

Mathematica 11.3 Integration Test Results

Test results for the 83 problems in "4.5.11 (e x)^m (a+b sec(c+d x^n))^p.m"

Problem 5: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int x (a + b \operatorname{Sec}[c + d x^2]) dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 26 leaves, 4 steps):

$$\frac{a x^2}{2} + \frac{b \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Sin}[c + d x^2]]}{2 d}$$

Result (type 3, 91 leaves):

$$\frac{a x^2}{2} - \frac{b \operatorname{Log}\left[\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{c}{2} + \frac{d x^2}{2}\right] - \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{c}{2} + \frac{d x^2}{2}\right]\right]}{2 d} + \frac{b \operatorname{Log}\left[\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{c}{2} + \frac{d x^2}{2}\right] + \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{c}{2} + \frac{d x^2}{2}\right]\right]}{2 d}$$

Problem 10: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int x^3 (a + b \operatorname{Sec}[c + d x^2])^2 dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 133 leaves, 10 steps):

$$\frac{a^2 x^4}{4} - \frac{2 i a b x^2 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[e^{i(c+d x^2)}\right]}{d} + \frac{b^2 \operatorname{Log}\left[\operatorname{Cos}[c + d x^2]\right]}{2 d^2} + \frac{i a b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left[2, -i e^{i(c+d x^2)}\right]}{d^2} - \frac{i a b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left[2, i e^{i(c+d x^2)}\right]}{d^2} + \frac{b^2 x^2 \operatorname{Tan}[c + d x^2]}{2 d}$$

Result (type 4, 677 leaves):

$$\frac{x^2 \cos [c+d x^2]^2 (a+b \sec [c+d x^2])^2 (a^2 d x^2 \cos [c]+2 b^2 \sin [c])}{4 d (b+a \cos [c+d x^2])^2 \left(\cos \left[\frac{c}{2}\right]-\sin \left[\frac{c}{2}\right]\right)\left(\cos \left[\frac{c}{2}\right]+\sin \left[\frac{c}{2}\right]\right)} +$$

$$\frac{\left(b^2 \cos [c+d x^2]^2 \sec [c](a+b \sec [c+d x^2])^2\right.}{\left.(\cos [c] \log [\cos [c] \cos [d x^2]-\sin [c] \sin [d x^2]]+d x^2 \sin [c])\right)} /$$

$$\left(2 d^2 (b+a \cos [c+d x^2])^2 (\cos [c]^2+\sin [c]^2)\right) + \frac{1}{d^2 (b+a \cos [c+d x^2])^2}$$

$$a b \cos [c+d x^2]^2 (a+b \sec [c+d x^2])^2 \left(-\frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\cot [c]^2}} \operatorname{Csc}[c]\right.$$

$$\left.\left(\left(d x^2-\operatorname{ArcTan}[\cot [c]]\right)\left(\log \left[1-e^{i\left(d x^2-\operatorname{ArcTan}[\cot [c]]\right)}\right]-\log \left[1+e^{i\left(d x^2-\operatorname{ArcTan}[\cot [c]]\right)}\right]\right)+\right.$$

$$\left.i\left(\operatorname{PolyLog}\left[2,-e^{i\left(d x^2-\operatorname{ArcTan}[\cot [c]]\right)}\right]-\operatorname{PolyLog}\left[2,e^{i\left(d x^2-\operatorname{ArcTan}[\cot [c]]\right)}\right]\right)\right) +$$

$$\frac{2 \operatorname{ArcTan}[\cot [c]] \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sin [c]+\cos [c] \tan \left[\frac{d x^2}{2}\right]}{\sqrt{\cos [c]^2+\sin [c]^2}}\right]}{\sqrt{\cos [c]^2+\sin [c]^2}}\right) +$$

$$\frac{b^2 x^2 \cos [c+d x^2]^2 (a+b \sec [c+d x^2])^2 \sin \left[\frac{d x^2}{2}\right]}{2 d (b+a \cos [c+d x^2])^2 \left(\cos \left[\frac{c}{2}\right]-\sin \left[\frac{c}{2}\right]\right)\left(\cos \left[\frac{c}{2}+\frac{d x^2}{2}\right]-\sin \left[\frac{c}{2}+\frac{d x^2}{2}\right]\right)} +$$

$$\frac{b^2 x^2 \cos [c+d x^2]^2 (a+b \sec [c+d x^2])^2 \sin \left[\frac{d x^2}{2}\right]}{2 d (b+a \cos [c+d x^2])^2 \left(\cos \left[\frac{c}{2}\right]+\sin \left[\frac{c}{2}\right]\right)\left(\cos \left[\frac{c}{2}+\frac{d x^2}{2}\right]+\sin \left[\frac{c}{2}+\frac{d x^2}{2}\right]\right)} -$$

$$\frac{b^2 x^2 \cos [c+d x^2]^2 (a+b \sec [c+d x^2])^2 \tan [c]}{2 d (b+a \cos [c+d x^2])^2}$$

Problem 12: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int x (a+b \sec [c+d x^2])^2 dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 44 leaves, 5 steps):

$$\frac{a^2 x^2}{2} + \frac{a b \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\sin [c+d x^2]]}{d} + \frac{b^2 \tan [c+d x^2]}{2 d}$$

Result (type 3, 92 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{2 d} \left(a \left(a c + a d x^2 - 2 b \log \left[\cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c+d x^2) \right] - \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c+d x^2) \right] \right] + \right. \right.$$

$$\left. \left. 2 b \log \left[\cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c+d x^2) \right] + \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c+d x^2) \right] \right] \right) + b^2 \tan [c+d x^2] \right)$$

