3, 1176 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{6 f^4} \left(f \sqrt{a + c x^2} (8 a f^2 + c (6 e^2 - 3 e f x + 2 f (-3 d + f x^2))) + \right. \\
& \left(3 \sqrt{2} (a^2 f^4 (-e + \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f}) - 2 a c f^2 (e^3 - 3 d e f - e^2 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} + d f \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f})) + \right. \\
& \left. c^2 (-e^5 + 5 d e^3 f - 5 d^2 e f^2 + e^4 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} - 3 d e^2 f \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} + d^2 f^2 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f}) \right) \\
& \text{Log}[-e + \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} - 2 f x] \Big/ \left(\sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \sqrt{2 a f^2 + c (e^2 - 2 d f - e \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f})} \right) + \\
& \left(3 \sqrt{2} (a^2 f^4 (e + \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f}) + 2 a c f^2 (e^3 - 3 d e f + e^2 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} - d f \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f})) + \right. \\
& \left. c^2 (e^5 - 5 d e^3 f + 5 d^2 e f^2 + e^4 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} - 3 d e^2 f \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} + d^2 f^2 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f}) \right) \\
& \text{Log}[e + \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} + 2 f x] \Big/ \left(\sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \sqrt{2 a f^2 + c (e^2 - 2 d f + e \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f})} \right) - \\
& 3 \sqrt{c} e (3 a f^2 + 2 c (e^2 - 2 d f)) \text{Log}[c x + \sqrt{c} \sqrt{a + c x^2}] - \\
& \frac{1}{\sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \sqrt{2 a f^2 + c (e^2 - 2 d f - e \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f})}} \\
& 3 \sqrt{2} (a^2 f^4 (-e + \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f}) - 2 a c f^2 (e^3 - 3 d e f - e^2 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} + d f \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f}) + \\
& c^2 (-e^5 + 5 d e^3 f - 5 d^2 e f^2 + e^4 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} - 3 d e^2 f \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} + d^2 f^2 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f})) \\
& \text{Log}[2 a f \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} + c (e^2 - 4 d f - e \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f}) x + \\
& \sqrt{2} \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \sqrt{2 a f^2 + c (e^2 - 2 d f - e \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f})} \sqrt{a + c x^2}] - \\
& \frac{1}{\sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \sqrt{2 a f^2 + c (e^2 - 2 d f + e \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f})}} \\
& 3 \sqrt{2} (a^2 f^4 (e + \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f}) + 2 a c f^2 (e^3 - 3 d e f + e^2 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} - d f \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f}) + \\
& c^2 (e^5 - 5 d e^3 f + 5 d^2 e f^2 + e^4 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} - 3 d e^2 f \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} + d^2 f^2 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f})) \\
& \text{Log}[2 a f \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} - c (e^2 - 4 d f + e \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f}) x + \\
& \sqrt{2} \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \sqrt{2 a f^2 + c (e^2 - 2 d f + e \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f})} \sqrt{a + c x^2}] \Big)
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 93: Result unnecessarily involves imaginary or complex numbers.

$$\int \frac{(x+x^2)^{3/2}}{1+x^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 130 leaves, 10 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{4} (5 + 2x) \sqrt{x+x^2} + \sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1+\sqrt{2}-x}{\sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})\sqrt{x+x^2}}}\right] - \\ & \sqrt{-1+\sqrt{2}} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{1-\sqrt{2}-x}{\sqrt{2(-1+\sqrt{2})\sqrt{x+x^2}}}\right] - \frac{5}{4} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{x}{\sqrt{x+x^2}}\right] \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 3, 124 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{4\sqrt{x(1+x)}} \sqrt{x} \sqrt{1+x} \left(5\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1+x} + 2x^{3/2}\sqrt{1+x} - 5\operatorname{ArcSinh}[\sqrt{x}] - \right. \\ & \left. 4\sqrt{2-2i} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\left(1-\frac{i}{2}\right)^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{x}{2+2x}}\right] - 4\sqrt{2+2i} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\left(1+\frac{i}{2}\right)^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{x}{2+2x}}\right] \right) \end{aligned}$$

Problem 110: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{x\sqrt{a+b x+c x^2}}{d+e x+f x^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 549 leaves, 9 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\sqrt{a+b x+c x^2}}{f} - \frac{(2 c e - b f) \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{b+2 c x}{2 \sqrt{c} \sqrt{a+b x+c x^2}}\right]}{2 \sqrt{c} f^2} - \\
& \left(\left(2 d f (c e - b f) + \left(e - \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \right) (f (b e - a f) - c (e^2 - d f)) \right) \right. \\
& \left. \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\left(4 a f - b \left(e - \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f}\right) + 2 \left(b f - c \left(e - \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f}\right)\right) x\right)\right] / \right. \\
& \left. \left(2 \sqrt{2} \sqrt{c e^2 - 2 c d f - b e f + 2 a f^2 - (c e - b f) \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f}} \sqrt{a+b x+c x^2} \right) \right] / \\
& \left(\sqrt{2} f^2 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \sqrt{c e^2 - 2 c d f - b e f + 2 a f^2 - (c e - b f) \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f}} \right) + \\
& \left(\left(2 d f (c e - b f) + \left(e + \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \right) (f (b e - a f) - c (e^2 - d f)) \right) \right. \\
& \left. \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\left(4 a f - b \left(e + \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f}\right) + 2 \left(b f - c \left(e + \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f}\right)\right) x\right)\right] / \right. \\
& \left. \left(2 \sqrt{2} \sqrt{c e^2 - 2 c d f - b e f + 2 a f^2 + (c e - b f) \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f}} \sqrt{a+b x+c x^2} \right) \right] / \\
& \left(\sqrt{2} f^2 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \sqrt{c e^2 - 2 c d f - b e f + 2 a f^2 + (c e - b f) \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f}} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

Result (type 3, 1112 leaves) :