Problem 18: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{a + b \operatorname{Sec}[c + d x^2]} dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 261 leaves, 11 steps):

$$\frac{x^4}{4 a} + \frac{i b x^2 \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{a e^{i(c+d x^2)}}{b - \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right]}{2 a \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2} d} - \frac{i b x^2 \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{a e^{i(c+d x^2)}}{b + \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right]}{2 a \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2} d} +$$

$$\frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left[2, -\frac{a e^{i(c+d x^2)}}{b - \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right]}{2 a \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2} d^2} - \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left[2, -\frac{a e^{i(c+d x^2)}}{b + \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right]}{2 a \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2} d^2}$$

Result (type 4, 845 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{4 a (a + b \operatorname{Sec}[c + d x^2])} \left((b + a \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x^2]) \left(x^4 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2} d^2} 2 b \left(2 (c + d x^2) \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{(a + b) \operatorname{Cot}\left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x^2)\right]}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}\right] - \right. \right. \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \left. 2 \left(c + \operatorname{ArcCos}\left[-\frac{b}{a}\right] \right) \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{(a - b) \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x^2)\right]}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}\right] + \right. \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \left. \left(\operatorname{ArcCos}\left[-\frac{b}{a}\right] - 2 i \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{(a + b) \operatorname{Cot}\left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x^2)\right]}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}\right] + \right. \right. \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \left. 2 i \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{(a - b) \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x^2)\right]}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}\right] \right) \operatorname{Log}\left[\frac{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2} e^{-\frac{1}{2} i (c + d x^2)}}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a} \sqrt{b + a \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x^2]}}\right] + \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \left. \left(\operatorname{ArcCos}\left[-\frac{b}{a}\right] + 2 i \left(\operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{(a + b) \operatorname{Cot}\left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x^2)\right]}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}\right] - \right. \right. \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \left. \left. \left. \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{(a - b) \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x^2)\right]}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}\right] \right) \right) \operatorname{Log}\left[\frac{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2} e^{\frac{1}{2} i (c + d x^2)}}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a} \sqrt{b + a \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x^2]}}\right] - \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \left. \left(\operatorname{ArcCos}\left[-\frac{b}{a}\right] - 2 i \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{(a - b) \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x^2)\right]}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}\right] \right) \right) \right. \\ \left. \operatorname{Log}\left[\frac{(a + b) (a - b - i \sqrt{a^2 - b^2}) (1 + i \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x^2)\right])}{a (a + b + \sqrt{a^2 - b^2} \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x^2)\right])}\right] - \right. \\ \left. \left(\operatorname{ArcCos}\left[-\frac{b}{a}\right] + 2 i \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{(a - b) \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x^2)\right]}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}\right] \right) \right. \\ \left. \operatorname{Log}\left[\frac{(a + b) (-i a + i b + \sqrt{a^2 - b^2}) (i + \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x^2)\right])}{a (a + b + \sqrt{a^2 - b^2} \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x^2)\right])}\right] + \right. \\ \left. i \left(\operatorname{PolyLog}\left[2, \frac{(b - i \sqrt{a^2 - b^2}) (a + b - \sqrt{a^2 - b^2} \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x^2)\right])}{a (a + b + \sqrt{a^2 - b^2} \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x^2)\right])}\right] - \right. \\ \left. \left. \operatorname{PolyLog}\left[2, \frac{(b + i \sqrt{a^2 - b^2}) (a + b - \sqrt{a^2 - b^2} \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x^2)\right])}{a (a + b + \sqrt{a^2 - b^2} \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x^2)\right])}\right] \right) \right) \operatorname{Sec}[c + d x^2] \right)$$

Problem 53: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{Sec}[c + d \sqrt{x}]}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 26 leaves, 4 steps):

$$2 a \sqrt{x} + \frac{2 b \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Sin}[c + d \sqrt{x}]]}{d}$$

Result (type 3, 84 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{d} 2 \left(a (c + d \sqrt{x}) - b \operatorname{Log} \left[\operatorname{Cos} \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d \sqrt{x}) \right] - \operatorname{Sin} \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d \sqrt{x}) \right] \right] \right) + b \operatorname{Log} \left[\operatorname{Cos} \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d \sqrt{x}) \right] + \operatorname{Sin} \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d \sqrt{x}) \right] \right]$$

Problem 58: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{Sec}[c + d \sqrt{x}])^2}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 47 leaves, 5 steps):

$$2 a^2 \sqrt{x} + \frac{4 a b \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Sin}[c + d \sqrt{x}]]}{d} + \frac{2 b^2 \operatorname{Tan}[c + d \sqrt{x}]}{d}$$

Result (type 3, 102 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{d} 2 \left(a (a c + a d \sqrt{x} - 2 b \operatorname{Log} [\operatorname{Cos} [\frac{1}{2} (c + d \sqrt{x})] - \operatorname{Sin} [\frac{1}{2} (c + d \sqrt{x})]]) + 2 b \operatorname{Log} [\operatorname{Cos} [\frac{1}{2} (c + d \sqrt{x})] + \operatorname{Sin} [\frac{1}{2} (c + d \sqrt{x})]]) \right) + b^2 \operatorname{Tan}[c + d \sqrt{x}]$$

Problem 72: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int (e x)^{-1+n} (a + b \operatorname{Sec}[c + d x^n]) dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 44 leaves, 5 steps):

$$\frac{a (e x)^n}{e n} + \frac{b x^{-n} (e x)^n \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Sin}[c + d x^n]]}{d e n}$$

Result (type 3, 89 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{d e n} x^{-n} (e x)^n \left(a (c + d x^n) - b \operatorname{Log} \left[\operatorname{Cos} \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x^n) \right] - \operatorname{Sin} \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x^n) \right] \right] + b \operatorname{Log} \left[\operatorname{Cos} \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x^n) \right] + \operatorname{Sin} \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x^n) \right] \right] \right)$$

Problem 74: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int (e x)^{-1+3n} (a + b \operatorname{Sec}[c + d x^n]) dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 235 leaves, 11 steps):

$$\frac{a (e x)^{3 n}}{3 e n} - \frac{2 i b x^{-n} (e x)^{3 n} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[e^{i(c+d x^n)}\right]}{d e n} +$$

$$\frac{2 i b x^{-2 n} (e x)^{3 n} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left[2, -i e^{i(c+d x^n)}\right]}{d^2 e n} - \frac{2 i b x^{-2 n} (e x)^{3 n} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left[2, i e^{i(c+d x^n)}\right]}{d^2 e n} -$$

$$\frac{2 b x^{-3 n} (e x)^{3 n} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left[3, -i e^{i(c+d x^n)}\right]}{d^3 e n} + \frac{2 b x^{-3 n} (e x)^{3 n} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left[3, i e^{i(c+d x^n)}\right]}{d^3 e n}$$

Result (type 8, 24 leaves):

$$\int (e x)^{-1+3 n} (a+b \operatorname{Sec}[c+d x^n]) dx$$

Problem 76: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int (e x)^{-1+2 n} (a+b \operatorname{Sec}[c+d x^n])^2 dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 221 leaves, 11 steps):

$$\frac{a^2 (e x)^{2 n}}{2 e n} - \frac{4 i a b x^{-n} (e x)^{2 n} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[e^{i(c+d x^n)}\right]}{d e n} +$$

$$\frac{b^2 x^{-2 n} (e x)^{2 n} \operatorname{Log}[\operatorname{Cos}[c+d x^n]]}{d^2 e n} + \frac{2 i a b x^{-2 n} (e x)^{2 n} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left[2, -i e^{i(c+d x^n)}\right]}{d^2 e n} -$$

$$\frac{2 i a b x^{-2 n} (e x)^{2 n} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left[2, i e^{i(c+d x^n)}\right]}{d^2 e n} + \frac{b^2 x^{-n} (e x)^{2 n} \operatorname{Tan}[c+d x^n]}{d e n}$$

Result (type 4, 769 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(x^{1-n} (e x)^{-1+2n} \cos [c + d x^n]^2 (a + b \sec [c + d x^n])^2 (a^2 d x^n \cos [c] + 2 b^2 \sin [c]) \right) / \\
 & \left(2 d n (b + a \cos [c + d x^n])^2 \left(\cos \left[\frac{c}{2} \right] - \sin \left[\frac{c}{2} \right] \right) \left(\cos \left[\frac{c}{2} \right] + \sin \left[\frac{c}{2} \right] \right) \right) + \\
 & \left(b^2 x^{1-2n} (e x)^{-1+2n} \cos [c + d x^n]^2 \sec [c] (a + b \sec [c + d x^n])^2 \right. \\
 & \quad \left. (\cos [c] \log [\cos [c] \cos [d x^n] - \sin [c] \sin [d x^n]] + d x^n \sin [c]) \right) / \\
 & \left(d^2 n (b + a \cos [c + d x^n])^2 (\cos [c]^2 + \sin [c]^2) \right) + \\
 & \left(2 a b x^{1-2n} (e x)^{-1+2n} \cos [c + d x^n]^2 (a + b \sec [c + d x^n])^2 \left(-\frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \cot [c]^2}} \operatorname{Csc} [c] \right. \right. \\
 & \quad \left. \left. \left((d x^n - \operatorname{ArcTan} [\cot [c]]) \left(\log [1 - e^{i (d x^n - \operatorname{ArcTan} [\cot [c]])}] - \log [1 + e^{i (d x^n - \operatorname{ArcTan} [\cot [c]])}] \right) \right) + \right. \right. \\
 & \quad \left. \left. i \left(\operatorname{PolyLog} [2, -e^{i (d x^n - \operatorname{ArcTan} [\cot [c]])}] - \operatorname{PolyLog} [2, e^{i (d x^n - \operatorname{ArcTan} [\cot [c]])}] \right) \right) \right) + \\
 & \quad \left. \frac{2 \operatorname{ArcTan} [\cot [c]] \operatorname{ArcTanh} \left[\frac{\sin [c] + \cos [c] \tan \left[\frac{d x^n}{2} \right]}{\sqrt{\cos [c]^2 + \sin [c]^2}} \right]}{\sqrt{\cos [c]^2 + \sin [c]^2}} \right) \right) / \left(d^2 n (b + a \cos [c + d x^n])^2 \right) + \\
 & \left(b^2 x^{1-n} (e x)^{-1+2n} \cos [c + d x^n]^2 (a + b \sec [c + d x^n])^2 \sin \left[\frac{d x^n}{2} \right] \right) / \\
 & \left(d n (b + a \cos [c + d x^n])^2 \left(\cos \left[\frac{c}{2} \right] - \sin \left[\frac{c}{2} \right] \right) \left(\cos \left[\frac{c}{2} + \frac{d x^n}{2} \right] - \sin \left[\frac{c}{2} + \frac{d x^n}{2} \right] \right) \right) + \\
 & \left(b^2 x^{1-n} (e x)^{-1+2n} \cos [c + d x^n]^2 (a + b \sec [c + d x^n])^2 \sin \left[\frac{d x^n}{2} \right] \right) / \\
 & \left(d n (b + a \cos [c + d x^n])^2 \left(\cos \left[\frac{c}{2} \right] + \sin \left[\frac{c}{2} \right] \right) \left(\cos \left[\frac{c}{2} + \frac{d x^n}{2} \right] + \sin \left[\frac{c}{2} + \frac{d x^n}{2} \right] \right) \right) - \\
 & \frac{b^2 x^{1-n} (e x)^{-1+2n} \cos [c + d x^n]^2 (a + b \sec [c + d x^n])^2 \tan [c]}{d n (b + a \cos [c + d x^n])^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