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{2 f^2} \left(2 f \sqrt{a + x (b + c x)} + \left(\sqrt{2} \left(c \left(-e^3 + 3 d e f + e^2 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} - d f \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \right) + \right. \right. \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \left. \left. f \left(a f \left(-e + \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \right) + b \left(e^2 - 2 d f - e \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \right) \right) \right) \text{Log}[-e + \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} - 2 f x] \right) \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left(\sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \sqrt{c \left(e^2 - 2 d f - e \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \right) + f \left(2 a f + b \left(-e + \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \right) \right)} \right) + \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left(\sqrt{2} \left(c \left(e^3 - 3 d e f + e^2 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} - d f \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \right) + \right. \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \left. f \left(a f \left(e + \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \right) - b \left(e^2 - 2 d f + e \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \right) \right) \right) \text{Log}[e + \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} + 2 f x] \right) \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left(\sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \sqrt{c \left(e^2 - 2 d f + e \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \right) + f \left(2 a f - b \left(e + \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \right) \right)} \right) - \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left(2 c e - b f \right) \text{Log}[b + 2 c x + 2 \sqrt{c} \sqrt{a + x (b + c x)}] \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \left. \left. - \sqrt{c} \right. \right. \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left(\sqrt{2} \left(c \left(-e^3 + 3 d e f + e^2 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} - d f \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \right) + \right. \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \left. f \left(a f \left(-e + \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \right) + b \left(e^2 - 2 d f - e \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \right) \right) \right) \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \text{Log}[4 a f \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} + 2 c e^2 x - 8 c d f x - 2 c e \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} x + \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. b \left(e^2 - 4 d f - e \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} + 2 f \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} x \right) + 2 \sqrt{2} \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \sqrt{\left(f \left(-b e + 2 a f + b \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \right) + c \left(e^2 - 2 d f - e \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \right) \right) \sqrt{a + x (b + c x)}} \right) \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left(\sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \sqrt{c \left(e^2 - 2 d f - e \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \right) + f \left(2 a f + b \left(-e + \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \right) \right)} \right) - \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left(\sqrt{2} \left(c \left(e^3 - 3 d e f + e^2 \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} - d f \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \right) + \right. \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \left. f \left(a f \left(e + \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \right) - b \left(e^2 - 2 d f + e \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \right) \right) \right) \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \text{Log}[4 a f \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} - 2 c e^2 x + 8 c d f x - 2 c e \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} x + \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. 2 \sqrt{2} \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \sqrt{\left(c \left(e^2 - 2 d f + e \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \right) + f \left(2 a f - b \left(e + \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \right) \right) \right)} \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \sqrt{a + x (b + c x)} - b \left(e^2 + e \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} - 2 f \left(2 d + \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} x \right) \right) \right] \right) \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left(\sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \sqrt{c \left(e^2 - 2 d f + e \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \right) + f \left(2 a f - b \left(e + \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \right) \right)} \right) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 118: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{a + b x + c x^2} (d + e x + f x^2)} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 451 leaves, 9 steps) :

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{\operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{2 a+b x}{2 \sqrt{a} \sqrt{a+b x+c x^2}}\right]}{\sqrt{a} d} + \\
& \left(f \left(e + \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \right) \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\left(4 a f - b \left(e - \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \right) + 2 \left(b f - c \left(e - \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \right) \right) x \right) \middle/ \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. \left(2 \sqrt{2} \sqrt{c e^2 - 2 c d f - b e f + 2 a f^2 - (c e - b f) \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f}} \sqrt{a + b x + c x^2} \right) \right] \middle/ \right. \\
& \left(\sqrt{2} d \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \sqrt{c e^2 - 2 c d f - b e f + 2 a f^2 - (c e - b f) \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f}} \right) - \\
& \left(f \left(e - \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \right) \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\left(4 a f - b \left(e + \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \right) + 2 \left(b f - c \left(e + \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \right) \right) x \right) \middle/ \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. \left(2 \sqrt{2} \sqrt{c e^2 - 2 c d f - b e f + 2 a f^2 + (c e - b f) \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f}} \sqrt{a + b x + c x^2} \right) \right] \middle/ \right. \\
& \left(\sqrt{2} d \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \sqrt{c e^2 - 2 c d f - b e f + 2 a f^2 + (c e - b f) \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f}} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

Result (type 3, 994 leaves) :

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\sqrt{a+b x+c x^2} \operatorname{Log}[x]}{\sqrt{a} d \sqrt{a+x(b+c x)}} - \\
& \left(f \left(e + \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \right) \sqrt{a+b x+c x^2} \operatorname{Log}[-e + \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} - 2 f x] \right) / \left(\sqrt{2} d \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \right. \\
& \left. \sqrt{c e^2 - 2 c d f - b e f + 2 a f^2 - c e \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} + b f \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f}} \sqrt{a+x(b+c x)} \right) - \\
& \left(f \left(-e + \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \right) \sqrt{a+b x+c x^2} \operatorname{Log}[e + \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} + 2 f x] \right) / \left(\sqrt{2} d \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \right. \\
& \left. \sqrt{c e^2 - 2 c d f - b e f + 2 a f^2 + c e \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} - b f \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f}} \sqrt{a+x(b+c x)} \right) - \\
& \frac{\sqrt{a+b x+c x^2} \operatorname{Log}[2 a+b x+2 \sqrt{a} \sqrt{a+b x+c x^2}]}{\sqrt{a} d \sqrt{a+x(b+c x)}} + \\
& \left(f \left(-e + \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \right) \sqrt{a+b x+c x^2} \operatorname{Log}[-b e^2 + 4 b d f - b e \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} + 4 a f \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} - \right. \\
& \left. 2 c e^2 x + 8 c d f x - 2 c e \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} x + 2 b f \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} x + 2 \sqrt{2} \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \right. \\
& \left. \sqrt{c e^2 - 2 c d f - b e f + 2 a f^2 + c e \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} - b f \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f}} \sqrt{a+b x+c x^2} \right) / \left(\sqrt{2} d \right. \\
& \left. \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \sqrt{c e^2 - 2 c d f - b e f + 2 a f^2 + c e \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} - b f \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f}} \sqrt{a+x(b+c x)} \right) + \\
& \left(f \left(e + \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \right) \sqrt{a+b x+c x^2} \operatorname{Log}[b e^2 - 4 b d f - b e \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} + 4 a f \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} + \right. \\
& \left. 2 c e^2 x - 8 c d f x - 2 c e \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} x + 2 b f \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} x + 2 \sqrt{2} \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \right. \\
& \left. \sqrt{c e^2 - 2 c d f - b e f + 2 a f^2 - c e \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} + b f \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f}} \sqrt{a+b x+c x^2} \right) / \left(\sqrt{2} d \right. \\
& \left. \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} \sqrt{c e^2 - 2 c d f - b e f + 2 a f^2 - c e \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f} + b f \sqrt{e^2 - 4 d f}} \sqrt{a+x(b+c x)} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 126: Result unnecessarily involves complex numbers and more than

twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{-3 - 4x - x^2} (3 + 4x + 2x^2)} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 140 leaves, 24 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{5}{2} \sqrt{-3 - 4x - x^2} - \frac{1}{4} x \sqrt{-3 - 4x - x^2} + \frac{11}{2} \text{ArcSin}[2 + x] + \\ & \frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 - \frac{3+x}{\sqrt{-3-4x-x^2}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right] - \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 + \frac{3+x}{\sqrt{-3-4x-x^2}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right]}{2\sqrt{2}} - \frac{5}{4} \text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{x}{\sqrt{-3 - 4x - x^2}}\right] \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 3, 1000 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{16} \left(-4 (-10 + x) \sqrt{-3 - 4x - x^2} + 88 \operatorname{ArcSin}[2 + x] + \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - 2 \pm \sqrt{2}}} \right. \\
& 2 (7 + 4 \pm \sqrt{2}) \operatorname{ArcTan} \left[\left(132 - 471 \pm \sqrt{2} + (224 + 78 \pm \sqrt{2}) x^4 + 486 \pm \sqrt{1 - 2 \pm \sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3 - 4x - x^2} + \right. \right. \\
& 2x^3 \left(638 + 10 \pm \sqrt{2} + 81 \pm \sqrt{1 - 2 \pm \sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3 - 4x - x^2} \right) + \\
& x^2 \left(2236 - 727 \pm \sqrt{2} + 648 \pm \sqrt{1 - 2 \pm \sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3 - 4x - x^2} \right) + \\
& x \left(1316 - 1168 \pm \sqrt{2} + 891 \pm \sqrt{1 - 2 \pm \sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3 - 4x - x^2} \right) \Big) \Big/ \left(885 \pm 6 \sqrt{2} + \right. \\
& 4 (349 \pm 26 \sqrt{2}) x + (685 \pm 514 \sqrt{2}) x^2 + 16 (13 \pm 34 \sqrt{2}) x^3 + 2 (33 \pm 64 \sqrt{2}) x^4 \Big)] - \\
& \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + 2 \pm \sqrt{2}}} 2 (7 \pm 4 \sqrt{2}) \operatorname{ArcTanh} \left[\left(132 \pm -471 \sqrt{2} + (224 \pm 78 \sqrt{2}) x^4 + \right. \right. \\
& 486 \sqrt{1 + 2 \pm \sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3 - 4x - x^2} + 2x^3 \left(638 \pm +10 \sqrt{2} + 81 \sqrt{1 + 2 \pm \sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3 - 4x - x^2} \right) + \\
& x^2 \left(2236 \pm -727 \sqrt{2} + 648 \sqrt{1 + 2 \pm \sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3 - 4x - x^2} \right) + \\
& x \left(1316 \pm -1168 \sqrt{2} + 891 \sqrt{1 + 2 \pm \sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3 - 4x - x^2} \right) \Big) \Big/ \\
& \left(-885 \pm 6 \sqrt{2} + 4 (-349 \pm 26 \sqrt{2}) x + (-685 \pm 514 \sqrt{2}) x^2 + \right. \\
& 16 (-13 \pm 34 \sqrt{2}) x^3 + 2 (-33 \pm 64 \sqrt{2}) x^4 \Big)] - \\
& \frac{(-7 \pm 4 \sqrt{2}) \operatorname{Log} [4 (3 + 4x + 2x^2)^2]}{\sqrt{1 - 2 \pm \sqrt{2}}} - \frac{(7 \pm 4 \sqrt{2}) \operatorname{Log} [4 (3 + 4x + 2x^2)^2]}{\sqrt{1 + 2 \pm \sqrt{2}}} + \\
& \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - 2 \pm \sqrt{2}}} \\
& \left. \left. \operatorname{Log} [(3 + 4x + 2x^2) \left(3 + 6 \pm \sqrt{2} + (2 + 2 \pm \sqrt{2}) x^2 - 2 \sqrt{2 - 4 \pm \sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3 - 4x - x^2} + \right. \right. \right. \\
& x \left(4 + 8 \pm \sqrt{2} - 2 \sqrt{2 - 4 \pm \sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3 - 4x - x^2} \right) \Big) \Big] + \\
& \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + 2 \pm \sqrt{2}}} (7 \pm 4 \sqrt{2}) \operatorname{Log} [(3 + 4x + 2x^2) \left(3 - 6 \pm \sqrt{2} + (2 - 2 \pm \sqrt{2}) x^2 - \right. \\
& 2 \sqrt{2 + 4 \pm \sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3 - 4x - x^2} - 2x \left(-2 + 4 \pm \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{2 + 4 \pm \sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3 - 4x - x^2} \right) \Big) \Big]
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 127: Result unnecessarily involves complex numbers and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{-3 - 4x - x^2} (3 + 4x + 2x^2)} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 115 leaves, 20 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{-3 - 4x - x^2} - 2 \operatorname{ArcSin}[2 + x] + \\ & \frac{\operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 - \frac{3+x}{\sqrt{-3-4x-x^2}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right]}{2\sqrt{2}} - \frac{\operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 + \frac{3+x}{\sqrt{-3-4x-x^2}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right]}{2\sqrt{2}} + \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{x}{\sqrt{-3 - 4x - x^2}}\right] \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 3, 1001 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{16} \left(-8 \sqrt{-3 - 4x - x^2} - 32 \operatorname{ArcSin}[2 + x] - \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - 2 \pm \sqrt{2}}} \right. \\
& 2 \pm (-2 \pm 5\sqrt{2}) \operatorname{ArcTan} \left[\left((40 + 66 \pm \sqrt{2}) x^4 + 6 \left(56 - \pm \sqrt{2} + 27 \pm \sqrt{1 - 2 \pm \sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3 - 4x - x^2} \right) \right. \right. \\
& x^3 \left(332 + 316 \pm \sqrt{2} + 54 \pm \sqrt{1 - 2 \pm \sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3 - 4x - x^2} \right) + \\
& x^2 \left(920 + 469 \pm \sqrt{2} + 216 \pm \sqrt{1 - 2 \pm \sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3 - 4x - x^2} \right) + \\
& x \left(964 + 208 \pm \sqrt{2} + 297 \pm \sqrt{1 - 2 \pm \sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3 - 4x - x^2} \right) \Big) / \\
& \left(132 \pm + 192 \sqrt{2} + 4 (71 \pm + 184 \sqrt{2}) x + (455 \pm + 1004 \sqrt{2}) x^2 + \right. \\
& \left. 56 (7 \pm + 10 \sqrt{2}) x^3 + 2 (57 \pm + 50 \sqrt{2}) x^4 \right] + \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + 2 \pm \sqrt{2}}} \\
& 2 (2 \pm + 5\sqrt{2}) \operatorname{ArcTanh} \left[\left((40 \pm + 66 \sqrt{2}) x^4 - 6 \left(-56 \pm + \sqrt{2} - 27 \sqrt{1 + 2 \pm \sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3 - 4x - x^2} \right) \right. \right. \\
& x^3 \left(332 \pm + 316 \sqrt{2} + 54 \sqrt{1 + 2 \pm \sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3 - 4x - x^2} \right) + \\
& x^2 \left(920 \pm + 469 \sqrt{2} + 216 \sqrt{1 + 2 \pm \sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3 - 4x - x^2} \right) + \\
& x \left(964 \pm + 208 \sqrt{2} + 297 \sqrt{1 + 2 \pm \sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3 - 4x - x^2} \right) \Big) / \\
& \left(-132 \pm + 192 \sqrt{2} + 4 (-71 \pm + 184 \sqrt{2}) x + (-455 \pm + 1004 \sqrt{2}) x^2 + \right. \\
& \left. 56 (-7 \pm + 10 \sqrt{2}) x^3 + 2 (-57 \pm + 50 \sqrt{2}) x^4 \right] + \\
& \frac{(-2 \pm + 5\sqrt{2}) \operatorname{Log} [4 (3 + 4x + 2x^2)^2]}{\sqrt{1 - 2 \pm \sqrt{2}}} + \frac{(2 \pm + 5\sqrt{2}) \operatorname{Log} [4 (3 + 4x + 2x^2)^2]}{\sqrt{1 + 2 \pm \sqrt{2}}} - \\
& \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - 2 \pm \sqrt{2}}} \\
& \left. \left(-2 \pm + 5\sqrt{2} \right) \operatorname{Log} [(3 + 4x + 2x^2) \left(3 + 6 \pm \sqrt{2} + (2 + 2 \pm \sqrt{2}) x^2 - 2 \sqrt{2 - 4 \pm \sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3 - 4x - x^2} + \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. x \left(4 + 8 \pm \sqrt{2} - 2 \sqrt{2 - 4 \pm \sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3 - 4x - x^2} \right) \right) \right] - \\
& \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + 2 \pm \sqrt{2}}} \left(2 \pm + 5\sqrt{2} \right) \operatorname{Log} [(3 + 4x + 2x^2) \left(3 - 6 \pm \sqrt{2} + (2 - 2 \pm \sqrt{2}) x^2 - \right. \\
& \left. \left. 2 \sqrt{2 + 4 \pm \sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3 - 4x - x^2} - 2 x \left(-2 + 4 \pm \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{2 + 4 \pm \sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3 - 4x - x^2} \right) \right) \right]
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 128: Result unnecessarily involves complex numbers and more than

twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{-3 - 4x - x^2} (3 + 4x + 2x^2)} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 98 leaves, 16 steps) :

$$\frac{1}{2} \text{ArcSin}[2+x] - \frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1-\frac{3+x}{\sqrt{-3-4x-x^2}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right]}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1+\frac{3+x}{\sqrt{-3-4x-x^2}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right]}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{1}{2} \text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{x}{\sqrt{-3-4x-x^2}}\right]$$

Result (type 3, 982 leaves) :

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{8} \left(4 \operatorname{ArcSin}[2+x] + \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-2 \pm \sqrt{2}}} \right. \\
& 2 \pm \left(\pm + 2 \sqrt{2} \right) \operatorname{ArcTan} \left[\left(60 + 51 \pm \sqrt{2} + (-16 + 6 \pm \sqrt{2}) x^4 + 54 \pm \sqrt{1-2 \pm \sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3-4x-x^2} \right. \right. \\
& \times \left(68 + 176 \pm \sqrt{2} + 99 \pm \sqrt{1-2 \pm \sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3-4x-x^2} \right) + \\
& 2 \pm x^3 \left(34 \left(\pm + \sqrt{2} \right) + 9 \sqrt{1-2 \pm \sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3-4x-x^2} \right) + \\
& \left. \pm x^2 \left(44 \pm + 185 \sqrt{2} + 72 \sqrt{1-2 \pm \sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3-4x-x^2} \right) \right] \Big/ \left(93 \pm + 150 \sqrt{2} + \right. \\
& 20 \left(17 \pm + 22 \sqrt{2} \right) x + \left(493 \pm + 466 \sqrt{2} \right) x^2 + 16 \left(19 \pm + 13 \sqrt{2} \right) x^3 + \left(66 \pm + 32 \sqrt{2} \right) x^4 \Big)] + \\
& 2 \sqrt{1+2 \pm \sqrt{2}} \operatorname{ArcTan} \left[\left(-60 + 51 \pm \sqrt{2} + 2 \left(8 + 3 \pm \sqrt{2} \right) x^4 + 54 \pm \sqrt{1+2 \pm \sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3-4x-x^2} \right. \right. \\
& 2 x^3 \left(34 + 34 \pm \sqrt{2} + 9 \pm \sqrt{1+2 \pm \sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3-4x-x^2} \right) + \\
& x^2 \left(44 + 185 \pm \sqrt{2} + 72 \pm \sqrt{1+2 \pm \sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3-4x-x^2} \right) + \\
& \left. \left. \pm x \left(68 \pm + 176 \sqrt{2} + 99 \sqrt{1+2 \pm \sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3-4x-x^2} \right) \right] \Big/ \\
& \left(-93 \pm + 150 \sqrt{2} + 20 \left(-17 \pm + 22 \sqrt{2} \right) x + \left(-493 \pm + 466 \sqrt{2} \right) x^2 + \right. \\
& \left. 16 \left(-19 \pm + 13 \sqrt{2} \right) x^3 + \left(-66 \pm + 32 \sqrt{2} \right) x^4 \right] - \\
& \left. \frac{\left(-\pm + 2 \sqrt{2} \right) \operatorname{Log} \left[4 \left(3 + 4x + 2x^2 \right)^2 \right] - \left(\pm + 2 \sqrt{2} \right) \operatorname{Log} \left[4 \left(3 + 4x + 2x^2 \right)^2 \right]}{\sqrt{1+2 \pm \sqrt{2}}} \right. + \\
& \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-2 \pm \sqrt{2}}} \\
& \left(\pm + 2 \sqrt{2} \right) \\
& \operatorname{Log} \left[\left(3 + 4x + 2x^2 \right) \left(3 + 6 \pm \sqrt{2} + \left(2 + 2 \pm \sqrt{2} \right) x^2 - 2 \sqrt{2-4 \pm \sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3-4x-x^2} \right. \right. \\
& \times \left. \left. \left(4 + 8 \pm \sqrt{2} - 2 \sqrt{2-4 \pm \sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3-4x-x^2} \right) \right] + \\
& \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+2 \pm \sqrt{2}}} \left(-\pm + 2 \sqrt{2} \right) \operatorname{Log} \left[\left(3 + 4x + 2x^2 \right) \left(3 - 6 \pm \sqrt{2} + \left(2 - 2 \pm \sqrt{2} \right) x^2 - \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. 2 \sqrt{2+4 \pm \sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3-4x-x^2} - 2 x \left(-2 + 4 \pm \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{2+4 \pm \sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3-4x-x^2} \right) \right) \right]
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 129: Result unnecessarily involves complex numbers and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{-3 - 4x - x^2} (3 + 4x + 2x^2)} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 68 leaves, 6 steps) :

$$-\frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1-\frac{3 \sqrt{-1-x}}{\sqrt{3+x}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right]}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1+\frac{3 \sqrt{-1-x}}{\sqrt{3+x}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right]}{\sqrt{2}}$$