Problem 77: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int (e x)^{-1+3n} (a + b \sec [c + d x^n])^2 dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 390 leaves, 16 steps):

$$\frac{a^2 (e x)^{3 n}}{3 e n} - \frac{i b^2 x^{-n} (e x)^{3 n}}{d e n} - \frac{4 i a b x^{-n} (e x)^{3 n} \text{ArcTan}\left[e^{i(c+d x^n)}\right]}{d e n} +$$

$$\frac{2 b^2 x^{-2 n} (e x)^{3 n} \text{Log}\left[1+e^{2 i(c+d x^n)}\right]}{d^2 e n} + \frac{4 i a b x^{-2 n} (e x)^{3 n} \text{PolyLog}\left[2,-i e^{i(c+d x^n)}\right]}{d^2 e n} -$$

$$\frac{4 i a b x^{-2 n} (e x)^{3 n} \text{PolyLog}\left[2,i e^{i(c+d x^n)}\right]}{d^2 e n} -$$

$$\frac{i b^2 x^{-3 n} (e x)^{3 n} \text{PolyLog}\left[2,-e^{2 i(c+d x^n)}\right]}{d^3 e n} - \frac{4 a b x^{-3 n} (e x)^{3 n} \text{PolyLog}\left[3,-i e^{i(c+d x^n)}\right]}{d^3 e n} +$$

$$\frac{4 a b x^{-3 n} (e x)^{3 n} \text{PolyLog}\left[3,i e^{i(c+d x^n)}\right]}{d^3 e n} + \frac{b^2 x^{-n} (e x)^{3 n} \text{Tan}\left[c+d x^n\right]}{d e n}$$

Result (type 8, 26 leaves):

$$\int (e x)^{-1+3 n} (a+b \text{Sec}\left[c+d x^n\right])^2 dx$$

Problem 79: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{(e x)^{-1+2 n}}{a+b \text{Sec}\left[c+d x^n\right]} dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 328 leaves, 12 steps):

$$\frac{(e x)^{2 n}}{2 a e n} + \frac{i b x^{-n} (e x)^{2 n} \text{Log}\left[1+\frac{a e^{i(c+d x^n)}}{b-\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right]}{a \sqrt{-a^2+b^2} d e n} - \frac{i b x^{-n} (e x)^{2 n} \text{Log}\left[1+\frac{a e^{i(c+d x^n)}}{b+\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right]}{a \sqrt{-a^2+b^2} d e n} +$$

$$\frac{b x^{-2 n} (e x)^{2 n} \text{PolyLog}\left[2,-\frac{a e^{i(c+d x^n)}}{b-\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right]}{a \sqrt{-a^2+b^2} d^2 e n} - \frac{b x^{-2 n} (e x)^{2 n} \text{PolyLog}\left[2,-\frac{a e^{i(c+d x^n)}}{b+\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right]}{a \sqrt{-a^2+b^2} d^2 e n}$$

Result (type 4, 861 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{1}{2 a e^n (a+b \operatorname{Sec}[c+d x^n])} (e x)^{2 n} (b+a \operatorname{Cos}[c+d x^n]) \\
 & \left(1 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2} d^2} 2 b x^{-2 n} \left(2 (c+d x^n) \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{(a+b) \operatorname{Cot}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x^n)\right]}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right] - \right. \right. \\
 & \quad \left. \left. 2 \left(c+\operatorname{ArcCos}\left[-\frac{b}{a}\right]\right) \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{(a-b) \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x^n)\right]}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right] + \right. \right. \\
 & \quad \left. \left. \left(\operatorname{ArcCos}\left[-\frac{b}{a}\right] - 2 i \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{(a+b) \operatorname{Cot}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x^n)\right]}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right] + \right. \right. \right. \\
 & \quad \left. \left. \left. 2 i \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{(a-b) \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x^n)\right]}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right]\right) \operatorname{Log}\left[\frac{\sqrt{a^2-b^2} e^{-\frac{1}{2} i(c+d x^n)}}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a} \sqrt{b+a \operatorname{Cos}[c+d x^n]}}\right] + \right. \right. \\
 & \quad \left. \left. \left(\operatorname{ArcCos}\left[-\frac{b}{a}\right] + 2 i \left(\operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{(a+b) \operatorname{Cot}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x^n)\right]}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right] - \right. \right. \right. \\
 & \quad \left. \left. \left. \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{(a-b) \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x^n)\right]}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right]\right)\right) \operatorname{Log}\left[\frac{\sqrt{a^2-b^2} e^{\frac{1}{2} i(c+d x^n)}}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a} \sqrt{b+a \operatorname{Cos}[c+d x^n]}}\right] - \right. \\
 & \quad \left. \left. \left(\operatorname{ArcCos}\left[-\frac{b}{a}\right] - 2 i \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{(a-b) \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x^n)\right]}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right]\right) \right. \\
 & \quad \left. \operatorname{Log}\left[\frac{(a+b)(a-b-i \sqrt{a^2-b^2})(1+i \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x^n)\right])}{a(a+b+\sqrt{a^2-b^2} \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x^n)\right])}\right] - \right. \\
 & \quad \left. \left. \left(\operatorname{ArcCos}\left[-\frac{b}{a}\right] + 2 i \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{(a-b) \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x^n)\right]}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right]\right) \right. \\
 & \quad \left. \operatorname{Log}\left[\frac{(a+b)(-i a+i b+\sqrt{a^2-b^2})(i+\operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x^n)\right])}{a(a+b+\sqrt{a^2-b^2} \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x^n)\right])}\right] + \right. \\
 & \quad \left. i \left(\operatorname{PolyLog}\left[2, \frac{(b-i \sqrt{a^2-b^2})(a+b-\sqrt{a^2-b^2} \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x^n)\right])}{a(a+b+\sqrt{a^2-b^2} \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x^n)\right])}\right] - \right. \right. \\
 & \quad \left. \left. \operatorname{PolyLog}\left[2, \frac{(b+i \sqrt{a^2-b^2})(a+b-\sqrt{a^2-b^2} \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x^n)\right])}{a(a+b+\sqrt{a^2-b^2} \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x^n)\right])}\right]\right)\right) \operatorname{Sec}[c+d x^n]
 \end{aligned}$$

Problem 80: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{(e x)^{-1+3 n}}{a+b \operatorname{Sec}[c+d x^n]} dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 485 leaves, 14 steps):

$$\frac{(e x)^{3 n}}{3 a e n} + \frac{i b x^{-n} (e x)^{3 n} \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{a e^{i(c+d x^n)}}{b-\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right]}{a \sqrt{-a^2+b^2} d e n} - \frac{i b x^{-n} (e x)^{3 n} \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{a e^{i(c+d x^n)}}{b+\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right]}{a \sqrt{-a^2+b^2} d e n} +$$

$$\frac{2 b x^{-2 n} (e x)^{3 n} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left[2, -\frac{a e^{i(c+d x^n)}}{b-\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right]}{a \sqrt{-a^2+b^2} d^2 e n} - \frac{2 b x^{-2 n} (e x)^{3 n} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left[2, -\frac{a e^{i(c+d x^n)}}{b+\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right]}{a \sqrt{-a^2+b^2} d^2 e n} +$$

$$\frac{2 i b x^{-3 n} (e x)^{3 n} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left[3, -\frac{a e^{i(c+d x^n)}}{b-\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right]}{a \sqrt{-a^2+b^2} d^3 e n} - \frac{2 i b x^{-3 n} (e x)^{3 n} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left[3, -\frac{a e^{i(c+d x^n)}}{b+\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right]}{a \sqrt{-a^2+b^2} d^3 e n}$$

Result (type 8, 26 leaves):

$$\int \frac{(e x)^{-1+3 n}}{a+b \operatorname{Sec}[c+d x^n]} dx$$

Problem 82: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{(e x)^{-1+2 n}}{(a+b \operatorname{Sec}[c+d x^n])^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 757 leaves, 23 steps):

$$\frac{(e x)^{2 n}}{2 a^2 e n} - \frac{i b^3 x^{-n} (e x)^{2 n} \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{a e^{i(c+d x^n)}}{b-\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right]}{a^2 (-a^2+b^2)^{3/2} d e n} + \frac{2 i b x^{-n} (e x)^{2 n} \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{a e^{i(c+d x^n)}}{b-\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right]}{a^2 \sqrt{-a^2+b^2} d e n} +$$

$$\frac{i b^3 x^{-n} (e x)^{2 n} \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{a e^{i(c+d x^n)}}{b+\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right]}{a^2 (-a^2+b^2)^{3/2} d e n} - \frac{2 i b x^{-n} (e x)^{2 n} \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{a e^{i(c+d x^n)}}{b+\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right]}{a^2 \sqrt{-a^2+b^2} d e n} +$$

$$\frac{b^2 x^{-2 n} (e x)^{2 n} \operatorname{Log}[b+a \operatorname{Cos}[c+d x^n]]}{a^2 (a^2-b^2) d^2 e n} - \frac{b^3 x^{-2 n} (e x)^{2 n} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left[2, -\frac{a e^{i(c+d x^n)}}{b-\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right]}{a^2 (-a^2+b^2)^{3/2} d^2 e n} +$$

$$\frac{2 b x^{-2 n} (e x)^{2 n} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left[2, -\frac{a e^{i(c+d x^n)}}{b-\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right]}{a^2 \sqrt{-a^2+b^2} d^2 e n} + \frac{b^3 x^{-2 n} (e x)^{2 n} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left[2, -\frac{a e^{i(c+d x^n)}}{b+\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right]}{a^2 (-a^2+b^2)^{3/2} d^2 e n} -$$

$$\frac{2 b x^{-2 n} (e x)^{2 n} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left[2, -\frac{a e^{i(c+d x^n)}}{b+\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right]}{a^2 \sqrt{-a^2+b^2} d^2 e n} + \frac{b^2 x^{-n} (e x)^{2 n} \operatorname{Sin}[c+d x^n]}{a (a^2-b^2) d e n (b+a \operatorname{Cos}[c+d x^n])}$$