Result (type 3, 814 leaves) :

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{8} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{1+2 \pm \sqrt{2}}} \right. \\
& 2 \left(2 + \pm \sqrt{2} \right) \operatorname{ArcTan} \left[\left((2+x) \left(3 \left(5 + 4 \pm \sqrt{2} \right) + 16 \left(2 + \pm \sqrt{2} \right) x + 2 \left(9 + 2 \pm \sqrt{2} \right) x^2 \right) \right) \right] / \\
& \left(12 \pm -6 \sqrt{2} + \left(8 \pm + 6 \sqrt{2} \right) x^3 - 9 \sqrt{1+2 \pm \sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3-4x-x^2} + \right. \\
& x \left(40 \pm -5 \sqrt{2} - 12 \sqrt{1+2 \pm \sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3-4x-x^2} \right) + \\
& \left. x^2 \left(36 \pm + 8 \sqrt{2} - 6 \sqrt{1+2 \pm \sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3-4x-x^2} \right) \right] - \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-2 \pm \sqrt{2}}} \\
& 2 \left(2 \pm + \sqrt{2} \right) \operatorname{ArcTanh} \left[\left((2+x) \left(3 \left(5 \pm + 4 \sqrt{2} \right) + 16 \left(2 \pm + \sqrt{2} \right) x + 2 \left(9 \pm + 2 \sqrt{2} \right) x^2 \right) \right) \right] / \\
& \left(-5 \left(8 \pm + \sqrt{2} \right) x + \left(-8 \pm + 6 \sqrt{2} \right) x^3 - 12 \sqrt{1-2 \pm \sqrt{2}} x \sqrt{-3-4x-x^2} + \right. \\
& x^2 \left(-36 \pm + 8 \sqrt{2} - 6 \sqrt{1-2 \pm \sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3-4x-x^2} \right) - \\
& \left. 3 \left(4 \pm + 2 \sqrt{2} + 3 \sqrt{1-2 \pm \sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3-4x-x^2} \right) \right] + \\
& \frac{\left(-2 \pm + \sqrt{2} \right) \operatorname{Log} [4 (3+4x+2x^2)^2]}{\sqrt{1+2 \pm \sqrt{2}}} + \frac{\left(2 \pm + \sqrt{2} \right) \operatorname{Log} [4 (3+4x+2x^2)^2]}{\sqrt{1-2 \pm \sqrt{2}}} - \\
& \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-2 \pm \sqrt{2}}} \\
& \left(2 \pm + \sqrt{2} \right) \operatorname{Log} [(3+4x+2x^2) \left(3 + 6 \pm \sqrt{2} + \left(2 + 2 \pm \sqrt{2} \right) x^2 - \right. \\
& \left. 2 \sqrt{2-4 \pm \sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3-4x-x^2} + x \left(4 + 8 \pm \sqrt{2} - 2 \sqrt{2-4 \pm \sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3-4x-x^2} \right) \right)] - \\
& \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+2 \pm \sqrt{2}}} \left(-2 \pm + \sqrt{2} \right) \operatorname{Log} [(3+4x+2x^2) \left(3 - 6 \pm \sqrt{2} + \left(2 - 2 \pm \sqrt{2} \right) x^2 - \right. \\
& \left. 2 \sqrt{2+4 \pm \sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3-4x-x^2} - 2 x \left(-2 + 4 \pm \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{2+4 \pm \sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3-4x-x^2} \right) \right)] \Big)
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 130: Result unnecessarily involves complex numbers and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-3-4x-x^2} (3+4x+2x^2)} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 95 leaves, 10 steps):

$$-\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{2} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1-\frac{3+x}{\sqrt{-3-4 x-x^2}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right]+\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{2} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1+\frac{3+x}{\sqrt{-3-4 x-x^2}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right]+\frac{1}{3} \operatorname{Arctanh}\left[\frac{x}{\sqrt{-3-4 x-x^2}}\right]$$

Result (type 3, 800 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{12} \left(-2 \sqrt{1-2 \pm \sqrt{2}} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\left((3+4 x+x^2) (7+2 \pm \sqrt{2} + 8 x+2 x^2) \right) \right] \right. \\ & \quad \left(2 \sqrt{2} x^4 + x \left(28 \pm + 16 \sqrt{2} - 11 \sqrt{1+2 \pm \sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3-4 x-x^2} \right) + \right. \\ & \quad \left. x^2 \left(20 \pm + 23 \sqrt{2} - 8 \sqrt{1+2 \pm \sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3-4 x-x^2} \right) + 3 \left(4 \pm + \sqrt{2} - \right. \right. \\ & \quad \left. \left. 2 \sqrt{1+2 \pm \sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3-4 x-x^2} \right) + 2 x^3 \left(2 \pm + 6 \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{1+2 \pm \sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3-4 x-x^2} \right) \right) + \\ & 2 \pm \sqrt{1+2 \pm \sqrt{2}} \operatorname{Arctanh}\left[\left((7 \pm + 2 \sqrt{2} + 8 \pm x+2 \pm x^2) (3+4 x+x^2) \right) \right] \\ & \quad \left(2 \sqrt{2} x^4 + x \left(-28 \pm + 16 \sqrt{2} - 11 \sqrt{1-2 \pm \sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3-4 x-x^2} \right) + \right. \\ & \quad \left. x^2 \left(-20 \pm + 23 \sqrt{2} - 8 \sqrt{1-2 \pm \sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3-4 x-x^2} \right) + \right. \\ & \quad \left. 3 \left(-4 \pm + \sqrt{2} - 2 \sqrt{1-2 \pm \sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3-4 x-x^2} \right) + \right. \\ & \quad \left. \left. 2 x^3 \left(-2 \pm + 6 \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{1-2 \pm \sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3-4 x-x^2} \right) \right) + \right. \\ & \pm \left(\left(\sqrt{1-2 \pm \sqrt{2}} - \sqrt{1+2 \pm \sqrt{2}} \right) \operatorname{Log}\left[4 (3+4 x+x^2)^2 \right] + \right. \\ & \quad \left. \sqrt{1+2 \pm \sqrt{2}} \operatorname{Log}\left[(3+4 x+x^2) \left(3+6 \pm \sqrt{2} + (2+2 \pm \sqrt{2}) x^2 - \right. \right. \right. \\ & \quad \left. \left. \left. 2 \sqrt{2-4 \pm \sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3-4 x-x^2} + x \left(4+8 \pm \sqrt{2} - 2 \sqrt{2-4 \pm \sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3-4 x-x^2} \right) \right) \right] - \\ & \quad \left. \sqrt{1-2 \pm \sqrt{2}} \operatorname{Log}\left[(3+4 x+x^2) \left(3-6 \pm \sqrt{2} + (2-2 \pm \sqrt{2}) x^2 - \right. \right. \right. \\ & \quad \left. \left. \left. 2 \sqrt{2+4 \pm \sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3-4 x-x^2} - 2 x \left(-2+4 \pm \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{2+4 \pm \sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3-4 x-x^2} \right) \right) \right] \right) \end{aligned}$$