Result (type 4, 2450 leaves):

$$-\frac{1}{(a^2-b^2)^{3/2} d^2 n (a+b \operatorname{Sec}[c+d x^n])^2}$$

$$2 b x^{1-2 n} (e x)^{-1+2 n} (b+a \operatorname{Cos}[c+d x^n])^2 \left(2 (c+d x^n) \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{(a+b) \operatorname{Cot}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x^n)\right]}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right] \right) -$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & 2 \left(c + \operatorname{ArcCos} \left[-\frac{b}{a} \right] \right) \operatorname{ArcTanh} \left[\frac{(a-b) \operatorname{Tan} \left[\frac{1}{2} (c+d x^n) \right]}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right] + \left(\operatorname{ArcCos} \left[-\frac{b}{a} \right] - \right. \\
 & \quad \left. 2 i \left(\operatorname{ArcTanh} \left[\frac{(a+b) \operatorname{Cot} \left[\frac{1}{2} (c+d x^n) \right]}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right] - \operatorname{ArcTanh} \left[\frac{(a-b) \operatorname{Tan} \left[\frac{1}{2} (c+d x^n) \right]}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right] \right) \right) \\
 & \operatorname{Log} \left[\frac{\sqrt{a^2-b^2} e^{-\frac{1}{2} i (c+d x^n)}}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a} \sqrt{b+a \operatorname{Cos} [c+d x^n]}} \right] + \left(\operatorname{ArcCos} \left[-\frac{b}{a} \right] + \right. \\
 & \quad \left. 2 i \left(\operatorname{ArcTanh} \left[\frac{(a+b) \operatorname{Cot} \left[\frac{1}{2} (c+d x^n) \right]}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right] - \operatorname{ArcTanh} \left[\frac{(a-b) \operatorname{Tan} \left[\frac{1}{2} (c+d x^n) \right]}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right] \right) \right) \operatorname{Log} \left[\right. \\
 & \quad \left. \frac{\sqrt{a^2-b^2} e^{\frac{1}{2} i (c+d x^n)}}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a} \sqrt{b+a \operatorname{Cos} [c+d x^n]}} \right] - \left(\operatorname{ArcCos} \left[-\frac{b}{a} \right] + 2 i \operatorname{ArcTanh} \left[\frac{(a-b) \operatorname{Tan} \left[\frac{1}{2} (c+d x^n) \right]}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right] \right) \\
 & \operatorname{Log} \left[1 - \frac{(b-i \sqrt{a^2-b^2}) (a+b-\sqrt{a^2-b^2} \operatorname{Tan} \left[\frac{1}{2} (c+d x^n) \right])}{a (a+b+\sqrt{a^2-b^2} \operatorname{Tan} \left[\frac{1}{2} (c+d x^n) \right])} \right] + \\
 & \left(-\operatorname{ArcCos} \left[-\frac{b}{a} \right] + 2 i \operatorname{ArcTanh} \left[\frac{(a-b) \operatorname{Tan} \left[\frac{1}{2} (c+d x^n) \right]}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right] \right) \\
 & \operatorname{Log} \left[1 - \frac{(b+i \sqrt{a^2-b^2}) (a+b-\sqrt{a^2-b^2} \operatorname{Tan} \left[\frac{1}{2} (c+d x^n) \right])}{a (a+b+\sqrt{a^2-b^2} \operatorname{Tan} \left[\frac{1}{2} (c+d x^n) \right])} \right] + \\
 & i \left(\operatorname{PolyLog} \left[2, \frac{(b-i \sqrt{a^2-b^2}) (a+b-\sqrt{a^2-b^2} \operatorname{Tan} \left[\frac{1}{2} (c+d x^n) \right])}{a (a+b+\sqrt{a^2-b^2} \operatorname{Tan} \left[\frac{1}{2} (c+d x^n) \right])} \right] - \right. \\
 & \quad \left. \operatorname{PolyLog} \left[2, \frac{(b+i \sqrt{a^2-b^2}) (a+b-\sqrt{a^2-b^2} \operatorname{Tan} \left[\frac{1}{2} (c+d x^n) \right])}{a (a+b+\sqrt{a^2-b^2} \operatorname{Tan} \left[\frac{1}{2} (c+d x^n) \right])} \right] \right) \operatorname{Sec} [c+d x^n]^2 + \\
 & \frac{1}{a^2 (a^2-b^2)^{3/2} d^2 n (a+b \operatorname{Sec} [c+d x^n])^2} b^3 x^{1-2n} (e x)^{-1+2n} \\
 & (b+a \operatorname{Cos} [c+d x^n])^2 \\
 & \left(2 (c+d x^n) \operatorname{ArcTanh} \left[\frac{(a+b) \operatorname{Cot} \left[\frac{1}{2} (c+d x^n) \right]}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right] - \right. \\
 & \quad \left. 2 \left(c + \operatorname{ArcCos} \left[-\frac{b}{a} \right] \right) \operatorname{ArcTanh} \left[\frac{(a-b) \operatorname{Tan} \left[\frac{1}{2} (c+d x^n) \right]}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right] + \left(\operatorname{ArcCos} \left[-\frac{b}{a} \right] - \right. \right. \\
 & \quad \left. \left. 2 i \left(\operatorname{ArcTanh} \left[\frac{(a+b) \operatorname{Cot} \left[\frac{1}{2} (c+d x^n) \right]}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right] - \operatorname{ArcTanh} \left[\frac{(a-b) \operatorname{Tan} \left[\frac{1}{2} (c+d x^n) \right]}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right] \right) \right) \right) \\
 & \operatorname{Log} \left[\frac{\sqrt{a^2-b^2} e^{-\frac{1}{2} i (c+d x^n)}}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a} \sqrt{b+a \operatorname{Cos} [c+d x^n]}} \right] + \left(\operatorname{ArcCos} \left[-\frac{b}{a} \right] + \right.