Problem 131: Result unnecessarily involves complex numbers and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{-3-4 x-x^2} (3+4 x+x^2)} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 130 leaves, 17 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{3+2 x}{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{-3-4 x-x^2}}\right]}{3 \sqrt{3}}+\frac{1}{9} \sqrt{2} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1-\frac{3+x}{\sqrt{-3-4 x-x^2}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right]- \\ & \frac{1}{9} \sqrt{2} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1+\frac{3+x}{\sqrt{-3-4 x-x^2}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right]-\frac{4}{9} \text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{x}{\sqrt{-3-4 x-x^2}}\right] \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 3, 959 leaves) :

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{36} \left(-4 \sqrt{3} \operatorname{ArcTan} \left[\frac{3 + 2x}{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{-3 - 4x - x^2}} \right] + \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - 2 \operatorname{i} \sqrt{2}}} \right. \\
& 6 \left(2 + \operatorname{i} \sqrt{2} \right) \operatorname{ArcTan} \left[\left(\left(8 + 2 \operatorname{i} \sqrt{2} \right) x^4 - 18 \operatorname{i} \left(\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{1 - 2 \operatorname{i} \sqrt{2}} \right) \sqrt{-3 - 4x - x^2} \right) + \right. \\
& x^3 \left(44 - 4 \operatorname{i} \sqrt{2} + 6 \operatorname{i} \sqrt{1 - 2 \operatorname{i} \sqrt{2}} \right) \sqrt{-3 - 4x - x^2} + \\
& x^2 \left(72 - 35 \operatorname{i} \sqrt{2} + 24 \operatorname{i} \sqrt{1 - 2 \operatorname{i} \sqrt{2}} \right) \sqrt{-3 - 4x - x^2} + \\
& \left. x \left(36 - 48 \operatorname{i} \sqrt{2} + 33 \operatorname{i} \sqrt{1 - 2 \operatorname{i} \sqrt{2}} \right) \sqrt{-3 - 4x - x^2} \right) \Big/ \\
& \left(36 \operatorname{i} + 60 \operatorname{i} x + \left(31 \operatorname{i} + 12 \sqrt{2} \right) x^2 + 8 \left(\operatorname{i} + 2 \sqrt{2} \right) x^3 + \left(2 \operatorname{i} + 4 \sqrt{2} \right) x^4 \right)] - \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + 2 \operatorname{i} \sqrt{2}}} \\
& 6 \left(2 \operatorname{i} + \sqrt{2} \right) \operatorname{ArcTanh} \left[\left(2 \left(4 \operatorname{i} + \sqrt{2} \right) x^4 - 18 \left(\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{1 + 2 \operatorname{i} \sqrt{2}} \right) \sqrt{-3 - 4x - x^2} \right) + \right. \\
& x^3 \left(44 \operatorname{i} - 4 \sqrt{2} + 6 \sqrt{1 + 2 \operatorname{i} \sqrt{2}} \right) \sqrt{-3 - 4x - x^2} + \\
& x^2 \left(72 \operatorname{i} - 35 \sqrt{2} + 24 \sqrt{1 + 2 \operatorname{i} \sqrt{2}} \right) \sqrt{-3 - 4x - x^2} + \\
& \left. x \left(36 \operatorname{i} - 48 \sqrt{2} + 33 \sqrt{1 + 2 \operatorname{i} \sqrt{2}} \right) \sqrt{-3 - 4x - x^2} \right) \Big/ \\
& \left(-36 \operatorname{i} - 60 \operatorname{i} x + \left(-31 \operatorname{i} + 12 \sqrt{2} \right) x^2 + 8 \left(-\operatorname{i} + 2 \sqrt{2} \right) x^3 + \left(-2 \operatorname{i} + 4 \sqrt{2} \right) x^4 \right)] - \\
& \frac{3 \left(-2 \operatorname{i} + \sqrt{2} \right) \operatorname{Log} [4 (3 + 4x + 2x^2)^2]}{\sqrt{1 - 2 \operatorname{i} \sqrt{2}}} - \frac{3 \left(2 \operatorname{i} + \sqrt{2} \right) \operatorname{Log} [4 (3 + 4x + 2x^2)^2]}{\sqrt{1 + 2 \operatorname{i} \sqrt{2}}} + \\
& \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - 2 \operatorname{i} \sqrt{2}}} \\
& 3 \left(-2 \operatorname{i} + \sqrt{2} \right) \operatorname{Log} [(3 + 4x + 2x^2) \left(3 + 6 \operatorname{i} \sqrt{2} + (2 + 2 \operatorname{i} \sqrt{2}) x^2 - \right. \\
& \left. 2 \sqrt{2 - 4 \operatorname{i} \sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3 - 4x - x^2} + x \left(4 + 8 \operatorname{i} \sqrt{2} - 2 \sqrt{2 - 4 \operatorname{i} \sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3 - 4x - x^2} \right) \right)] + \\
& \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + 2 \operatorname{i} \sqrt{2}}} 3 \left(2 \operatorname{i} + \sqrt{2} \right) \operatorname{Log} [(3 + 4x + 2x^2) \left(3 - 6 \operatorname{i} \sqrt{2} + (2 - 2 \operatorname{i} \sqrt{2}) x^2 - \right. \\
& \left. 2 \sqrt{2 + 4 \operatorname{i} \sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3 - 4x - x^2} - 2 x \left(-2 + 4 \operatorname{i} \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{2 + 4 \operatorname{i} \sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3 - 4x - x^2} \right) \right)] \Big)
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 132: Result unnecessarily involves complex numbers and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{-3 - 4x - x^2} (3 + 4x + 2x^2)} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 151 leaves, 20 steps):

$$\frac{\sqrt{-3 - 4x - x^2}}{9x} + \frac{2 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{3+2x}{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{-3-4x-x^2}}\right]}{3\sqrt{3}} + \frac{2}{27} \sqrt{2} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 - \frac{3+x}{\sqrt{-3-4x-x^2}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right] - \frac{2}{27} \sqrt{2} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 + \frac{3+x}{\sqrt{-3-4x-x^2}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right] + \frac{10}{27} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{x}{\sqrt{-3 - 4x - x^2}}\right]$$