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & 2 i \left(\operatorname{ArcTanh} \left[\frac{(a+b) \operatorname{Cot} \left[\frac{1}{2} (c+d x^n) \right]}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right] - \operatorname{ArcTanh} \left[\frac{(a-b) \operatorname{Tan} \left[\frac{1}{2} (c+d x^n) \right]}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right] \right) \\
 & \operatorname{Log} \left[\frac{\sqrt{a^2-b^2} e^{\frac{1}{2} i (c+d x^n)}}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a} \sqrt{b+a \operatorname{Cos} [c+d x^n]}} \right] - \left(\operatorname{ArcCos} \left[-\frac{b}{a} \right] + 2 i \operatorname{ArcTanh} \left[\frac{(a-b) \operatorname{Tan} \left[\frac{1}{2} (c+d x^n) \right]}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right] \right) \\
 & \operatorname{Log} \left[1 - \frac{(b-i \sqrt{a^2-b^2}) (a+b-\sqrt{a^2-b^2} \operatorname{Tan} \left[\frac{1}{2} (c+d x^n) \right])}{a (a+b+\sqrt{a^2-b^2} \operatorname{Tan} \left[\frac{1}{2} (c+d x^n) \right])} \right] + \\
 & \left(-\operatorname{ArcCos} \left[-\frac{b}{a} \right] + 2 i \operatorname{ArcTanh} \left[\frac{(a-b) \operatorname{Tan} \left[\frac{1}{2} (c+d x^n) \right]}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right] \right) \\
 & \operatorname{Log} \left[1 - \frac{(b+i \sqrt{a^2-b^2}) (a+b-\sqrt{a^2-b^2} \operatorname{Tan} \left[\frac{1}{2} (c+d x^n) \right])}{a (a+b+\sqrt{a^2-b^2} \operatorname{Tan} \left[\frac{1}{2} (c+d x^n) \right])} \right] + \\
 & i \left(\operatorname{PolyLog} \left[2, \frac{(b-i \sqrt{a^2-b^2}) (a+b-\sqrt{a^2-b^2} \operatorname{Tan} \left[\frac{1}{2} (c+d x^n) \right])}{a (a+b+\sqrt{a^2-b^2} \operatorname{Tan} \left[\frac{1}{2} (c+d x^n) \right])} \right] - \right. \\
 & \left. \operatorname{PolyLog} \left[2, \frac{(b+i \sqrt{a^2-b^2}) (a+b-\sqrt{a^2-b^2} \operatorname{Tan} \left[\frac{1}{2} (c+d x^n) \right])}{a (a+b+\sqrt{a^2-b^2} \operatorname{Tan} \left[\frac{1}{2} (c+d x^n) \right])} \right] \right) \operatorname{Sec} [c+d x^n]^2 + \\
 & \left(x^{1-n} (e x)^{-1+2 n} (b+a \operatorname{Cos} [c+d x^n])^2 \operatorname{Sec} [c+d x^n]^2 (a^2 d x^n \operatorname{Cos} [c] - b^2 d x^n \operatorname{Cos} [c] + 2 b^2 \operatorname{Sin} [c]) \right) / \\
 & \left(2 a^2 (a-b) (a+b) d n (a+b \operatorname{Sec} [c+d x^n])^2 \right. \\
 & \left. \left(\operatorname{Cos} \left[\frac{c}{2} \right] - \operatorname{Sin} \left[\frac{c}{2} \right] \right) \left(\operatorname{Cos} \left[\frac{c}{2} \right] + \operatorname{Sin} \left[\frac{c}{2} \right] \right) \right) + \\
 & \left(b^2 x^{1-2 n} (e x)^{-1+2 n} (b+a \operatorname{Cos} [c+d x^n])^2 \operatorname{Sec} [c] \operatorname{Sec} [c+d x^n]^2 \right. \\
 & \left. a \operatorname{Cos} [c] \operatorname{Log} [b+a \operatorname{Cos} [c] \operatorname{Cos} [d x^n] - a \operatorname{Sin} [c] \operatorname{Sin} [d x^n]] \right) + \\
 & \left. a d x^n \operatorname{Sin} [c] - \frac{2 i a b \operatorname{ArcTan} \left[\frac{-i a \operatorname{Sin} [c] - i (-b+a \operatorname{Cos} [c]) \operatorname{Tan} \left[\frac{d x^n}{2} \right]}{\sqrt{-b^2+a^2 \operatorname{Cos} [c]^2+a^2 \operatorname{Sin} [c]^2}} \right] \operatorname{Sin} [c]}{\sqrt{-b^2+a^2 \operatorname{Cos} [c]^2+a^2 \operatorname{Sin} [c]^2}} \right) / \\
 & \left(a (a^2-b^2) d^2 n (a+b \operatorname{Sec} [c+d x^n])^2 (a^2 \operatorname{Cos} [c]^2+a^2 \operatorname{Sin} [c]^2) \right) + \\
 & \left(b^2 x^{1-n} (e x)^{-1+2 n} (b+a \operatorname{Cos} [c+d x^n]) \operatorname{Sec} [c+d x^n]^2 (b \operatorname{Sin} [c] - a \operatorname{Sin} [d x^n]) \right) /
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(a^2 (-a+b) (a+b) d n (a+b \operatorname{Sec}[c+d x^n])^2 \right. \\
 & \quad \left. \left(\cos\left[\frac{c}{2}\right] - \sin\left[\frac{c}{2}\right] \right) \left(\cos\left[\frac{c}{2}\right] + \sin\left[\frac{c}{2}\right] \right) \right) + \\
 & \frac{b^2 x^{1-n} (e x)^{-1+2n} (b+a \operatorname{Cos}[c+d x^n])^2 \operatorname{Sec}[c+d x^n]^2 \operatorname{Tan}[c]}{a^2 (-a^2+b^2) d n (a+b \operatorname{Sec}[c+d x^n])^2} - \\
 & \left(2 i b^3 x^{1-2n} (e x)^{-1+2n} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{b+a \operatorname{Cos}[c+d x^n] + i a \operatorname{Sin}[c+d x^n]}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right] \right. \\
 & \quad \left. (b+a \operatorname{Cos}[c+d x^n])^2 \operatorname{Sec}[c+d x^n]^2 \operatorname{Tan}[c] \right) / \\
 & \left(a^2 (a^2-b^2)^{3/2} d^2 n (a+b \operatorname{Sec}[c+d x^n])^2 \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