Result (type 3, 1039 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{18} \left(\frac{2 \sqrt{-3 - 4x - x^2}}{x} + 4 \sqrt{3} \operatorname{ArcTan} \left[\frac{3 + 2x}{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{-3 - 4x - x^2}} \right] - \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - 2 \operatorname{Int} \sqrt{2}}} \right. \\
& 2 \operatorname{Int} \left(-\operatorname{Int} + 2 \sqrt{2} \right) \operatorname{ArcTan} \left[\left(2 \left(8 + 11 \operatorname{Int} \sqrt{2} \right) x^4 + 9 \left(12 - \operatorname{Int} \sqrt{2} + 6 \operatorname{Int} \sqrt{1 - 2 \operatorname{Int} \sqrt{2}} \right) \sqrt{-3 - 4x - x^2} \right) + \right. \\
& 2x^3 \left(62 + 50 \operatorname{Int} \sqrt{2} + 9 \operatorname{Int} \sqrt{1 - 2 \operatorname{Int} \sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3 - 4x - x^2} \right) + \\
& x^2 \left(324 + 137 \operatorname{Int} \sqrt{2} + 72 \operatorname{Int} \sqrt{1 - 2 \operatorname{Int} \sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3 - 4x - x^2} \right) + \\
& \left. x \left(324 + 48 \operatorname{Int} \sqrt{2} + 99 \operatorname{Int} \sqrt{1 - 2 \operatorname{Int} \sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3 - 4x - x^2} \right) \right) / \\
& \left(9 \left(5 \operatorname{Int} + 6 \sqrt{2} \right) + 12 \left(7 \operatorname{Int} + 18 \sqrt{2} \right) x + \left(125 \operatorname{Int} + 306 \sqrt{2} \right) x^2 + \right. \\
& \left. 16 \left(7 \operatorname{Int} + 11 \sqrt{2} \right) x^3 + \left(34 \operatorname{Int} + 32 \sqrt{2} \right) x^4 \right] + \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + 2 \operatorname{Int} \sqrt{2}}} \\
& 2 \left(\operatorname{Int} + 2 \sqrt{2} \right) \operatorname{ArcTanh} \left[\left(2 \left(8 \operatorname{Int} + 11 \sqrt{2} \right) x^4 - 9 \left(-12 \operatorname{Int} + \sqrt{2} - 6 \sqrt{1 + 2 \operatorname{Int} \sqrt{2}} \right) \sqrt{-3 - 4x - x^2} \right) + \right. \\
& 2x^3 \left(62 \operatorname{Int} + 50 \sqrt{2} + 9 \sqrt{1 + 2 \operatorname{Int} \sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3 - 4x - x^2} \right) + \\
& x^2 \left(324 \operatorname{Int} + 137 \sqrt{2} + 72 \sqrt{1 + 2 \operatorname{Int} \sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3 - 4x - x^2} \right) + \\
& \left. x \left(324 \operatorname{Int} + 48 \sqrt{2} + 99 \sqrt{1 + 2 \operatorname{Int} \sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3 - 4x - x^2} \right) \right) / \left(9 \left(-5 \operatorname{Int} + 6 \sqrt{2} \right) + \right. \\
& \left. 12 \left(-7 \operatorname{Int} + 18 \sqrt{2} \right) x + \left(-125 \operatorname{Int} + 306 \sqrt{2} \right) x^2 + 16 \left(-7 \operatorname{Int} + 11 \sqrt{2} \right) x^3 + \left(-34 \operatorname{Int} + 32 \sqrt{2} \right) x^4 \right] + \\
& \left(-\operatorname{Int} + 2 \sqrt{2} \right) \operatorname{Log} \left[4 \left(3 + 4x + 2x^2 \right)^2 \right] + \frac{\left(\operatorname{Int} + 2 \sqrt{2} \right) \operatorname{Log} \left[4 \left(3 + 4x + 2x^2 \right)^2 \right]}{\sqrt{1 + 2 \operatorname{Int} \sqrt{2}}} - \\
& \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - 2 \operatorname{Int} \sqrt{2}}} \\
& \left(-\operatorname{Int} + 2 \sqrt{2} \right) \\
& \operatorname{Log} \left[\left(3 + 4x + 2x^2 \right) \left(3 + 6 \operatorname{Int} \sqrt{2} + \left(2 + 2 \operatorname{Int} \sqrt{2} \right) x^2 - 2 \sqrt{2 - 4 \operatorname{Int} \sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3 - 4x - x^2} \right) + \right. \\
& \left. x \left(4 + 8 \operatorname{Int} \sqrt{2} - 2 \sqrt{2 - 4 \operatorname{Int} \sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3 - 4x - x^2} \right) \right] - \\
& \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + 2 \operatorname{Int} \sqrt{2}}} \left(\operatorname{Int} + 2 \sqrt{2} \right) \operatorname{Log} \left[\left(3 + 4x + 2x^2 \right) \left(3 - 6 \operatorname{Int} \sqrt{2} + \left(2 - 2 \operatorname{Int} \sqrt{2} \right) x^2 - \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. 2 \sqrt{2 + 4 \operatorname{Int} \sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3 - 4x - x^2} - 2x \left(-2 + 4 \operatorname{Int} \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{2 + 4 \operatorname{Int} \sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-3 - 4x - x^2} \right) \right) \right]
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 142: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions.

$$\int \frac{g + h x}{\left(-\frac{c g^2}{h^2} + 9 c x^2\right)^{1/3} (g^2 + 3 h^2 x^2)} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 242 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{\left(1 - \frac{9 h^2 x^2}{g^2}\right)^{1/3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} - \frac{2^{2/3} \left(1 - \frac{3 h x}{g}\right)^{2/3}}{\sqrt{3} \left(1 + \frac{3 h x}{g}\right)^{1/3}}\right]}{2^{2/3} \sqrt{3} h \left(-\frac{c g^2}{h^2} + 9 c x^2\right)^{1/3}} + \\ & \frac{\left(1 - \frac{9 h^2 x^2}{g^2}\right)^{1/3} \log[g^2 + 3 h^2 x^2]}{6 \times 2^{2/3} h \left(-\frac{c g^2}{h^2} + 9 c x^2\right)^{1/3}} - \frac{\left(1 - \frac{9 h^2 x^2}{g^2}\right)^{1/3} \log\left[\left(1 - \frac{3 h x}{g}\right)^{2/3} + 2^{1/3} \left(1 + \frac{3 h x}{g}\right)^{1/3}\right]}{2 \times 2^{2/3} h \left(-\frac{c g^2}{h^2} + 9 c x^2\right)^{1/3}} \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 6, 331 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & \left(g^2 x \right. \\ & \left(\left(g \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, 1, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{9 h^2 x^2}{g^2}, -\frac{3 h^2 x^2}{g^2}\right] \right) / \left(g^2 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, 1, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{9 h^2 x^2}{g^2}, -\frac{3 h^2 x^2}{g^2}\right] + \right. \right. \\ & \quad 2 h^2 x^2 \left(-\operatorname{AppellF1}\left[\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, 2, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{9 h^2 x^2}{g^2}, -\frac{3 h^2 x^2}{g^2}\right] + \right. \\ & \quad \left. \left. \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[\frac{3}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, 1, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{9 h^2 x^2}{g^2}, -\frac{3 h^2 x^2}{g^2}\right]\right) \right) - \\ & \left(h x \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[1, \frac{1}{3}, 1, 2, \frac{9 h^2 x^2}{g^2}, -\frac{3 h^2 x^2}{g^2}\right] \right) / \left(-2 g^2 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[1, \frac{1}{3}, 1, 2, \right. \right. \\ & \quad \left. \left. \frac{9 h^2 x^2}{g^2}, -\frac{3 h^2 x^2}{g^2}\right] + 3 h^2 x^2 \left(\operatorname{AppellF1}\left[2, \frac{1}{3}, 2, 3, \frac{9 h^2 x^2}{g^2}, -\frac{3 h^2 x^2}{g^2}\right] - \right. \right. \\ & \quad \left. \left. \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[2, \frac{4}{3}, 1, 3, \frac{9 h^2 x^2}{g^2}, -\frac{3 h^2 x^2}{g^2}\right]\right)\right) \right) / \left(\left(c \left(-\frac{g^2}{h^2} + 9 x^2\right)\right)^{1/3} (g^2 + 3 h^2 x^2) \right) \end{aligned}$$

Problem 143: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \left((g + h x) / \left(\left(\frac{-c^2 g^2 + b c g h + 2 b^2 h^2}{9 c h^2} + b x + c x^2 \right)^{1/3} \left(\frac{f \left(b^2 - \frac{-c^2 g^2 + b c g h + 2 b^2 h^2}{3 h^2}}{c^2} + \frac{b f x}{c} + f x^2\right)}{c^2} \right) \right) \right) dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 488 leaves, 2 steps):

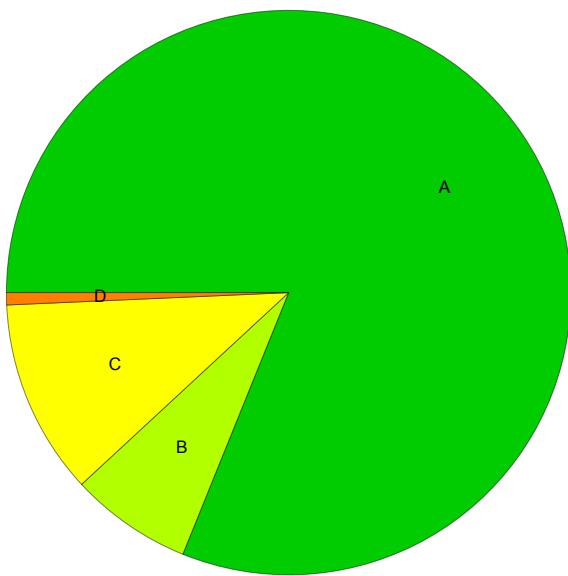
$$\begin{aligned}
& \left(3 \times 3^{1/6} h \left(\frac{c h^2 \left(\frac{(c g - 2 b h)(c g + b h)}{c h^2} - 9 b x - 9 c x^2 \right)}{(2 c g - b h)^2} \right)^{1/3} \operatorname{ArcTan} \left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} - \frac{2^{2/3} \left(1 - \frac{3 h (b + 2 c x)}{2 c g - b h} \right)^{2/3}}{\sqrt{3} \left(1 + \frac{3 h (b + 2 c x)}{2 c g - b h} \right)^{1/3}} \right] \right) / \\
& \left(f \left(- \frac{(c g - 2 b h)(c g + b h)}{c h^2} + 9 b x + 9 c x^2 \right)^{1/3} \right) + \\
& \left(3^{2/3} h \left(\frac{c h^2 \left(\frac{(c g - 2 b h)(c g + b h)}{c h^2} - 9 b x - 9 c x^2 \right)}{(2 c g - b h)^2} \right)^{1/3} \operatorname{Log} \left[\frac{f (c^2 g^2 - b c g h + b^2 h^2)}{3 c^2 h^2} + \frac{b f x}{c} + f x^2 \right] \right) / \\
& \left(2 f \left(- \frac{(c g - 2 b h)(c g + b h)}{c h^2} + 9 b x + 9 c x^2 \right)^{1/3} \right) - \\
& \left(3 \times 3^{2/3} h \left(\frac{c h^2 \left(\frac{(c g - 2 b h)(c g + b h)}{c h^2} - 9 b x - 9 c x^2 \right)}{(2 c g - b h)^2} \right)^{1/3} \right. \\
& \left. \operatorname{Log} \left[\left(1 - \frac{3 h (b + 2 c x)}{2 c g - b h} \right)^{2/3} + 2^{1/3} \left(1 + \frac{3 h (b + 2 c x)}{2 c g - b h} \right)^{1/3} \right] \right) / \\
& \left(2 f \left(- \frac{(c g - 2 b h)(c g + b h)}{c h^2} + 9 b x + 9 c x^2 \right)^{1/3} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

Result (type 8, 106 leaves):

$$\int \left((g + h x) / \left(\left(\frac{-c^2 g^2 + b c g h + 2 b^2 h^2}{9 c h^2} + b x + c x^2 \right)^{1/3} \left(\frac{f \left(b^2 - \frac{-c^2 g^2 + b c g h + 2 b^2 h^2}{3 h^2}}{c^2} + \frac{b f x}{c} + f x^2 \right) \right) \right) \right) dx$$

Summary of Integration Test Results

143 integration problems



A - 116 optimal antiderivatives

B - 10 more than twice size of optimal antiderivatives

C - 16 unnecessarily complex antiderivatives

D - 1 unable to integrate problems

E - 0 integration timeouts