Problem 83: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{(e x)^{-1+3n}}{(a+b \operatorname{Sec}[c+d x^n])^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 1384 leaves, 32 steps):

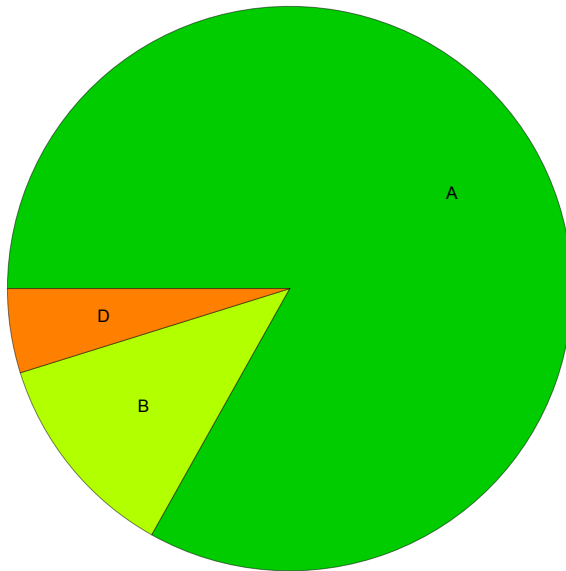
$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(e x)^{3 n}}{3 a^2 e n} - \frac{i b^2 x^{-n} (e x)^{3 n}}{a^2 (a^2 - b^2) d e n} + \frac{2 b^2 x^{-2 n} (e x)^{3 n} \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{a e^{i(c+d x^n)}}{b-i \sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right]}{a^2 (a^2 - b^2) d^2 e n} + \\
 & \frac{2 b^2 x^{-2 n} (e x)^{3 n} \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{a e^{i(c+d x^n)}}{b+i \sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right]}{a^2 (a^2 - b^2) d^2 e n} - \frac{i b^3 x^{-n} (e x)^{3 n} \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{a e^{i(c+d x^n)}}{b-\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right]}{a^2 (-a^2 + b^2)^{3/2} d e n} + \\
 & \frac{2 i b x^{-n} (e x)^{3 n} \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{a e^{i(c+d x^n)}}{b-\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right]}{a^2 \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2} d e n} + \frac{i b^3 x^{-n} (e x)^{3 n} \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{a e^{i(c+d x^n)}}{b+\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right]}{a^2 (-a^2 + b^2)^{3/2} d e n} - \\
 & \frac{2 i b x^{-n} (e x)^{3 n} \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{a e^{i(c+d x^n)}}{b+\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right]}{a^2 \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2} d e n} - \frac{2 i b^2 x^{-3 n} (e x)^{3 n} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left[2, -\frac{a e^{i(c+d x^n)}}{b-i \sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right]}{a^2 (a^2 - b^2) d^3 e n} - \\
 & \frac{2 i b^2 x^{-3 n} (e x)^{3 n} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left[2, -\frac{a e^{i(c+d x^n)}}{b+i \sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right]}{a^2 (a^2 - b^2) d^3 e n} - \frac{2 b^3 x^{-2 n} (e x)^{3 n} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left[2, -\frac{a e^{i(c+d x^n)}}{b-\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right]}{a^2 (-a^2 + b^2)^{3/2} d^2 e n} + \\
 & \frac{4 b x^{-2 n} (e x)^{3 n} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left[2, -\frac{a e^{i(c+d x^n)}}{b-\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right]}{a^2 \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2} d^2 e n} + \frac{2 b^3 x^{-2 n} (e x)^{3 n} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left[2, -\frac{a e^{i(c+d x^n)}}{b+\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right]}{a^2 (-a^2 + b^2)^{3/2} d^2 e n} - \\
 & \frac{4 b x^{-2 n} (e x)^{3 n} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left[2, -\frac{a e^{i(c+d x^n)}}{b+\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right]}{a^2 \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2} d^2 e n} - \frac{2 i b^3 x^{-3 n} (e x)^{3 n} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left[3, -\frac{a e^{i(c+d x^n)}}{b-\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right]}{a^2 (-a^2 + b^2)^{3/2} d^3 e n} + \\
 & \frac{4 i b x^{-3 n} (e x)^{3 n} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left[3, -\frac{a e^{i(c+d x^n)}}{b-\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right]}{a^2 \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2} d^3 e n} + \frac{2 i b^3 x^{-3 n} (e x)^{3 n} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left[3, -\frac{a e^{i(c+d x^n)}}{b+\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right]}{a^2 (-a^2 + b^2)^{3/2} d^3 e n} - \\
 & \frac{4 i b x^{-3 n} (e x)^{3 n} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left[3, -\frac{a e^{i(c+d x^n)}}{b+\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right]}{a^2 \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2} d^3 e n} + \frac{b^2 x^{-n} (e x)^{3 n} \operatorname{Sin}[c + d x^n]}{a (a^2 - b^2) d e n (b + a \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x^n])}
 \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 8, 26 leaves):

$$\int \frac{(e x)^{-1+3 n}}{(a + b \operatorname{Sec}[c + d x^n])^2} dx$$

Summary of Integration Test Results

83 integration problems



A - 69 optimal antiderivatives

B - 10 more than twice size of optimal antiderivatives

C - 0 unnecessarily complex antiderivatives

D - 4 unable to integrate problems

E - 0 integration timeouts